1. REVIEW OF DELEGATIONS TO MAYOR AND GENERAL MANAGER

AuthorDirector GovernanceResponsible OfficerGeneral Manager

Link to Strategic PlanCSP – 4.3.1 Operate and manage Council in a financially

sustainable manner that meets all statutory and regulatory compliance; CSP – 4.2.1 Strive for business excellence through continuous improvement and creativity; CSP 4.2.3

- Provide responsive high level customer service

Executive Summary

This report is presented to Council to review the Delegations to the Mayor and General Manager following the Local Government Election.

<u>Report</u>

In accordance with section 380 of the Local Government Act 1993, each council must review all its delegations during the first 12 months of each term of office.

Council may, by resolution, delegate to the General Manager or any other person or body (but not an employee of the Council other than the General Manager) any of the functions of the council other than those referred to in section 377 of the Local Government Act.

Section 377(1)

- (a) The appointment of a general manager,
- (b) The making of a rate,
- (c) A determination under section 549 as to levying of a rate,
- (d) The making of a charge,
- (e) The fixing of a fee,
- (f) The borrowing of money,
- (g) The voting of money for expenditure on its works, services or operations,
- (h) The compulsory acquisition, purchase, sale, exchange, or surrender of any land or other property (but not including the sale of items of plant or equipment),
- (i) The acceptance of tenders to provide services currently provided by members of staff of the council
- (j) The adoption of an operational plan under section 405,
- (k) The adoption of a financial statement included in an annual financial report,
- (I) A decision to classify or reclassify public land under Division 1 of Part 2 of Chapter 6,
- (m) The fixing of an amount or rate for the carrying out by the council of work on private land
- (n) The power of the council to authorise the use of reasonable force for the purpose of gaining entry to premises under section 194,
- (o) A decision under section 356 to contribute money or otherwise grant financial assistance to persons,

1. REVIEW OF DELEGATIONS TO MAYOR AND GENERAL MANAGER (Cont'd)

- (p) A decision under section 234 to grant leave of absence to the holder of a civic office,
- (q) The making of an application, or the giving of a notice, to the Governor or Minister.
- (r) This power of delegation,
- (s) Any function under this or any other Act that is expressly required to be exercised by resolution of the council
- (1A) Despite subsection (1), a council may delegate its functions relating to the granting of financial assistance if—
 - (a) the financial assistance is part of a specified program, and
 - (b) the program is included in the council's draft operational plan for the year in which the financial assistance is proposed to be given, and
 - (c) the program's proposed budget for that year does not exceed 5 per cent of the council's proposed income from the ordinary rates levied for that year, and
 - (d) the program applies uniformly to all persons within the council's area or to a significant proportion of all the persons within the council's area.
 - (2) A council may, by resolution, sub-delegate to the general manager or any other person or body (not including another employee of the council) any function delegated to the council by the Departmental Chief Executive except as provided by the instrument of delegation to the council.
 - (3) A council may delegate functions to a joint organisation only with the approval, by resolution, of the board of the joint organisation.

Section 378

The General Manager may, in turn, sub-delegate a function delegated to them by the Council to any person or body (including another employee of the Council).

The General Manager still retains responsibility to ensure that any sub-delegated function is carried out appropriately.

Purpose of Delegations

Delegations facilitate the effective operation of local government. The governing body of Council is unable to deal with all the numerous issues and duties concerning its local government. As far as is possible and reasonable, the governing body of Council should predominately deal with high level policy matters and not administrative matters. Duties and powers which are operational in nature, but exercise discretion should be delegated to the General Manager.

NSW Planning – Development Assessment Best Practice Guide to assist councils to improve delivery timeframes provides that Councils should make every effort to maximise and standardise development assessment delegations to ensure a consistent and efficient decision-making process. Delegations should facilitate decisions which reflect the nature of the DA; acknowledge the judgement of Council's professional staff, particularly in planning and environmental management, and seek the continued merit assessment at the appropriate level to minimise politicisation of the decision-making process.

1. REVIEW OF DELEGATIONS TO MAYOR AND GENERAL MANAGER (Cont'd)

After the Delegation

When a Council or General Manager delegates a function, the Council or the General Manager still retains the ability to exercise the function at any time before the delegate does so. A delegation may also be wholly or partly revoked by the delegator.

Delegations

The current delegations to the Mayor and General Manager are attached (see Attachment No. 1).

Recommended amendments to the delegations have been marked in red for ease of reference.

Financial Implications

Section 377(1) of the Local Government Act precludes the delegation of the making of a rate, determination as to levying a rate, making of a charge, borrowing of money, voting of money, adoption of an operational plan etc.

Legal and Regulatory Compliance

Local Government Act 1993, sections 377, 378, 380

Risk Management

Compliance with legislative requirements.

Where an authority to make a decision is delegated, this does not remove Council's authority to make a decision.

Internal/External Consultation

Executive Leadership Team, Manager Planning

<u>Attachment</u>

- Delegations to Mayor and General Manager (Attachment No. 1)

RECOMMENDATION

That the delegations to the Mayor and General Manager as presented to Council be endorsed.

2. PESTICIDE USE NOTIFICATION PLAN 2025 – 2030

AuthorDirector GovernanceResponsible OfficerGeneral Manager

Link to Strategic Plan CSP – 4.3.1 Operate and manage Council in a financially

sustainable manner that meets all statutory and

regulatory compliance; CSP - 1.1.2 Retain and enhance strategies for safety in public places where appropriate; DP 3.1.1.2 – Implement activities in accordance with the

Weeds Action Plan

Executive Summary

This report is presented to Council to consider the Pesticide Use Notification Plan 2025 – 2030.

<u>Report</u>

Under the NSW Pesticides Regulation 2017, Council is required to prepare a pesticide use notification plan to outline how it will notify the community of pesticide applications in outdoor public places. This notification allows community members to make informed decisions about their contact with pesticides and reduce their exposure if they wish.

Pesticides include herbicides, fungicides, insecticides, fumigants, bactericides, rodenticides, baits, lures and repellents.

Public places include public gardens; picnic areas; playgrounds; parks, sporting fields and ovals; Crown Land, sensitive places such as hospitals, schools, nursing homes; road verges; easements etc. It does not include the inside of buildings or structures.

Under the Regulation, the plan must include: -

- Where the plan will apply
- Who regularly uses the public places and the level of use
- How and when the public authority will notify people about the proposed pesticide use in public places
- Information to be provided about pesticide application
- When the plan will be reviewed

Council's Pesticide Use Notification Plan was adopted by Council in 2015 and revised in 2020. The Plan is now due for review. Accordingly, the revised plan is now attached for Council's consideration (**see Attachment No. 2**). Suggested amendments have been marked for ease of reference.

Revised plans must be placed on public exhibition unless the changes are considered to be minor. As there are no substantial amendments proposed to Council's Pesticide Use Notification Plan, public consultation in this instance is not required.

2. PESTICIDE USE NOTIFICATION PLAN 2025 – 2030 (Cont'd)

Financial Implications

There are no financial implications associated with review of the Pesticide Use Notification Plan.

Legal and Regulatory Compliance

Part 5, Division 2 of the Pesticides Regulation 2017.

Risk Management Issues

Compliance with legislative requirements.

The NSW Environmental Protection Authority regulates the proper use of pesticides through the provision of the Pesticides Act 1999 and Pesticides Regulation 2017.

Council employees using pesticides in the course of their work are required to undertake training in accordance with the Regulation.

Internal/External Consultation

NSW Environmental Protection Authority – Developing a pesticide use notification plan for outdoor public places – a guide for public authorities

Manager Health Building and Environmental Services

Council's Biosecurity Officers

If Council determines that the amendments are not considered minor, then the plan will need to be placed on public exhibition for at least 28 days inviting written submissions for consideration.

<u>Attachments</u>

- Revised Pesticide Use Notification Plan 2025 – 2030 (Attachment No. 2)

RECOMMENDATION

That the revised Pesticide Use Notification Plan 2025 – 2030 as presented to Council be adopted.

3. DELIVERY PROGRAM PROGRESS REPORT

AuthorDirector GovernanceResponsible OfficerGeneral Manager

Link to Strategic Plan CSP – 4.3.1 Operate and manage Council in a financially

sustainable manner that meets all statutory and

regulatory compliance; CSP 4.2.4 Ensure the integration of corporate plans sets the long-term direction for the Local Government Area and Council; DP 4.2.4.1 Develop and implement the Integrated Planning and Reporting

Documents

Executive Summary

This report is presented to Council to consider the Delivery Program Progress Report for the period ending 30 June 2025.

Report

The General Manager is responsible for ensuring Delivery Program Progress Reports are provided to Council with respect to the principal activities detailed in the Delivery Program, at least every 6 months.

The six-monthly Delivery Program Progress Report for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 December 2024 was presented to Council at its Ordinary Meeting held 19 February 2025.

The Delivery Program Progress Report for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 is attached (see Attachment No. 3).

Council has achieved over 95% of its principal activities for the 2024/2025 financial year.

Key Highlights

Notable Delivery Program achievements for the financial year include: -

- 95.98% of Delivery Program actions achieved
- Development of Integrated Planning and Reporting documents
- Council community group donations \$24,695
- Tomingley Gold Community Fund donations \$148,178
- Partnering with community groups for the 2024 Dolly Parton Festival
- Water Quality Options paper endorsed by Department Climate Change, Energy, Environment and Water (DCCEEW)
- Successful grant funding applications \$7.2M
- Establishment of Narromine Shire Youth Council
- 77 Development Applications approved to the value of \$17,580,799

3 DELIVERY PROGRAM PROGRESS REPORT (Cont'd)

- Rezoning land at 397 Craigie Lea Lane, Narromine for Industrial Development
- Official opening of the newly constructed Trangie Truck Wash
- Eight positions secured through the NSW Government 'Fresh Start for Local Government Apprentices, Trainees and Cadets Program'
- Audit Risk and Improvement Committee 4 meetings held, internal audit reviews including payroll, customer request and service, plant and fleet management, cyber security

Major Capital Works undertaken including: -

- Roads Capital Works Program \$6.5M
- Light vehicle parking area upgrade Burraway Street, Narromine
- Flood damage road repairs \$3.9M
- 570KM roads graded
- Rotary Park stormwater outlet drainage project
- Narromine Northern Zone Pressure Water Booster Pump
- Roof replacement and office upgrade at Council Chambers building
- Narromine Library Upgrade
- Construction of Dundas Park amenities
- Plant and equipment upgrades \$1.1M

A service level review on the operations and management of the Narromine and Trangie Aquatic Centres was undertaken in March 2025 to ensure an appropriate level of service is available to the community, Council is achieving value for money, and to identify areas for improvement. This review resulted in a 3-year contract, with options to extend subject to performance. Areas of improvement included a shared responsibility for chemical dosing, reducing the entry fee for non-swimmers, introducing and continuing to undertake capital works as budget permits.

Financial Implications

Council's financial estimates are provided for in the 2024/2025 Operational Plan.

Quarterly budget review statements presented to Council allow for budgetary adjustments to be made if necessary.

Monthly financial reports are also presented to Council to monitor budgets vs actual expenditure.

Annual financial statements present Council's operating results and financial position for the financial year.

Legal and Regulatory Compliance

Chapters 3 and 9 of the Local Government Act 1993 OLG Integrated Planning and Reporting Guidelines

Risk Management Issues

Compliance with legislative requirements.

3 DELIVERY PROGRAM PROGRESS REPORT (Cont'd)

Internal/External Consultation

Executive Leadership Team

Attachments

- Delivery Program Progress Report 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 (Attachment No. 3)

RECOMMENDATION

That the Delivery Program Progress Report for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 be noted.

4. CODE OF MEETING PRACTICE

AuthorDirector GovernanceResponsible OfficerGeneral Manager

Link to Strategic Plan CSP – 4.3.1 Operate and manage Council in a financially

sustainable manner that meets all statutory and

regulatory compliance

Executive Summary

This report is presented to Council to adopt Council's Code of Meeting Practice in accordance with legislative requirements.

Report

Under the Local Government Act, Councils must adopt a Code of Meeting Practice that incorporates the mandatory provisions of the Model Code of Meeting Practice (Model Meeting Code) prescribed by the Regulation within 12 months of the elections.

Council's adopted Code of Meeting Practice must not contain provisions that are inconsistent with the mandatory provisions of the Model Meeting Code. Council is, however, not required to adopt the non-mandatory provisions of the Model Meeting Code and can adapt them to meet their own needs.

Before adopting a Code of Meeting Practice, Council must prepare a draft code and exhibit it for at least 28 days and invite submissions for a period of at least 42 days. Council must consider all submissions received and may, after considering submissions, decide to amend the non-mandatory provisions of its draft code, or to adopt the draft code.

4. CODE OF MEETING PRACTICE (Cont'd)

Whilst the Office of Local Government released a consultation draft on a new model code of meeting practice in December 2024, the new Model Meeting Code has not been finalised as yet. In order for Council to meet the legislative requirements of adopting the Code of Meeting Practice within 12 months of the election, the current Code of Meeting Practice is presented to Council for consideration (see Attachment No. 4).

No substantive changes to the current Code of Meeting Practice are proposed. Minor updates include changes to clause numbers, date, and reference in the footer of the document.

Once the new Model Meeting Code has been finalised and regulated, this will be presented to Council for consideration.

Financial Implications

There are no financial implications associated with consideration of this policy.

Council's Operational Plan and Budget provide for the costs associated with conducting Council Meetings.

Legal and Regulatory Compliance

Sections 23A and 360 of the Local Government Act 1993

Risk Management Issues

Compliance with legislative requirements.

Once the new Model Code of Meeting Practice is prescribed, it will be reported to Council for consideration.

Internal/External Consultation

Council must place the draft Code of Meeting Practice on public exhibition and invite written submissions for a period of at least 42 days.

<u>Attachments</u>

- Code of Meeting Practice (Attachment No. 4)

RECOMMENDATION

- 1. That the draft Code of Meeting Practice as presented to Council be placed on public exhibition for a period of 28 days, inviting written submissions for a period of 42 days.
- 2. That an Extraordinary Council Meeting be held on 1 October 2025 to consider submissions and adopt the Code of Meeting Practice.

5. REVIEW OF CODE OF CONDUCT

AuthorDirector GovernanceResponsible OfficerGeneral Manager

Link to Strategic Plan CSP – 4.3.1 Operate and manage Council in a financially

sustainable manner that meets all statutory and regulatory

compliance

Executive Summary

This report is presented to Council to review Council's Code of Conduct in accordance with legislative requirements.

Report

Under the Local Government Act, Councils must review their adopted Code of Conduct within 12 months of the election and make such adjustments as they consider appropriate.

Council must adopt a Code of Conduct that incorporates the provisions of the Model Code of Conduct prescribed by the Regulation.

Council's adopted Code of Conduct may also include provisions that supplement the Model Code of Conduct and that extend its application to persons that are not "Council officials" for the purposes of the Model Code of Conduct (e.g. volunteers, contractors, and members of wholly advisory committees).

The Office of Local Government is reviewing the Councillor Conduct Framework. A discussion paper was released on 5 September 2024. The submission period closed on 29 November 2024. Submissions are still being assessed to determine a path forward.

In order for Council to meet the legislative requirements of reviewing Council's Code of Conduct within 12 months of the election, the current Code of Conduct and Procedures for the Administration of the Code of Conduct are presented to Council for consideration (see Attachment No. 5).

Minor changes to documents are proposed being a change to the date, update of version number, and update of some legislative provisions.

Once the Office of Local Government has finalised its Councillor Conduct Framework review and issued a new Model Code of Conduct and associated procedures, they will be presented to Council for consideration.

5. REVIEW OF CODE OF CONDUCT (Cont'd)

Financial Implications

There are no financial implications associated with consideration of this policy.

Statistics on the Code of Conduct complaints made about Councillors and the General Manager in the year to September are reported to Council in accordance with the Procedures. This includes the total cost of dealing with Code of Conduct complaints, including staff costs. Council must also provide the Office of Local Government with an annual statistics report.

Legal and Regulatory Compliance

Sections 440 and 440AA of the Local Government Act 1993

Risk Management Issues

Compliance with legislative requirements. The Code of Conduct prescribes the minimum ethical and behavioural standards all Council officials are required to comply with. This applies to both the exercise by Council officials in their functions as a Council official and any conduct (including in a private capacity) that is connected with their role as a council official.

The Regulations also prescribe the procedure for administering the Model Code of Conduct. Council must adopt a procedure that incorporates the provisions of the model procedure.

Internal/External Consultation

There is no requirement to place the Code of Conduct on public exhibition.

Attachments

 Code of Conduct and Procedures for the Administration of the Code of Conduct (Attachment No. 5)

RECOMMENDATION

That the Code of Conduct and Procedures for Administration of the Code of Conduct as presented to Council be adopted.

6. LEASE FEE – HANGAR NO 10 NARROMINE AERODROME

Author Director Governance Responsible Officer General Manager

Link to Strategic Plans CSP – 4.3.3 Ensure Council's assets are monitored and well

managed.

Executive Summary

This report is presented to Council to determine the fee for the lease of Hangar No 10 at the Narromine Aerodrome.

Report

Sports Aircraft Association of Australia (SAAA) have leased Hangar No. 10 at the Narromine Aerodrome for several years. The lease is due to expire in September 2025.

SAAA have advised that they would like to renew the lease for a further 2-year period.

Current rental is \$853.57 per month (including GST).

Financial Implications

It is proposed that the lease fee be increased by the annual CPI rate to \$864.62 per month (including GST). The lessee is responsible for water and electricity consumption charges as metered.

Legal and Regulatory Compliance

A formal lease agreement will need to be entered into between Council and the lessee. Any lease preparation fee will be for the account of the lessee.

The General Manager has delegated authority to enter into short term leases for the use and occupation of Council land and facilities (owned or under Council's control) – exemption the setting of fees for the use of the land or facilities.

Risk Management Issues

Council does not require use of the hangar for its own purposes in the short term.

6. LEASE FEE - HANGAR NO 10 NARROMINE AERODROME (Cont'd)

Internal/External Consultation

Lessee, Director Community and Economic Development

Attachments

- Nil

RECOMMENDATION

That the fee for the lease of Hangar No 10 at the Narromine Aerodrome be set at a commencing rental of \$864.62 (including GST) per month with the annual CPI increment to be applied thereafter.

7. DRINKING WATER SUPPLY CARTERS POLICY

Author Director Governance Responsible Officer General Manager

Link to Strategic Plans CSP – 1.1.2 – Retain and enhance strategies for safety in

public places where appropriate

Executive Summary

This report is presented to Council to review and endorse the Drinking Water Supply Carters Policy.

<u>Report</u>

Council's Drinking Water Supply Carters Policy was endorsed by Council in May 2020, **Resolution No 2020/073**.

The objective of the policy is to regulate water carting businesses that operate in the Narromine LGA to ensure compliance with the relevant requirements associated with drawing drinking water and selling this water to consumers. A Water Carter is defined as any person who received water from a drinking water supplier (i.e. Council) and who supplies drinking water from a water carting vehicle in the course of a commercial undertaking. The policy therefore does not apply to those persons who transport drinking water for their own domestic use nor those who transport drinking water for sale as non-potable water.

The policy is now scheduled for review. Suggested amendments have been marked for ease of reference (see Attachment No. 6).

7. DRINKING WATER SUPPLY CARTERS POLICY (Cont'd)

Financial Implications

There are no financial implications associated with the revision and endorsement of this policy.

Inspection fees are included in Council's adopted fees and charges.

Legal and Regulatory Compliance

Water carters that supply drinking water are a food business and need to meet food standards. Water carters are required to notify local councils of their business and food activity details.

Food Act 2003
Public Health Act 2010
Public Health Regulation 2022
Local Government Act 1993

NSW Heath and Food Authority - Guidelines for Water Carters (2012)

Risk Management Issues

Drinking water carters must develop and adhere to a quality assurance program. A copy of the completed quality assurance program document must be provided to the local NSW Public Health Unit.

Internal/External Consultation

Manager Water Utilities; Manager Health, Building and Environmental Services

There is no legislative requirement to place the revised policy on public exhibition.

Attachments

- Drinking Water Supply Carters Policy (Attachment No. 6)

RECOMMENDATION

That the revised Drinking Water Supply Carters Policy as presented to Council be endorsed.

Jane Redden

General Manager

NARROMINE SHIRE COUNCIL

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS

RESOLUTION NO

POWER OF DELEGATION

Section 377 of the Local Government Act 1993 (the Act) provides that Council is able to delegate to the General Manager any functions of Council other than the following: -

- a) the appointment of a general manager,
- (b) the making of a rate,
- (c) a determination under section 549 as to the levying of a rate,
- (d) the making of a charge,
- (e) the fixing of a fee,
- (f) the borrowing of money,
- (g) the voting of money for expenditure on its works, services or operations,
- (h) the compulsory acquisition, purchase, sale, exchange or surrender of any land or other property (but not including the sale of items of plant or equipment),
- (i) the acceptance of tenders to provide services currently provided by members of staff of the council,
- (j) the adoption of an operational plan under section 405,
- (k) the adoption of a financial statement included in an annual financial report,
- (I) a decision to classify or reclassify public land under Division 1 of Part 2 of Chapter 6,
- (m) the fixing of an amount or rate for the carrying out by the council of work on private land,
- (n) the decision to carry out work on private land for an amount that is less than the amount or rate fixed by the council for the carrying out of any such work,
- (o) the review of a determination made by the council, and not by a delegate of the council, of an application for approval or an application that may be reviewed under section 82A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*,
- (p) the power of the council to authorise the use of reasonable force for the purpose of gaining entry to premises under section 194,
- (q) a decision under section 356 to contribute money or otherwise grant financial assistance to persons,
- (r) a decision under section 234 to grant leave of absence to the holder of a civic office,
- (s) the making of an application, or the giving of a notice, to the Governor or Minister,
- (t) this power of delegation,
- (u) any function under this or any other Act that is expressly required to be exercised by resolution of the council.

Section 378 of the Act provides

- (1) The general manager may delegate any of the functions of the general manager, other than this power of delegation.
- (2) The general manager may sub-delegate a function delegated to the general manager by the council to any person or body (including another employee of the council).
- (3) Subsection (2) extends to a function sub-delegated to the general manager by the council under section 377(2).

Section 226 of the Act defines the role of the Mayor as

- (a) to be the leader of the council and a leader in the local community,
- (b) to advance community cohesion and promote civic awareness,
- (c) to be the principal member and spokesperson of the governing body, including representing the views of the council as to its local priorities,
- (d) to exercise, in cases of necessity, the policy-making functions of the governing body of the council between meetings of the council,
- (e) to preside at meetings of the council,
- (f) to ensure that meetings of the council are conducted efficiently, effectively and in accordance with this Act,
- (g) to ensure the timely development and adoption of the strategic plans, programs and policies of the council,
- (h) to promote the effective and consistent implementation of the strategic plans, programs and policies of the council,
- (i) to promote partnerships between the council and key stakeholders,
- (j) to advise, consult with and provide strategic direction to the general manager in relation to the implementation of the strategic plans and policies of the council,
- (k) in conjunction with the general manager, to ensure adequate opportunities and mechanisms for engagement between the council and the local community,
- (I) to carry out the civic and ceremonial functions of the mayoral office,
- (m) to represent the council on regional organisations and at inter-governmental forums at regional, State and Commonwealth level,
- (n) in consultation with the councillors, to lead performance appraisals of the general manager,
- (o) to exercise any other functions of the council that the council determines.

DELEGATION REGISTER

Delegate	Category	Delegation
Mayor	Governance	Attendance Elected Members
		In consultation with the General Manager to authorise attendance by elected members at conferences, seminars,
		forums, workshops, meetings, information sessions etc (in between Council Meetings), provided such can be
		achieved within budget provisions and with such approval being reported to the next Council Meeting
Mayor	Governance	Common Seal
		To sign and execute documents under the Common Seal of Council in conjunction with the General Manager or
		another Councillor to which Council has resolved to affix the seal.
Mayor	Governance	Correspondence
		To sign correspondence on behalf of Council pursuant to a resolution of Council
Mayor	Governance	Credit Card Usage – General Manager
		To authorise the General Manager's credit card usage
Mayor	Governance	Expulsion from Council Meeting
		To exercise the power of expulsion from a meeting of Council in accordance with section 10(2)(b) of the Act and
		clause 233 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021
Mayor	Governance	Leave Applications – General Manager
		To approve or authorise leave applications of the General Manager
Mayor	Governance	Media Statements
		To make media statements or releases on behalf of Council on strategic matters in accordance with Council's Code
		of Conduct and Media Relations Policy
Mayor	Governance	Performance Review Panel
		As part of Council's Performance Review Panel (together with elected panel members) and in accordance with OLG
		guidelines, conduct performance reviews of the General Manager, report findings and recommendations of those
		reviews to Council and develop the performance agreement
Mayor	Governance	Public Meetings
		To call public meetings (in consultation with the General Manager) on any matter that is considered to be of such
		extent that a large number of residents/ratepayers may be affected
Mayor	Governance	References
		To issue references under Council letterhead after consultation with the General Manager.

Delegate	Category	Delegation				
Mayor	Governance	Urgent Works In consultation with the General Manager, and in between Council Meetings, authorise urgent works for which there is no budget provision up to an amount of \$15,000				
Mayor	Governance	Written Complaints – General Manager To investigate written complaints against the General Manager in accordance with Council's Code of Conduct and Procedures and Council's Internal Reporting Policy				
Mayor	Governance	Acting General Manager Finalise the appointment of an Acting General Manager from any of the holders of a position of Director for the duration of each absence of the General Manager in excess of 5 days, following consultation with the General Manager				
General Manager	Approvals	Approvals Sign and issue local activity approvals as set out in Chapter 7, Part 1 of the Local Government Act 1993 including authority to amend, extend, renew or revoke any approval granted				
General Manager	Approvals	Objections Consider and determine objections to approvals made in accordance with section 82 of the Local Government Act 1993				
General Manager	Authorisations	Authorised Officer Exercise the powers and functions of an authorised officer, enforcement officer, impounding officer, inspector, and environmental health officer and determining authority under any legislation where Council has such functions, including but not limited to the following acts and any amending legislation: - Biosecurity Act 2015 Building and Development Certifiers Act 2018 Community Land Development Act 2021 Companion Animals Act 1988 Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 Crown Land Management Act 2016 Dividing Fences Act 1991 Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985 Firearms Act 1996 Food Act 2003 Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009				

Delegate	Category	Delegation				
		Heritage Act 1977				
		Impounding Act 1993 Public Spaces (unattended Property) Act 2021				
		Liquor Act 2009				
		Local Government Act 1993				
		National Heavy Vehicle Law 2014				
		National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974				
		Pesticides Act 1999				
		Poisonous and Therapeutic Goods Act 1996				
		Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998				
		Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997				
		Public Health Act 2010				
		Public Interest Disclosures Act 1994 2022				
		Public Water Supplies Act 1957				
		Recreation Vehicles Act 1983				
		Road Transport Act 2013				
		Roads Act 1993				
		Rural Fires Act 1997				
		Smoke-free Environment Act 2000				
		Swimming Pools Act 1992				
		Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001				
		Work Health and Safety Act 2011				
General	Community Services	Aerodrome				
Manager		Exercise Council's functions under the Civil Aviation Act 1998 and associated legislation				
General	Community Services	Alcohol Free Zones				
Manager		Suspend alcohol free zones for community events.				
General	Community Services	Cemeteries				
Manager	,	Grant, transfer, bequest or revoke right of interment (perpetual and renewable); issue Order for Interment				
General	Community Services	Libraries				
Manager		Exercise the powers and duties conferred under the Library Act 1939				

Delegate	Category	Delegation			
General	Community Services	Use of Public Land			
Manager		Determine applications for functions, activities or sports on Council's community land or other grounds or venues			
		under Council's care and control.			
General	Enforcement	Judgements			
Manager		Authorise appropriate judgements, orders, improvement notices and rectification works served on Council			
General	Enforcement	Orders and Power of Entry			
Manager		Exercise Council's regulatory functions, including the service of any notice, direction or order and authority to enter			
		premises, under any legislation where Council has such functions including but not limited to: -			
		Biosecurity Act 2015,			
		Boarding Houses Act 2012			
		Boarding Houses Act 2012;			
		Companion Animals Act 1998,			
		Contaminated Land Management Act 1997,			
		Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
		Fines Act 1996;			
		Food Act 2003,			
		Impounding Act 1993; Public Spaces (Unattended Property) Act 2021			
		Local Government Act 1993;			
		Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997,			
		Public Health Act 2010,			
		Road Transport Act 2013;			
		Roads Act 1993;			
		Rural Fires Act 1997,			
Cananal	F	Swimming Pools Act 1992;			
General	Emergency Services	Chair Local Emergency Management Committee			
Manager		Act as the Local Emergency Management Committee Chairperson in accordance with the State Emergency and			
		Rescue Management Act 1989			
General	Emergency Services	Emergency Incident Response			
Manager		Authorise the use of any Council plant, equipment or employees in response to emergency incidents			
General	Emergency Services	Emergency Service Functions			
Manager		Exercise Council's functions under the State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989, NSW State Emergency Service Act 1989 and NSW Rural Fires Act 1997			

Delegate	Category	Delegation				
General Manager	Emergency Services	Local Emergency Management Officer Act as the Local Emergency Management Officer under the State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Effecting Work Order Authorise carrying out of work to give effect to the terms of an order, pursuant to Section 678 of the Local Government Act 1993				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Facility Operating Hours Determine operating hours of all Council facilities				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Private Works Authorise private works requested by individuals or organisations as far as possible in conjunction with Council's Works Program				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Tree Removal Authorise removal of trees considered to be dangerous, or which could have a detrimental effect on Council utilities				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Use and Closure of Roads Exercise or perform on behalf of Council, such powers, duties and responsibilities as are delegated to the Council by the RMS-Transport for NSW, including but not limited to the closure of roads or parts thereof, temporarily, for events, flooding, repairs or construction; and determination of the use of public roads for walkathons, charitable collections, bicycle races or other like events				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Water Certificates Issue Certificates of Compliance for development pursuant to Section 307 of the Water Management Act 2000				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Water Disconnections Order restriction or disconnection of water supply to premises if overdue water accounts are not paid				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Water Supplies Declare public water supplies unfit for consumption if testing proves it necessary				
General Manager	Engineering and Infrastructure	Water Supply Restrictions Impose water supply restrictions as appropriate where available capacity of supply is not sufficient for the time being				
General Manager	Financial	Bank account signatory Authorised signatory to Council's bank accounts including electronic funds transfers and to obtain statements of accounts and any information concerning the accounts generally				

Delegate	Category	Delegation			
General Manager	Financial	Cash bond and bank guarantees Accept suitable cash bonds and/or bank guarantees in respect of Council approvals and to release such cash bonds and/or bank guarantees upon completion of the work or compliance with all requirements subject to appropriate certification			
General Manager	Financial	Financial Returns Sign and lodge financial returns required by various organisations.			
General Manager	Financial	Fringe Benefit Tax and GST Business Activity Statements Sign Fringe Benefit Tax declarations and GST Business Activity Statements on behalf of Council			
General Manager	Financial	Grants Prepare and lodge applications to Government Departments for grants and/or funding provided such action is consistent with Council's Strategic Planning documents. To accept and acquit such grants and funding on behalf of Council.			
General Manager	Financial	Investments Invest Council's money pursuant to Section 625 of the Local Government Act 1993 and in accordance with the Order of the Minister and Council's Investment Policy.			
General Manager	Financial	Refund of Overpayments and Fees Authorise the refund of over-payments Authorise the refund of fees, in total or in part, in respect of applications either refused by Council or withdrawn by the applicant.			
General Manager	Financial	Refund of trust fund deposits Authorise the refund of all Trust Fund deposits including contract deposits			
General Manager	Financial	Responsible Accounting Officer Designate a member of the staff of Council to be Council's Responsible Accounting Officer in accordance with Clause 196 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021			
General Manager	Financial	Write Offs Determine and write off any individual rate, charge, interest or debt owed to Council not exceeding \$10,000, where appropriate circumstances exist.			

Delegate	Category	Delegation				
General Manager	Governance	Agreements - authorisation Authorise short term (5 years or less) or casual agreements for the use and occupation of Council land and facilities (owned or under Council's control) - exemption the setting of fees for the use of the land or facilities				
General Manager	Governance	Agreements - termination Authorise termination of any lease or rental agreement on any Council owned or controlled property where the terms of the agreement have been breached or account falls into arrears				
General Manager	Governance	Agreements Authorise pipeline access agreements, gravel royalty agreements, interface agreements, trade waste agreements and agreements for the construction of rural fire service sheds				
General Manager	Governance	Applications Submit applications for permits and/or approvals to relevant Government Agencies provided such action is consistent with Council's strategic planning documents				
General Manager	Governance	Business Paper Determine matters which are to be included in Council's business papers and all Council Committees in accordance with relevant legislation and regulations				
General Manager	Governance	Code of Conduct Coordinator and Public Interest Disclosures Coordinator Designate an appropriate employee of Council to be Council's Code of Conduct Coordinator and Public Interest Disclosures Coordinator				
General Manager	Governance	Common Seal Affix, witness and sign any document in conjunction with the Mayor or another Councillor in the absence of the Mayor or Deputy Mayor to which Council has resolved to affix the Common Seal				
General Manager	Governance	Complaints Authorise action to be taken in relation to any complaints received				
General Manager	Governance	Consultants Approve the appointment of consultants for special purposes where expert professional advice is required in the proper discharge of Council's functions and within Council's adopted budget				
General Manager	Governance	Government Information Be the Principal Officer for the purposes of the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 and Regulations and determine applications for internal review in accordance with said Act				

Delegate	Category	Delegation			
General Manager	Governance	Insurance claims Authorise payment of third-party insurance claims against Council where the claim has been accepted by Council's insurers Settle third party insurance claims against Council where the claim is below Council's excess			
General Manager	Governance	Insurance Review Council's risk exposure and effect appropriate levels of insurance required to protect Council's interests			
General Manager	Governance	Laying of Information Laying any information in respect of proceedings for an offence pursuant to Section 684 of the Local Government Act 1993			
General Manager	Governance	Legal advice and counsel Obtain legal advice and counsel where necessary and to agree to terms of settlement in a matter based on legal advice			
General Manager	Governance	Legal proceedings Authorise the institution of proceedings for any proper purpose of Council			
General Manager	Governance	Media Statements and Releases Make media statements and issue media releases on Council operations in accordance with Council policy			
General Manager	Governance	Meeting Dates Vary scheduled meeting dates and times for Ordinary Council Meetings and Committee Meetings, when it is not practical or desirable to hold meetings on a designated date			
General Manager	Governance	Privacy Officer Act as the Privacy Contact Officer for the purposes of the Privacy Act 1988			
General Manager	Governance	Records Exercise Council's functions under the State Records Act 1998			
General Manager	Governance	Signature of correspondence Reply to all correspondence on behalf of Council not involving a monetary vote by Council, or not in the opinion of the General Manager specifically requiring consideration of Council			
General Manager	Planning and Building	Building Complaints Lodge complaints in accordance with the Home Building Act 1989			

Delegate	Category	Delegation				
General Manager	Planning and Building	Building Complaints Make a complaint to the relevant accreditation body against an accredited certifier under the provision of Section 21 of the Building Professionals Act 2005				
General Manager	Planning and Building	Certificates – LG Act To sign and issue certificates under the Local Government Act 1993				
General Manager	Planning and Building	Certification of Development Sign and issue subdivision certificates, construction certificates, compliance certificates, and occupation certificates in accordance with Part 4A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979				
General Manager	Planning and Building	Council Development Applications Sign applications on behalf of Council as the applicant and/or owner for development previously approved by Council to be undertaken by Council or on Council's land				
General Manager	Planning and Building	Development Applications Determine development applications in accordance with Council's planning instruments, Development Control Plan and State and Regional Environmental Planning policies and instruments: - To the capital investment value of \$2 million Applications for modification to a DA previously determined by Council, where not considered a significant modification Development that meets the performance outcomes of Clause 4.6 of the LEP and results in less than 10% variation to the Development Standard being varied Where an application is recommended for refusal by Council staff on the grounds that the application remains incomplete following the request for the supply of additional information Excluding where Council is the beneficiary Excluding applications with a 'significant public interest'				
General Manager	Planning and Building	Development Consent Extension Grant consent to the extension of the lapsing of a development consent in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979				
General Manager	Planning and Building	Instruments Execute instruments creating caveats, covenants, easements or restrictions affecting land (including any release, variation or modification of same)				

Delegate	Category	Delegation			
General	Planning and Building	Land and Environment Court			
Manager		Authorise where appropriate judgements and orders of Land and Environment Court matters			
General	Planning and Building	Liquor Complaints/objections			
Manager		Lodge complaints/objections on behalf of Council pursuant to Section 79C of the Liquor Act 2007			
General	Planning and Building	Local Environmental Plan			
Manager		Carry out functions pursuant to section s. 59 3.36 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
General	Planning and Building	Planning Certificates			
Manager		Sign and issue planning certificates pursuant to Section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 including determining the content of certificates pursuant to Section 10.7(5) of the Act			
General	Planning and Building	Swimming Pools			
Manager		Issue and sign Certificates of Compliance pursuant to Section 22D of the Swimming Pools Act 1992			
General	Procurement/Disposal	Asset Disposal			
Manager	of Assets	Dispose of Council assets in accordance with Council's Procurement Policy			
General	Procurement/Disposal	Procurement contracts			
Manager	of Assets	Enter into contracts for the provision or performance of works, services or equipment in accordance with Council's adopted budget			
General	Procurement/Disposal	Procurement			
Manager	of Assets	Order all supplies, materials, plant, equipment and vehicles in accordance with Council's adopted budget			
General	Procurement/Disposal	Purchase or sale of land negotiations			
Manager	of Assets	Negotiate acceptance of and execute contracts for the purchase or sale of land within a maximum range adopted by Council			
General	Procurement/Disposal	Tender variations			
Manager	of Assets	Approve variations to all tenders except where those services are currently provided for by Council staff in accordance with Section 377(1)(i) of the Local Government Act 1993			
General	Procurement/Disposal	Tenders			
Manager	of Assets	Accept all tenders except tenders to provide services currently provided by Council staff in accordance with Section			
		377 (1)(i) of the Local Government Act 1993			
General	Rates	Categorisation			
Manager		Categorise all rateable land in Narromine Shire in accordance with the Local Government Act 1993			

Delegate	Category	Delegation			
General	Rates	Certificates			
Manager		Authorise and issue certificates as to rates and charges pursuant to Section 603 of the Local Government Act 1993			
General	Rates	ayment Arrangements			
Manager		Authorise payment arrangements with any ratepayer or debtor for payment to be made by reasonable and			
		satisfactory instalment			
General	Rates	Recovery Action			
Manager		Initiate debt recovery procedures for the recovery of any outstanding rates and other debts due to Council			
General	Rates	Valuation Applications/Objections			
Manager		Exercise Council's functions under the Valuation of Land Act 1916, including the making of applications for valuations and lodging objections			



PESTICIDE USE NOTIFICATION PLAN 2025-2030

Version No	Responsible Department	Prepared By	Adopted	Review Date	Review period
1.0	Corporate, Community & Regulatory	G Marchant	June 2015	June 2020	5 years
2.0	Services Governance	D Honnery	August 2020	June 2025	5 years
3.0	Governance	J Cleasby	July 2025	July 2030	5 Years

1 INTRODUCTION

This Pesticide Use Notification Plan has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Pesticides Regulation 2017.

The aim of this plan is to meet the community's general right to know about pesticide applications made to outdoor public places that are owned or controlled by Narromine Shire Council. The plan allows members of the community to take action to avoid contact with pesticides, if they wish.

The term 'pesticide' is applied to chemicals used to kill pests and minimise their impact on agriculture, health and other human interests. Pesticides are often classified according to the organisms which they are used to control, e.g. fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, molluscicides, nematicides, rodenticides, algaecides, baits, repellents etc.

The plan sets out how Narromine Shire Council will notify members of the community of pesticide applications it makes or allows to be made to public places that it owns or controls.

The plan describes:

- What public places are covered by the plan
- Who regularly uses these public places and an estimated level of use
- How and when Narromine Shire Council will provide the community with information about its pesticide applications in public places
- How the community can access this plan and get more information about Council's notification arrangements
- How future reviews of the plan will be conducted
- Contact details for anyone wishing to discuss this plan with Narromine Shire Council

2 PUBLIC PLACES COVERED BY THIS PLAN

Narromine Shire Council proposes to use or allow the use of pesticides in the following categories of outdoor public places that it owns or controls within the Narromine Shire Local Government area:

Public land owned or controlled by the Narromine Shire Council, including

- Public park and garden areas
- Sporting fields and ovals
- Road and laneway verges
- Pathways
- Reserves
- Drains and other easements
- Showgrounds
- Dog pounds Animal Shelter
- Swimming pools
- Cemeteries
- Kerb and gutters
- Saleyard
- Aerodrome
- Water filtration plant
- Waste Water (Sewerage) Treatment Plant
- Works Depot
- Council owned public buildings
- Narromine Wetlands

Narromine Shire Council's estimate of the level of community use, regular user groups and types of pesticide use in each of these categories of public places are summarised in the following tables.

Public places	Regular user groups	Level of use of public place	Type of pesticide use
Public park and garden areas	 Council staff Children Families Elderly people Recreational users (joggers etc) Groups (Friends of Parks) Contractors Education and Tour Groups Maintenance staff 	High	 Spot spray herbicides Spot spray insecticides Broadscale spraying herbicides Broadscale spraying insecticides Spot spraying fungicides
Sporting fields and ovals	 Council staff Sport clubs and associations School groups General public Spectators Maintenance staff 	High	 Spot spray herbicides Spot spray insecticides Broadscale spraying herbicides Broadscale spraying insecticides Cut n paint herbicides
Road and laneway verges	 Council staff Adjoining landholders and residents Walkers and joggers Maintenance staff 	Low	 Spot spray herbicides Spot spray insecticides Broadscale spraying herbicides Broadscale spraying insecticides
Pathways	Council staffResidentsJoggersVisitorsMaintenance staff	Medium	Spot spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticides
Reserves	 Council staff Family groups Walkers & joggers Picnic groups Maintenance staff Fishermen 	Low	Spot spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticidesCut n paint herbicides
Drains and easements	Council staffMaintenance staffLocal residents	Low	Spot spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticides
Animal Shelter	Council staffMaintenance staffVisitors	Low	Spot spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticides
Showground	Council staffSporting clubsFamiliesAnimalsMaintenance staff	Low	Spot spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticidesBoom spray herbicides

Public places	Regular user groups	Level of use of public place	Type of pesticide use
Swimming pools	Council staffFamiliesSchool groupsVisitors/touristsMaintenance staff	High during Pool season	Spot spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticidesBoom spray herbicides
Cemeteries	Council staffVisitorsMaintenance staff	Medium	Spot spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticidesBroadscale spraying herbicides
Kerb and Gutters	Council staffLocal residentsMaintenance Staff	Low	Spot spray herbicides
Saleyards	Council staff Maintenance staff	Low	Spot spray herbicidesBroadscale spraying herbicides
Aerodrome	Council staffPilotsPassengersMaintenance staff	Low	Spot spray herbicidesBoom spraying herbicides
Water Filtration Plant	Council staffMaintenance staffCompany representatives	Low	Spot spray herbicides
Waste Water (Sewerage) Treatment Plant	Council staffMaintenance staff	Low	Spot spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticides
Works Depot	Council staffMaintenance staffDelivery personsCompany representatives	Low	Spot spraying herbicidesSpot spraying insecticides
Council owned public buildings	 Council staff Maintenance staff Delivery persons Company representatives Residents 	Medium	Spot spraying herbicidesSpot spraying insecticides
Narromine Wetlands	Council staffGeneral public	Medium	Boom spray herbicidesSpot spray insecticides

3 NOTIFICATION ARRANGEMENTS

This section of the plan describes how and when Narromine Shire Council will provide notice of pesticide use in public places, including special measures for sensitive areas that are adjacent to public places, arrangements for emergency pesticide applications and circumstances where notice will not be given.

These notification requirements are based on Narromine Shire Council's assessment of:

- The level of usage of public places where pesticides may be used
- The extent to which members of the public who are most likely to be sensitive to pesticides are likely to use these areas
- The extent to which activities generally undertaken in these areas could lead to some contact with pesticides
- The type of pesticides used

Council will ensure that notice will be given as detailed in "8- WHAT INFORMATION WILL BE PROVIDED" part of this plan.

4 HOW AND WHEN NOTICE OF PESTICIDE USE WILL BE PROVIDED

- Pesticide Application Notice will be placed on Council's website site and social media pages outlining the spraying program in accordance with the table below.
- Signs will be displayed on the day of pesticide application at the entrance and/or other prominent or highly used access point to the public place.
- Information will be available on Council's website or by phoning Council's office on 02 6889 9999.

Notification will be as follows:

Public places	Notification Requirements Councils Website and Social media page	Signage on display at site/s on day of application	Application of pesticide	Sensitive Areas Areas adjacent to sensitive areas such as outside schools, preschools, hospitals etc will be treated early in the morning and outside school hours.
Public parks & garden areas	Six monthly, unless within sensitive area then 5 working days prior to application.	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (garden beds, gravel paths, broadleaf weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (European Wasps etc) Apply fungicide (applied to plants and tubers etc) Broadscale herbicide (broadleaf weeds etc) Broadscale insecticide (turf eating insects like African Black Beetle) Cut n paint herbicide (direct application) 	Applicable
Sporting fields and ovals	Six monthly, unless within sensitive area then 5 working days prior to application.	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (garden beds, gravel paths, broadleaf weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (European Wasps etc) Apply fungicide (applied to turf areas etc) Broadscale herbicide (broadleaf weeds etc) Broadscale insecticide (turf eating insects like African Black Beetle etc). 	Applicable
Road and laneway verges	Six monthly unless within sensitive area then 5 working days prior to application.	Mobile Signage	 Spot spray herbicide (noxious weeds, tree sites and nuisance weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (European Wasps etc) Boom spraying (vegetation growth on road shoulders) 	Applicable – additionally Herbicide treatment adjacent to vineyards and orchards will be carried out prior to bud swell or after the fruit has finished too avoid non-target spray drift damage.

Public places	Notification Requirements Council's Website and Social Media Page	Signage on display at site/s on day of application	Application of pesticide	Sensitive Areas Areas adjacent to sensitive areas such as outside schools, preschools, hospitals etc will be treated early in the morning and outside school hours.
Pathways	Six monthly, unless within sensitive area then 5 working days prior to application.	Mobile Signage	 Spot spray herbicide (noxious weeds and nuisance weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (European Wasps etc) 	Applicable
Reserves	Annually, unless within sensitive area then 5 working days prior to application.	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (noxious weeds, tree sites and nuisance weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (European Wasps etc) Cut n paint herbicides (direct application) 	Applicable
Drains & other easements	Annually, unless within sensitive area then 5 working days prior to application.	Mobile Signage	 Spot spray herbicide (noxious weeds, tree sites & nuisance weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (Spiders, Cockroaches, European Wasps etc) 	Applicable
Showgrounds	Annually	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (noxious weeds, paths, tree sites & nuisance weeds etc) Broadscale herbicide (broadleaf weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (European Wasps etc) 	Not Applicable

Public places	Notification Requirements Council's Website and Social Media Page	Signage on display at site/s on day of application	Application of pesticide	Sensitive Areas Areas adjacent to sensitive areas such as outside schools, preschools, hospitals etc will be treated early in the morning and outside school hours.
Dog Pound Animal Shelter	Nil due to remote location and restricted access	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (noxious weeds, driveway and nuisance weeds) Spot spray insecticides (spiders, rodents etc) 	Not Applicable
Swimming Pools	Nil Sprayed in off season only unless it is an emergency then during closed hours	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (fence lines, tree sites and nuisance weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (Spiders, European Wasps etc) 	Applicable
Cemeteries	Annually	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (noxious weeds, tree sites and nuisance weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (Spiders, European Wasps etc) Broadscale spraying herbicide (Broadleaf weeds) 	Not Applicable
Kerb and gutters	Annually unless within sensitive area then 5 working days prior to application.	Yes	Spot spray herbicide (nuisance weeds etc)	Applicable
Saleyards	Nil due to remote location and restricted access	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (nuisance weeds etc) Boom spray herbicides (in small paddocks areas) 	Not Applicable

Attachment No. 2

Public places	Notification Requirements Council's Website and Social Media Page	Signage on display at site/s on day of application	Application of pesticide	Sensitive Areas Areas adjacent to sensitive areas such as outside schools, preschools, hospitals etc will be treated early in the morning and outside school hours.
Aerodrome	Annually	Yes	Spot spray herbicide (nuisance weeds etc)Boom spraying (broadleaf weeds)	Not Applicable
Water filtration plant	Nil due to remote location and restricted access	Yes	Spot spray herbicide (weeds along water edges and fence lines etc)	Not Applicable
Sewerage Treatment Plant	Nil due to remote location and restricted access	Yes	Spot spray herbicide (nuisance weeds etc)	Not Applicable
Works Depot	Nil due to remote location and restricted access	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (nuisance weeds etc) Spot spraying insecticide (Spiders, European wasps etc) 	Not Applicable
Council owned public buildings	Annually, unless within sensitive area then 5 working days prior to application.	Yes	 Spot spray herbicide (nuisance weeds etc) Spot spraying insecticide (Spiders, European wasps etc) 	Applicable
Narromine Wetlands	Six monthly	Yes	 Boom spray herbicide (broadleaf weeds, Noxious Weeds etc) Spot spray insecticide (European Wasps etc) 	Not Applicable

5 SPECIAL MEASURES FOR SENSITIVE PLACES

Clause 39 of the Pesticides Regulation 2017 defines a sensitive place to be any:

- School or pre-school
- Kindergarten
- Childcare centre
- Hospital
- Community Health Centre
- Nursing home
- Any place declared to be a sensitive place by the NSW Environment Protection Authority.

Letter and or email at least five (5) working days prior to application, or the pesticide requires special notification measures to be taken. Kerb and gutters adjacent to sensitive area such as schools, preschools will be treated early in the morning and outside school hours.

6 NOTIFICATION OF EMERGENCY PESTICIDE APPLICATIONS

In cases where emergency pesticide applications in public places are required to deal with biting or dangerous pests such as wasps, bees, venomous spiders, fleas, bird mites or rodents (that pose an immediate health hazard), Narromine Shire Council Staff and/ or the contractor will, where possible, provide notice by posting signs nearby or other notification as stated by the pesticide product label, at the time of application. If no such notice exists on the product label, Narromine Shire Council will door-knock in that sensitive place and advise people of Narromine Shire Council's actions.

7 PESTICIDE CONTRACTORS AND LESSEES OF PUBLIC PLACES

Where Narromine Shire Council uses contractors to apply pesticides on its behalf, Narromine Shire Council will ensure that notification is made in accordance with the notification requirements of this plan.

Where persons or organisations hold existing lease on Narromine Shire Council land that remains a public place and if they use pesticides in this area, Narromine Shire Council will still require notification in accordance with the requirements of this plan.

8 WHAT INFORMATION WILL BE PROVIDED

In accordance with clause $\frac{20}{41}$ 41(1)(h) of the Pesticides Regulation 2017, notices of pesticides use will include the following information:

- The full product name of the pesticide to be used, and
- The purpose of the use, clearly setting out what pest or pests are being treated, and
- The proposed date/s or date range of the pesticide use, and
- The places where the pesticide is to be used, and
- Contact telephone number and email address of the Narromine Shire Council
 officer who people can contact to discuss the notice, and
- Any warnings regarding re-entry to or use of the place, if specified on the pesticide product label or the Australian Pesticides & Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) permit.

Signs will be of a standardised design that will be easily recognisable to the public and Council staff.

9 HOW THE COMMUNITY WILL BE INFORMED OF THIS PLAN

Narromine Shire Council will advise residents of this plan and its contents by:

- Making a copy of the plan available for public viewing, free of charge, at Council's office at 118 Dandaloo Street, Narromine
- Placing a copy of the plan on the Council's website at www.narromine.nsw.gov.au

10 FUTURE REVIEWS OF THE PLAN

The notification plan will be reviewed every five years or when circumstances require a review of the plan. The review will include:

- A report on progress of implementing the plan
- Placing the plan on public exhibition, with any proposed changes and calling for public submissions

Clause 44 Pesticides Regulation 2017 Amendments to pesticide use notification plans

A pesticide use notification plan may be amended by another pesticide use notification plan, and any such amending plan must comply with clauses 42 and 43 unless the public authority considers on reasonable grounds that the amendment is not of sufficient substance to warrant public consultation.

11 CONTACT DETAILS

Anyone wishing to contact Narromine Shire Council to discuss the notification plan or to obtain details of pesticide applications in public places should contact Manager Health Building and Environmental Services, during normal business hours on 6889 9999, or email mail@narromine.nsw.gov.au

Appendix A – Notification Template

Pesticide Use Notification. Noxious Weed control and Public Open Space Weed control.

In accordance with Part 5 of the Pesticide Regulation, 2017 Narromine Shire Council wishes to inform the community of the following pesticide use by staff on Council property (prescribed public places)

(Please note the time periods indicate the planned duration, but activities may occasionally occur outside each period)

Date (Annually, Six Monthly or 5 working days prior)

Locations:

- Public park and garden areas
- Sporting fields and ovals
- Road and laneway verges
- Pathways
- Reserves
- Drains and other easements
- Showgrounds
- Swimming pools
- Cemeteries
- Kerb and gutters
- Aerodrome
- Narromine Wetlands

Purpose: Priority weeds of the Central West Program and as directed by Local Land Services, broadleaf spraying.

Products:

- Cutlass M (MCPA 340g/lt Dicamba 80g/lt)
- Grazon Extra (Triclopyr 300g/lt Picloram 100g/lt Aminopyralid 8g/lt)
- Glyphosate360g/lt
- Glyphosate 450g/lt
- Glyphosate 510g/lt
- Brushoff (Metsulfuron-methyl 600g/kg)
- Excalibur (Sulfometuron –methyl 750g/kg)
- Garlon 600 (Triclopyr 600 g/l)
- Pulse (1020g/l Polyether modified polysiloxane)
- Amicide 625 (2,4-D Amine 625g/l)

Note: Signage will be displayed whilst application is taking place and will remain there until the re-entry period has expired (if applicable) in accordance with the Narromine Shire Council's Pesticide Use Notification Plan.

For further information contact Narromine Shire Council's Manager Health Building and Environmental Services, during normal business hours on 6889 9999, email mail@narromine.nsw.gov.au



Delivery Program Progress Report 1 July 2024 – 30 June 2025

Contents

Narromine Shire Vision	3
Delivery Program	4
Vibrant Communities	7
Protecting & Enhancing our Environment	19
Proactive Leadership	20
Overall Progress	37

Narromine Shire Vision

The Narromine Shire is a friendly place to live with a strong sense of community that values our services, facilities and our natural rural environment.

We are a community that values the diversity of people, ideas, perspectives and experiences.

We work together to strive towards a vibrant, safe and engaged community that provides opportunities for all its members.

Our Council is a leader for our community, sharing the responsibility for growth, development and provision of services.



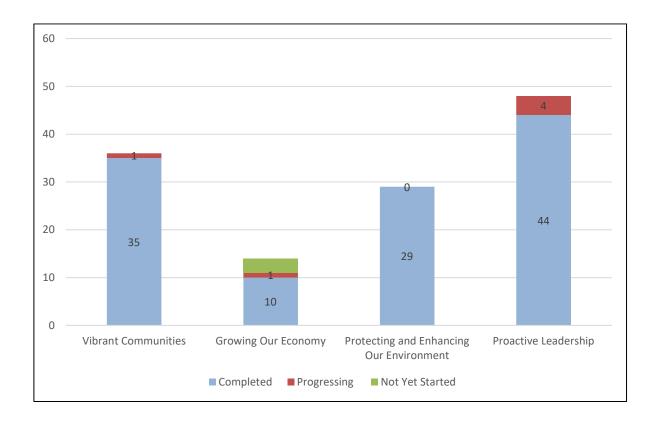
Delivery Program

This is the plan where the community's strategic goals are translated into actions. These are the principal activities to be undertaken by Council to implement the objectives established by the Community Strategic Plan within the resources available under the Resourcing Strategy.

The Delivery Program is a statement of commitment to the community from each newly elected Council. It is designed as the single point of reference for all principal activities undertaken by Council during its term. All plans, projects, activities and funding allocations must be directly linked to this Program.

As Local Government is a division of State Government, it is appropriate that Council's goals are linked to the 32 goals developed by the State Government in their 2021 plan. These are referenced as 'SP number' for each Delivery Program goal.

Below is the summary of Council's overall performance for 1 July 2024 – 30 June 2025.



Key Highlights

Notable achievements for the 2024/2025 financial year included: -

Programs

- 95.98% of Delivery Program actions achieved
- Development of Integrated Planning and Reporting documents
- Donation of over \$24,695 to community groups in Narromine Shire
- Allocation of \$148,178 from the Tomingley Gold Community Fund to various community organisations
- Partnering with community groups for Narromine Dolly Parton Festival
- Water Quality Options paper endorsed by Department Climate Change, Energy, Environment and Water (DCCEEW)
- Successful grant funding applications include
 - ➤ Disaster Recovery Funding Roads \$2,757,093
 - DCCEEW Floodplain Management Program \$239,160
 - DCCEEW Safe and Secure Water Program \$496,176 concept design for new Water Treatment Plant
 - Transport for NSW Towards Zero Safer Roads Program (Round 2) \$1,932,000
 - Regional NSW Office of Regional Youth Summer School Holidays Program 2025 -\$7,400
 - > EPA Landfill Consolidation Program Trangie \$339,055
 - Tomingley Heavy Vehicle Rest Area Upgrade \$1,233,600
 - Open Streets Program (Dolly Parton Festival) \$158,182
 - Weeds Action Program \$51,752
 - > Revenue NSW Emergency Services Reform Preliminary Land Classifications \$25,443
- Establishment of the Narromine Shire Youth Council
- 77 Development Applications approved to the value of \$17,580,799.
- Rezoning land at 397 Craigie Lea Lane for industrial development
- Official opening of the newly constructed Trangie Truck Wash
- 8 positions secured through the NSW Government 'Fresh Start for Local Government Apprentices, Trainees and Cadets Program
- Audit Risk and Improvement Committee 4 meetings held, internal audit reviews including payroll, customer requests and service, plant and fleet management, cyber security

Capital Works Projects (\$15.9M)

Buildings

- Roof replacement and office upgrade at the Council Chambers building
- Narromine Library Upgrade
- Construction of the Dundas Park Amenities
- Narromine Works Depot security improvements and upgrade of amenities; installation of automated gates at Trangie Works Depot
- Narromine Waste Depot security upgrades

Recreation and Community Facilities/Services

- Narromine pool shade replacement; Trangie pool shade replacement and landscaping
- Narromine Cemetery baby grave improvements

Roads

- Roads Capital Works Program \$6.5M upgrades include Enmore Road, Tullamore Road, Eumungerie Road and Dandaloo Road
- Numerous flood damage road repairs \$3.9M
- 570KM of roads graded
- Light vehicle parking area upgrade Burraway Street, Narromine
- Kerb and gutter upgrades including A'Beckett Street, Fourth Avenue and Mingelo Street, Narromine
- Concrete path and parallel parking upgrade at the Post Office corner Narromine

Stormwater Drainage

- Rotary Park Stormwater Outlet Drainage Project
- Momo Road, Frecklington's Crossing and Lincoln's Lane drainage upgrades

Water and Sewer Services

- Harris Street (Trangie) and Temoin Street (Narromine) Water Main replacements
- Tomingley water tank, generator and smart meter receiver installation
- Narromine Northern Zone Pressure Water Booster Pump \$0.5M
- Trangie sewer pump station electrical switchboard replacements

Plant and Equipment & IT

- Plant and equipment upgrades \$1.1M (including 6 new mowers, 1 loader and multiple crew trucks)
- Finalisation of fibre installation in main street, Narromine
- Upgrades of battery backups for servers; records management software, council supplied phones, tables, ipads, and firewall replacements

Residential Land Development

• Derribong Street, Trangie Residential Development Construction

Major Capital Works in progress include:-

- Narromine Northern Catchment Stormwater Project \$1.9M (90% complete)
- Trangie Library upgrade
- Kookaburra Creek Crossing Dulla Dulla Road

Service Level Review

A service level review of the operations and management of the Narromine and Trangie Aquatic Centres was undertaken in March 2025 to ensure an appropriate level of service is available to the community, Council is achieving value for money and to identify areas for improvement. It was determined that the operations and management of the facilities be contracted for a period of three years with options to extend subject to performance. Areas for improvement include a shared responsibility for chemical dosing, reducing the entry fee for non-swimmers, introducing an unsupervised swim period for early mornings and continuing to undertake capital works as budget permits.

Financial Snapshot

Council remains in a stable and strong financial position. Council continues to operate a strong and solid balance sheet.



VIBRANT COMMUNITIES

Our Goal:

We want to create a safe, healthy and connected region that encourages participating and creates a strong sense of pride in our community and each other's well-being.

1.1 A SAFE, ACTIVE AND HEALTHY COMMUNITY – SP Nos. 16, 23, 27

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
	Advocate, represent and promote pro or our community	ograms that will minin	nise crime and	l assist in crime protection
1.1.1.1	Liaise with Police and other community groups.	Liaise every six months with police advocating for crime minimisation	100%	Discussions held with NSW Police representatives on local issues as required.
1.1.1.2	Review Alcohol Free Zones	Adoption of Alcohol-Free zones by Council every four (4) years	100%	Council reviewed and endorsed the Alcohol-Free Zones for a further 4-year period.
1.1.1.3	Undertake activities in the Crime Minimisation Strategy	Activities completed in accordance with Action Plan	100%	Additional CCTV completed. Promotion/awareness activities undertaken e.g. playground at Dundas Park.
1.1.2 R	etain and enhance strategies for safe	ety in public places		
1.1.2.1	Coordinate annual inspection of Council streetlights to ensure adequate operation.	Audit conducted annually	100%	Council completed a drone audit of streetlights in October 2024 in addition to a drive through. Broken lights were reported to Essential Energy.
1.1.2.2	Reduce risk of nuisance and harm from companion animals	Continue to provide ranger services in accordance with legislative provisions	100%	Council continued to provide ranger services including the seizing of straying animals, ensuring Microchipping and Registration compliance, rehoming of unclaimed animals, investigating and regulatory action taken in relation to dog attacks. A Senior Ranger was appointed in June 2025.
1.1.3 P	romote services and provide facilitie	s that foster healthy li	festyles	
1.1.3.1	Develop and publicise a brochure on the facilities available in the Shire.	Review and update services/facilities brochure	100%	Council continued to supply the Visitors Information Centre and travel routes with visitor brochures.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
1.1.3.2	Promote recreational opportunities for all ages through website, social media and other available networks.	Update information monthly	100%	Programs and activities at the Narromine Sports and Fitness Centre along with Active School Holiday Programs were regularly promoted online, via emails and through social media.
1.1.3.3	Participate in interagency meetings and provide Council assistance where appropriate.	75% attendance	100%	Council continued to attend meetings and participate with other agency partners to deliver and promote these opportunities. Attendance rate was in excess of 75%.
1.1.4	Recognise the importance and consider greater use by the community	ler resources needed	to maintain o	pen spaces, to encourage
1.1.4.1	Upgrade recreational services booking system and streamline allocation process for all recreational facilities.	Promote booking system throughout the community.	100%	Online booking system implemented for Gym. Other recreation facilities booking systems remain. Gym and booking system promoted.
1.1.4.2	Implementation of the Sports and Recreational Masterplan.	Seek grant funding to implement actions	100%	Further development of the strategies within the plan is underway. Actions are undertaken as grant funding and budget allows.
1.1.4.3	Promote sporting opportunities for all ages through website, social media and other available networks.	Update information monthly as required	100%	Regular updates through social media, LED Digital Board, Narromine Region Events Calendar and Council Column.
1.1.4.4	Implement strategies in the Sports and Recreational Masterplan for the provision of cycleway routes in Narromine and Trangie.	Seek grant funding for construction of cycleway and walkway routes	100%	Ongoing footpath works underway.
1.1.5	Retain and enhance existing health se Narromine Shire Family Medical Centr		Narromine and	l Trangie Hospitals and the
1.1.5.1	Maintain health services provided within Council owned Narromine Shire Family Medical Health Centre and Trangie Doctor's surgery to meet the needs of users.	Continue to provide facilities for the provision of GP and allied health services in Narromine and Trangie	100%	Council continued to maintain facilities in the Shire as required.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
1.1.5.2	Strengthen relationships with key medical agencies within the Shire.	Meet biannually with Western NSW LHD Narromine and Trangie health providers	100%	Ongoing collaboration with interagency partners, including participation by Western NSW Local Health District (LHD) in IP&R workshops. Constructive and proactive partnerships are consistently maintained with both Western NSW LHD and Narromine Shire Family Health Care Services.
	Narromine and Trangie swimmin ern facilities for all ages and thos			and provide a range of
1.1.6.1	Upgrade club house at Narromine pool.	Attract funding to improve the facility.	50%	Funding not attained yet for pool club house upgrade. Upgrade to shade shelters in Narromine completed. Increased shade in Trangie completed. Increased planting at Trangie.
1.1.6.2	Review operational costs of Narromine and Trangie pools and determine fees and charges annually.	Fees and charges reviewed and adopted by 30 June each year.	100%	Narromine and Trangie Pool fees and charges reviewed and adopted 25 June 2025. Service Level Review completed.
1.1.8 Revi	talise the Narromine Sports Centre	e into an accessible, o	affordable mu	lti-purpose Centre
1.1.8.3	Ensure adequate resources are allocated to the Sports Centre to maintain facilities in accordance with community usage.	Review fees and changes annually by 30 June.	100%	Sports Centre fees and charges reviewed and adopted 25 June 2025.
1.1.8.4	Investigate the security solutions for the Narromine Sports Centre	Attract funding if necessary to improve security	100%	A new security system and financial system was installed at the Narromine Sports Centre, allowing members to gain access via a QR code scanner. The security has been significantly improved.
1.1.8.5	Undertake audit of gym equipment and replace redundant items of greater functionality	Audit gym equipment and procure suitable replacement equipment by 30 June 2025	100%	Audit of Gym equipment completed. Replacement/repairs of equipment completed. Continue to monitor for maintenance.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments			
1.1.9 Prom	1.1.9 Promote connections between sporting user groups						
1.1.9.1	Convene and support bi- annual sports user group workshops in winter and summer.	100% meetings held with sports user groups.	100%	Bi-annual sports user group meetings held as required. Ongoing interaction with all Clubs in regard to bookings and grant opportunities.			
1.1.9.2	Prepare Leases/Licenses or User Agreements for all Sporting Groups using Council's sporting fields.	Agreements prepared for all user groups.	100%	Leases and licenses are prepared and entered into as required.			
1.1.10 Ensu facil	re that quality built and natural sho ities	ade is provided to pub	olic places, op	en spaces and recreation			
1.1.10.1	Continue to implement actions identified within Council's sport and recreational master plan with regard to the provision of increased shade in public parks and open spaces.	Items actioned as per Master Plan	100%	Development continued in regards to the Master Plan, e.g. further works to Dundas and Payten Oval and Trangie Oval precinct, with a focus on the provision of shade.			

1.2 A VIBRANT AND DIVERSE COMMUNITY THAT HAS A STRONG SENSE OF BELONGING AND WELLBEING – SP Nos. 13, 14, 24, 27

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
1.2.1	Share and celebrate our cultural an	d social diversity throu	ıgh local ever	nts, programs and projects
1.2.1.1	In partnership with the community, continue to facilitate events that celebrate community values including all groups within the community and provide financial and in-kind assistance for community and private events.	Two major events held annually	100%	Council partnered with community committees and organisations to assist with successful events including Narromine Dolly Festival, Narromine Venetian Carnival, Christmas events in Trangie and Tomingley. Ongoing assistance provided to community groups as per Council policies.

Action Code	4	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
1.2.2		rage volunteering in the Shire o	and recognise the po	sitive outcome	es for both the community
1.2.2.1	1	Provide grants through the Donations, Sponsorships and Waiver of Fees & Charges Policy process to community groups, with an emphasis on sports, recreation, arts, cultural, leadership and development activities.	Submissions advertised and received by 30 September, and applicants advised by 30 November each year.	100%	Applications invited for grants from community and sporting organisations completed in first quarter. Applications were considered and approved by Council at its Ordinary meeting held in November 2024.
1.2.2.2		Continue to support the Local History Groups in Narromine and Trangie with a financial contribution to assist with their work.	Donation to both Local History Groups in the Annual Budget.	100%	Donation made with continued support provided to both Trangie and Narromine Local History Groups.
1.2.2.3		Give public recognition of volunteer service.	Hold annual volunteers' recognition morning tea.	100%	The annual volunteers' recognition morning tea was held in Council Chambers on 22 November 2024.
1.2.3		et and celebrate Aboriginal he nderstanding	ritage and culture an	d provide opp	portunities for interpretation
1.2.3.1		Liaise with Local Aboriginal Land Councils to enhance the opportunities for the Indigenous community.	Two meetings coordinated per year	100%	Meetings held with Chair of the Narromine and Trangie Local Aboriginal Land Councils to discuss the revised Aboriginal Engagement Strategy, MOU review process held, updated MOU to early 2025/26.
1.2.3.2	1	Assist with NAIDOC Week, Reconciliation Day and other events of importance to the Aboriginal community.	Involvement at these events on an annual basis.	100%	Council took part in the NAIDOC Week celebrations held in September 2024, including attending the NAIDOC Week Ball and Awards Night to present the Community Volunteer of the Year Award. In May 2025, Council also hosted a morning tea in the Council Chambers to commemorate Sorry Day.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
1.2.3.3	Implement Targets in the Aboriginal Community Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) Action Plan	Co-ordinate meeting every six (6) months to discuss targets in Action Plan	100%	Council continued to engage with the local Aboriginal community in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). Discussions regarding an update to the MOU have been initiated, with a revised version scheduled to be presented to the August 2025 Council meeting.
	ocate for high quality aged care munity	e that enables older p	eople to be in	tegrated and active in the
1.2.5.1	Continue to advocate for aged care facilities within our shire	Meet annually with Aged Care providers	100%	Council continued to collaborate with Timbrebongie House, including ongoing discussions with the Committee Executive.

1.3 A COMMUNITY THAT CAN ACCESS A RANGE OF FORMAL AND INFORMAL EDUCATION, INFORMATION AND OTHER SERVICES AND OPPORTUNITIES TO ENHANCE THEIR LIVES - SP No. 15

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
	ocate for a range of childcare able to all families	facilities, preschools	and after-hou	rs care is affordable and
1.3.1.1	Advocate where possible for the increased provision of childcare opportunities within the Shire.	Meet every six months with State and Federal Local Members ensuring the provision of childcare services in our Shire	100%	Meetings held with State Member and Federal Member Elect (now Member)
1.3.2 Advo	cate for support for activities the	at foster connections b	etween childr	en and older people
1.3.2.1	Macquarie Regional Library interact with both children and elderly.	Activities are held twice a year	100%	Council continued to support the ongoing community work of the Macquarie Regional Library. This included the Winter Reading Challenge and Cinema program.

Action Code	Action	Performa Measure	nce Action Progre	
	Encourage and support ed needs of local/regional dev			ourses that meeting the specific
1.3.3.1	Advocate for industry specific training.		al trainers	Meetings held with CSU and RDA in regard to training opportunities.
1.3.4	Enhance our libraries and to share knowledge	community spaces	to become connec	ted learning centres for people
1.3.4.1	Work in conjunction v Macquarie Regional to facilitate local train opportunities for the community.	Library training s	essions	Council continued to work with Macquarie Regional Library on library related initiatives. This included support for programs such as Winter reading challenge, Saturday cinema and the national simultaneous Storytime.

1.4 ACCESSIBLE FACILITIES AND SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FOR PEOPLE WITH LIMITED MOBILITY - SP No. 14

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
1.4.1 Wor	k in partnership with the Shire's	disability groups and	other agencies	s to implement the DIAP
1.4.1.1	Review Council's Disability Action Improvement Plan (DIAP).	100% DIAP targets met.	100%	Actions included ongoing engagement with interagencies, promoting partnerships with DIAP and working with business seeking to improve mobility access and footpaths. New amenities to Dundas Park completed.
1.4.2 Wo	rk in partnership to ensure our to	owns including busine	esses are "mob	ility friendly"
1.4.2.1	Promote mobility friendly access in the Shire	Evidence of improvement for accessibility in our town centres	100%	Actions included continued improvements to footpaths in Trangie and Narromine. New public amenities to Dundas Park.



GROWING OUR ECONOMY

Our Goal:

We have a diverse economy with thriving businesses that offer a range of employment opportunities supported by skill development options.

2.1 TO SUSTAIN AND GROW OUR LOCAL POPULATION - SP No. 3

Action Code		Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
2.1.1		elop and implement an econom	ic development strateç	gic frameworl	that supports the growth
2.1.1.2		Implement identified actions within Economic Development Strategy	Continue to implement action plan deliverables	100%	Actions included support for new business, grant applications and project development, including Inland Rail.
2.1.2	Form	partnerships and alliances to m	arket the Shire to new r	esidents and	businesses
2.1.2.1		Continue to promote the Narromine Region to attract new residents.	Update information regularly Monitor website visits and performance of the Narromine Region website	100%	Information on the Narromine Region website, events calendar, and Council website was regularly updated for marketing and promotional purposes. Continuous monitoring the performance of, and identification of any issues with the Narromine Region website.
2.1.2.2		Continue to host the annual 'new residents' night.	Host new resident night annually	100%	Council hosted a new resident night in February 2025.
2.1.2.3		Continue to work with local retailers to help promote the Narromine Region	Support retailers with two (2) promotions annually	100%	Council continued the Narromine Region Shop Local Campaign in December 2024 along with the Venetian Carnival. Council also assisted in developing the campaign during the Dolly Festival.
2.1.3	Resol	ve issues surrounding the flood	levee and impacts on r	esidential de	velopment
2.1.3.2		Seek grant funding and determine loan funding requirements for the flood levee construction project.	Obtain grant funding by 30 June 2025	0%	Council considered a report on the costings of the proposed levee in 2024 and resolved to finalise the design and take no further action.
2.1.4		plans and strategies are deve omic growth	eloped in line with the	community's	needs and encourages
2.1.4.1		Review Land Use Strategies in line with results of Economic Development Strategy to ensure planned land releases to stimulate economy	Review Council's Land Use Strategies following review of the Economic Development Strategy	0%	Review of Economic Development Strategy to be undertaken in first instance. Council seeking funding opportunities.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
2.1.4.2	Review Employment Lands Strategy	Review of strategy completed by 30 June 2024	0%	To be updated in November 2025 with other Economic Development strategies.

2.2 THE ONGOING DEVELOPMENT DIVERSIFICATION AND SUSTAINABILITY OF THE LOCAL BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY BASE - SP No. 4

Action	Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
2.2.1	To fos	ter our agricultural sector throug	h the identification an	d support of vo	alue adding opportunities
2.2.1.1		Support industry event specifically targeting agricultural value add opportunities.	Industry event held biennially	100%	Workshop targeting drought resilience held (ongoing workshop in August 2025). Drones in Agriculture workshop conducted by Tocal College and NSW Government.
2.2.3	Prote indus	ct high value land resources an tries	d maximising opportu	inities for susta	inable growth of existing
2.2.3.1		Identify appropriate sites, in accordance with Land Use Strategy, for value added agricultural related industries.	Work with Department of Planning and Environment to implement actions from Local Strategic Planning Statement (LSPS)	100%	Implementing the strategies with the LSPS ongoing. This included continuing to maintain our open spaces and implementing the recommendations in the large lot residential strategy. There are a number of actions to be supported across 11 priority areas.
2.2.4	Creat	te and support a strong tourism i	ndustry that maximise	s benefits from	visitors to the Shire
2.2.4.1		Promote services to highlight tourism events and points of interest in the Shire.	Increased online engagement by 10%	100%	Major promotions have included ongoing promotion in visitors guide, support for the Visitors Information Centre and Growing Narromine Region website.
2.2.4.2		In conjunction with other Orana Region councils undertake joint regional promotions and/or activities.	Annual promotion	100%	Great Western Plains promotion ongoing.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
	ning mechanisms that support the			ble land that will support
2.2.5.1	Carry out water and sewerage strategic planning.	Obtain and expend funding in provision of concept and detailed designs for Narromine Water.	95%	Work on the Integrated Water Cycle Management (IWCM) plan continued, with two workshop sessions held with Councillors to provide background information and context for upcoming activities. Council is advancing the design phase for the proposed Narromine Water Treatment Plant, with works scheduled to continue into the 2025/26 financial year.
2.2.6 Prom	ote business networks that encou	rage a supportive cul	ture and an att	itude of entrepreneurship
2.2.6.1	Encourage businesses to work with Council to support a business culture within our shire.	One business forum per year held by Council.	100%	Completed a marketing campaign promoting the Christmas period in the lead-up to Christmas 2024. Attended Business Connect meetings and continued engagement with local businesses. Received an invitation to participate in a drought planning forum.

2.3 TO ENCOURAGE INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT - SP No.4

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
2.3.1 Supp	ort the growth and development	of new and existing b	ousiness and in	dustry
2.3.1.1	Promote the Narromine region to attract further economic development and growth	Meet every six months with RDA Orana and relevant State agencies and partners	100%	Six monthly meetings held with RDA Orana and Regional NSW. Ongoing updates regarding local information and identifying new opportunities.



PROTECTING & ENHANCING OUR ENVIRONMENT

Our Goal:

We value our natural and built environment, our resources for the enjoyment of the community and visitors to our Shire.

3.1 MANAGE OUR NATURAL ENVIRONMENTS FOR CURRENT AND FUTURE GENERATIONS - SP No. 22

Action	Action	Performance	Action	Comments
3.1.1 ld	dentify and protect areas of high nat	Measure	Progress	
3.1.1.2	Facilitate the growth and sustainability of the community through planning policy.	Ensure relevant revisions of Council's strategic planning documentation to support the aims of the Local Environmental Plan	100%	Development Applications assessed in this regard. Considered as part of new planning proposals.
3.1.2 E	nhance, protect and celebrate our r	iver systems and wetlo	ınds	
3.1.2.1	Maintain involvement with the Central West Councils Environment and Waterways Alliance and Macquarie Valley Weeds Committee and LLS Weeds group.	Representation and 90% attendance at meetings.	100%	Biosecurity Officers attended Weeds Committee Meetings with attendance in excess of 90%.
3.1.2.2	Continue the annual fingerling release into the waterways in conjunction with Macquarie Cotton Growers Association.	Apply for appropriate funding to allow fingerling releases annually.	100%	Funding received. Fingerlings released in January 2025.
3.1.3 Er	nsure preservation and maintenance	of the Shire's heritage	buildings, obje	cts and places of interest
3.1.3.1	Encourage owners of heritage items to maintain their buildings and sites.	Facilitate the opportunities to promote heritage funding to the community.	100%	Considered as part of new developments. Ongoing queries from building owners.
3.1.4 Er	nsure the Shire's rural land is manage	ed appropriately throug	gh holistic plar	nning
3.1.4.1	Continue to provide biosecurity in line with Weeds Action Plan.	Determined by continuation of funding from LLS to support biosecurity measures throughout the Shire.	100%	Biosecurity Officers inspected and controlled invasive weed species in the LGA and on a Regional Level in conjunction with Local Land Services.
3.1.4.2	Maintain involvement with Macquarie Valley Weeds Committee.	Maintain involvement with Macquarie Valley Weeds Committee.	100%	Council continued to be an active member of the Committee attending meetings as required.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
	duce waste to landfill through effection	ctive and efficient dom	nestic waste ar	nd recycling services to
3.1.5.1	Implement actions from Narromine Shire Waste Management Strategy.	Ensure actions are completed in line with Strategy.	100%	Council progressed the recommendations from the Waste Management Strategy and has secured grant funding to consolidate the Trangie waste facility into a transfer station.
3.1.5.3	Continue to be a member council of Net Waste, attending regional forums to address waste management issues at a regional level.	90% attendance at Net Waste meetings.	100%	Council continued to liaise with NetWaste and has attended meetings and conferences with attendance rate in excess of 90%.

3.2 WE ARE A SUSTAINABLE, ENVIRONMENTAL COMMUNITY WITH A GREAT APPRECIATION OF OUR NATURAL ASSETS - SP No. 22

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
3.2.1	urage appreciation of natural are	eas through the developm	ent and pron	notion of environmental
3.2.1.1	Continue to promote community education campaigns through Net Waste and FOGO presenting the benefits of recycling and educating the community regarding which items can be recycled.	At least one community education program conducted annually.	100%	Council has participated in all Netwaste Community programs including a representative attending schools to promote the Get Grubby Program, as well as a FOGO information stall at the Narromine Show.
3.2.2	ort the work of local environ	mental groups that imp	roves the n	atural diversity of our
3.2.2.1	Partner with Local Land Services to support environmental programs within the Shire.	Participation in relevant grant funded programs.	100%	Relevant programs supported in accordance with available resources and funding opportunities.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
3.2.3	Support, promote and enco	urage environmentally sustainat	ole practices thr	oughout our businesses
3.2.3.1	Encourage environme sustainable, safe and economical utilisation Council's fleet.	more larger plant.	n 100%	Council's GPS management provider changed in 2024 to reflect the shutting of the 3G network. The new GPS management tool has been installed on larger plants and allows for better tracking and vehicle maintenance.
3.2.3.2	Promote and encoursenvironmentally susta practices to local bus	ninable material to local	100%	Council continued to provide businesses within the LGA with educational material in latest environmentally sustainable practices. Information is made available on Council's website.

3.3 A COMMUNITY THAT VALUES THE EFFICIENT USE OF UTILITIES, NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY - SP. No. 33

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
	ement water and energy efficier r and energy sources	ncy programs and identify	activities and i	nitiatives for alternative
3.3.1.1	Promote efficiency programs.	Publicise two (2) efficiency programs and activities per year.	100%	Implemented sign up program for Aqualus NSC Mi Water smart metering app and leakage program. This was delivered with the first quarter water accounts. Numerous Facebook postings have been completed during quarter two.
3.3.2 Ensu	re development needs align to	utilities infrastructures		
3.3.2.1	Ensure all development approvals consider existing utilities infrastructure in their determination.	100% of approvals have had adequacy of existing utilities determined.	100%	Considered when discussing and assessing all Development Applications.

Attachment No. 3

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
3.3.2.2	Utilities performance audited annually through Triple Bottom Line (TBL) reporting.	Report submitted annually	100%	Report submitted in September 2024.
3.3.3 Advo	ocate for Shire-wide access to re	eliable and affordable inter	net and comn	nunications technology
3.3.3.1	Advocate for a Shire-wide connectivity and affordable access to internet and communications technology	Reduce the areas of mobile/communication black spots within the Shire	100%	Council actively worked with telcos and industry in the sector to obtain increased mobile coverage.

3.4 ENSURE A RANGE OF HOUSING OPTIONS FOR THE COMMUNITY – SP No.20

Action Code		Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
3.4.1	Ensur	e older people have appropriate	accommodation to r	meet their need	ds
3.4.1.1		Identify aged care accommodation needs within the Shire with relevant providers	Advocate for the provision of aged care accommodation services	100%	Council continued to hold discussions with Timbrebongie House and others as required.
3.4.2	Ensur	e appropriately zoned land that r	neets residential need	ds throughout t	he Shire's communities
3.4.2.1		Monitor take-up of all land use zones vacant land. Identify short falls.	Review supply of vacant land six monthly	100%	Council progressing rezoning plans and planning proposals to support future development. The recent purchase of land on Jones Circuit will facilitate growth. Council has also updated its Residential Lands Strategy and commenced a planning proposal for the Jones Circuit site.

3.5 OUR COMMUNITY IS WELL CONNECTED THROUGH OUR CYCLEWAYS, FOOTPATHS AND PUBLIC TRANSPORT SYSTEMS – SP No. 9

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments			
3.5.1 Provide advocacy and support on transport issues that best meet the needs of our residents							
3.5.1.1	Advocate to ensure that transport issues of our residents are adequately addressed.	Meet with State and Regional Local Members six monthly	100%	Meetings held with State Member and Federal Member Elect (now Member).			
3.5.2 Mainto	in aerodrome infrastructure to inc	rease the viability and	d sustainability	of aerodrome operations			
3.5.2.1	Implement Aerodrome Strategic and Master Plan	Implement actions in the Master Plan	100%	Council continues to implement actions in the current Master Plan as funding becomes available. Council is in the process of updating the Master Plan.			
3.5.2.2	Maintain the Narromine Aerodrome facility to meet reasonable user expectations and CASA requirements within the allocated budget.	Complete Obstacle Limitation Surface (OLS) annually by 30 November.	100%	OLS Survey completed as required. Maintenance undertaken as required to meet CASA regulations.			
3.5.2.3	Undertake inspections on operational areas.	Minimum 52 inspections per year.	100%	Inspections carried out weekly as per CASA guidelines.			
3.5.2.4	Maintenance of glider grassed runways.	Slashing undertaken minimum 26 times per year.	100%	Slashing continued to be undertaken as per CASA requirements. Slashing is dependant on climatic conditions.			
	and provide accessible and we n the Shire	ll-connected footpatl	ns, cycleways				
3.5.3.1	Ensure priority measures implemented from the PAMP.	Annual inspections of footpaths and cycleways prior to finalising works program.	100%	Annual inspections of footpaths and cycleways have been completed.			
		Annual works program identified by inspections and PAMP priorities and adopted annually.		Council adopted the revised PAMP and priority list on 14 August 2024. Works were completed in accordance with funding availability.			

OUR ROAD NETWORK IS SAFE, WELL MAINTAINED AND APPROPRIATELY FUNDED - SP No. 10

Action Co	ode Act	ion	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
3.6.1 E	nsure loc	al and regional road networ	k best meets the nee	ds of road use	rs and industry
3.6.1.1	Со	view and implement uncil's ten-year roads pital Works Program.	Ten Year Capital Works Program updated annually and adopted by 30 June.	100%	Ten Year Capital Works program was adopted by Council 25 June 2025.
			Works program completed within +/-5%		Construction and maintenance works completed as per adopted policy and budget. Flood funding works has been completed.
3.6.1.2	roc	ntinue to maintain adside slashing when grass bedes visibility.	Undertake slashing program annually.	100%	Maintenance slashing undertaken across the Shire.
3.6.1.3	fun	ply for hazard reduction ding through Rural Fire hting Fund.	Apply for funding prior to 31 March annually.	100%	Hazard Reduction Funding application has been completed via online portal.
3.6.2 A	dvocate	for continued and increased	d funding for the rural	road network	l
3.6.2.1	Me Mir	et with State and Federal mbers and the Roads nister on rural road ding issues.	Meet every six months with State and Federal members, and annual with NSW Minister for Roads	100%	Quarterly meetings held with State members and every six months with Federal members. Rural Road Funding issues discussed.
3.6.3 E	nsure loc	al and regional roads are so	ife, well-constructed	and maintaine	d
3.6.3.1	Me Mir	et with State and Federal mbers and the Roads nister on rural road ding issues and safety	Meet every six months with State and Federal members, and annually with NSW Minister for Roads	100%	Council continued to meet with the Minister for Regional Transport and Roads and Transport for NSW representatives to ensure Narromine LGA is receiving every possible funding for road maintenance and upgrades.



PROACTIVE LEADERSHIP

Our Goal:

We are an open and accountable local government that involves our community in the decision-making process, effectively manages our public resources through sound financial management and well-informed strategic planning for our Shire's future.

4.1 PROVISION OF AN ACCOUNTABLE AND TRANSPARENT LEADERSHIP – SP Nos. 30, 31, 32

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments			
	4.1.1 Enhance open and interactive communication between Council and the community guided by a Community Engagement Strategy which is monitored and reviewed						
4.1.1.1	Continue to gather feedback regarding community engagement strategies.	Annual review of community engagement strategy to Council by 30 November each year.	100%	Council's Community Engagement Strategy was reviewed and endorsed at the Ordinary Council Meeting held on 10 December 2024.			
4.1.1.2	Promote the positive aspects of Narromine Shire Council. Provide important information to the community.	Provide updates to the community on Council activities through all means available within the communications strategy.	100%	Promotion and communication of Council activities undertaken through weekly Council Column, Press Releases and Social Media.			
	he Council elected members are re eadership	oresentative of the com	munity and p	rovide strong and visionary			
4.1.2.1	Councillors maintain strategic community focus through strong and visionary leadership	Positive media around Council's strategic approach.	100%	Councillors worked to satisfy the targets and initiatives in the Community Strategic Plan. Regular Mayoral Columns in the Narromine Star along with regular media releases.			
4.1.3 P	rovide opportunities for community i	nembers to participate	in Council's c	lecision-making processes			
4.1.3.2	Provide an opportunity for the public to address Council on relevant issues through the Public Forum Policy at Council Meetings.	Advise the public of the availability of the public forum	100%	Public Forum was made available prior to each Ordinary Council Meeting. Community members were able to register to speak on items considered by the governing body of council. The availability of Public Forum is published on Council's website and notification is also made through Council's social media page.			

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
4.1.3.3	Continue to facilitate \$355 Advisory Committees.	Annual review of Section 355 Committee Charters and annual appointment of delegates (September).	100%	Council conducted its annual review of Section 355 Committee Charters at an Extraordinary Council Meeting held on 23 October 2024. Councillor delegates were duly appointed.
4.1.4 Facil	itate a positive and professiona	l image for the Narrom	ine Shire comi	munity and Council
4.1.4.1	Present a positive image of Council to the community.	Provide weekly communications via various means per the communication strategy.	100%	Council staff worked to ensure positive communication with the community. Communication via weekly newspaper column, weekly Council column and social media.

4.2 EFFECTIVE COUNCIL ORGANISATIONAL CAPABILITY AND CAPACITY - SP No. 30

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments			
4.2.1 Striv	4.2.1 Strive for business excellence through continuous improvement and creativity						
4.2.1.1	Encourage and reward innovative practices within Council's workforce.	One innovation introduced per directorate each year.	100%	Employee performance recognised and rewarded by Council at its function held in December 2024. Council continued to encourage innovative practices in all directorates.			
4.2.1.2	Foster a culture of continuous improvement through Council's Employee Reward and Recognition Program	Nominations received and awards presented	100%	Council presented long service awards, and employee recognition rewards at its function held in December 2024.			
4.2.1.3	Effective use of Audit Risk and Improvement Committee	85% of identified recommendations actioned	100%	Council's Audit Risk and Improvement Committee met quarterly. The Committee monitors the implementation of internal and external audit recommendations/corrective actions.			

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments		
4.2.2 Ensu	ure ongoing skills developme	ent of Council staff and	d professiona	development for Councillors		
4.2.2.1	Completion of annual training plans and delivery of identified development requirements	Annual training program (aligned to skills steps and performance reviews) established by 31 May.	100%	Staff annual training plans were developed early in the 2024/2025 financial year. Skills development was provided in accordance with budget and availability of providers. Development of the 2025/2026 plan is currently underway.		
4.2.2.3	Provide policies, programs and initiatives that support employee work/life balance.	Initiatives communicated to employees and employees leave balances kept within acceptable limits.	100%	Applicable policies reviewed as required. Initiatives considered and communicated to employees.		
4.2.2.4	Implement coaching and mentoring programs across the organisation to support leadership growth.	Leadership and management tools identified and made available.	100%	Council is committed to fostering leadership development by promoting its core values and strategic direction, implementing organisation-wide coaching and mentoring programs, and delivering tailored leadership training for outdoor and emerging leaders between May and August 2024.		
4.2.2.5	Implementation of Councillor Training and Professional Development Program.	95% attendance by Councillors at scheduled training events.	70%	Councillor training included - induction program 28 October 2024 (attended by 3 Councillors for the full day, and 1 for half the day); Cyber Awareness 12 November 2024 (attended by 5 Councillors); continued development 14 May 2025 (attended by all Councillors).		
	4.2.3 Ensure the integration of corporate plans set the long-term direction for the Local Government Area and Council					
4.2.3.1	Integrated Planning and Reporting documents reflect best practice.	All plans adopted by 30 June	100%	Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework reviewed and adopted by Council 25 June 2025.		

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
4.2.4 Prov	vide responsive high-level cu	ustomer service		
4.2.4.2	Customer services standards.	Annual satisfaction survey.	100%	Resources made available on an ongoing basis to provide services that meet the standards set by Council and the expectation of the community. Council uses the Customer Service Feedback Kiosk located in the Customer
				Service and Payment Centre to analyse customer service satisfaction.
4.2.4.3	Customer Requests responded to within time frames agreed in Customer Service Policy.	85% compliance with Customer Service Policy.	100%	Council monitored and reviewed customer requests on an ongoing basis to ensure responses are provided in accordance with the requirements of Council's Customer Services Policy. High level of standard and quality customer services delivered on a daily basis to the community.
4.2.5 Attro	act and retain a quality work	force that meets the n	eeds of the c	ommunity and future directions
4.2.5.1	Promote future workforce development with options such as traineeships, apprenticeships and cadetships within each department.	Applicable positions assessed and filled	100%	Operational staff continued to grow through mature-age apprenticeships and targeted training initiatives. Current traineeships are in place across ICT and Waste, along with cadet positions in Engineering, Finance, and Planning. Three additional roles have been funded and filled under the Fresh Start program, with recruitment underway for a further five funded positions.
4.2.5.3	Continue to implement best practice recruitment and selection practices, including strategies to fill gaps.	Vacancies filled within 90 business days	100%	Recruitment was carried out efficiently, with advertised vacancies filled within 90 days. Targeted training and development strategies have effectively addressed skill gaps and supported improved employee retention.
4.2.6 Fost	er a positive and responsive	'can do' approach by	y all Council s	staff and elected members
4.2.6.1	Councillors to act positively at all times in the public eye.	Number of complaints received.	50%	12 Code of Conduct complaints were received during the financial year.
	<u> </u>			l

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
4.2.6.2	Councillors and staff act ethically and make informed, transparent and inclusive decisions in the interest of the whole community.	Number of complaints received.	50%	Council's Code of Conduct provides the foundation for ethical decision-making and appropriate conduct for all council officials. Code of Conduct complaints are considered in accordance with the adopted procedures for the administration of the Code of Conduct. Council received 12 complaints for the financial year.

4.3 A FINANCIALLY SOUND COUNCIL THAT IS RESPONSIBLE AND SUSTAINABLE - SP No. 30

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments		
4.3.1 Operate and manage Council in a financially sustainable manner that meets all statutory and regulatory compliance and Council policies						
4.3.1.1	Implementation of the Delivery Program and Operational Plan including Budget and Asset Management Plan on an annual basis.	Plans and Budget documentation endorsed by Council by 30 June each year.	100%	Integrated Planning and Reporting documents including the Delivery Program, Operational Plan, Budget and Asset Management Plans, were adopted by Council 25 June 2025.		
4.3.1.2	Continue to prepare financially sustainable budgets for consideration by Council.	Council prepares annual balanced budget for adoption by Council.	100%	Quarterly budget reviews for 2024/25 budget were presented to Council during the financial year as required under the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW). Annual budget for 2025-26 was adopted by Council 25 June 2025. Budget monitored and controlled on an ongoing basis to ensure income and expenditure are in line with the approved budget.		
4.3.1.3	Continue to develop revenue strategies that are equitable and contribute to a financially sustainable future.	Sustainable Statement of Revenue Policy endorsed by Council by 30 June each year.	100%	Council's Statement of Revenue Policy was reviewed and endorsed by Council 25 June 2025.		

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
4.3.1.4	Levy and collect rates and charges in accordance with statutory requirements and Council policies.	No known breaches of policy.	100%	Rates, user fees and charges (water, sewer, refuse collection) and supplementary levies completed for all of the quarters in accordance with statutory requirements, policies and operational plan.
4.3.1.5	Provide monthly cash balances and detailed quarterly financial reports to Council.	Reports prepared and accepted by Councillors and management.	100%	Reports prepared and presented to Council monthly as required. Reports presented to the Audit Risk and Improvement Committee at its quarterly meetings for review and comments.
4.3.1.6	Prepare Council's Annual Financial Accounts in accordance with relevant Acts and Regulations.	Unmodified audit report issued by 31 October each year.	100%	Council's 2023-24 annual financial statements were considered and adopted by Council in November 2024. Final audited statements were completed and lodged with OLG on 31 October 2024.
4.3.1.7	Ensure Council has adequate cash flow to meet their needs.	Maintain level of outstanding rates and charges at below 10% at year end.	100%	Cash flow is monitored on an ongoing basis to ensure sufficient cash is available to meet Council's needs. Budget is controlled and monitored on an ongoing basis to ensure expenditure is in line with budget.
4.3.1.8	Ensure Council's ongoing financial viability.	Maintain a debt service ratio below 10%.	100%	Expenditure is monitored on an ongoing basis to ensure expenses are within budget. Budget is reviewed quarterly and amended if required.
4.3.1.9	Ensure accounting data is recorded accurately and returns are filed in accordance with legislative requirements.	Positive audit findings. Reduction in issues raised in management letter of medium consequence or higher.	100%	Financial system is monitored and maintained on an ongoing basis and updated as required. All returns have been completed and submitted. Council received a positive 2023/24 audit finding.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
4.3.2 E	nsure sufficient resources to meet cu	rrent and future needs	of the comm	unity
4.3.2.1	Maximise opportunities for utilising grants to supplement and support identified Council priorities and projects.	At least two successful grants received each year for projects within Council priority areas.	100%	Grant opportunities considered. Design and Upgrade of Tomingley Heavy Vehicle Rest Area; Open Streets Program for Narromine Dolly Festival.
4.3.2.2	Identify projects suitable for grant applications.	At least five identified projects per year in the operational plan, subject to grant funds.	100%	Projects identified to be suitable for grant applications included but not limited to Dundas Park Amenities, Tomingley Heavy Vehicle Rest Area, Library Upgrades, Dolly Parton Festival and Residential Planning.
	nsure Council's assets are monitored	and well managed		
4.3.3.1	Review and update Asset Management Strategy	Strategy adopted by Council by 30 June every four years.	100%	Asset Management Strategy was adopted by Council 25 June 2025.
4.3.3.2	Review and update Asset Management Policy	Policy adopted by Council by 30 June every four years	100%	Asset Management Policy was adopted by Council 25 June 2025.
4.3.3.3	Review asset management plans annually.	Asset management plans updated annually by 30 June.	100%	Asset Management Plans revised and endorsed by Council on 25 June 2025.
4.3.3.4	Undertake monthly inspections of Regional Roads.	12 inspections of each Regional Road per year.	100%	Regional roads inspections were undertaken monthly during 2024/25.
4.3.3.5	Undertake annual inspections of Local Roads.	100% Local Roads inspected minimum of once per year.	100%	All roads were inspected in July 2024, and Council continues to perform routine inspections using Alenabled camera technology.
4.3.3.6	Review and implement plant and fleet replacement strategy.	Strategy reviewed and implemented.	100%	All plant scheduled for replacement in 2024/25 has been successfully procured. Council undertook a substantial replacement program, including the purchase of six new ride-on mowers, tractors, a grader, and multiple light fleet vehicles.

Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments
4.3.3.7	Council's property strategy reviewed and actions implemented	85% of actions implemented	100%	Council continued to implement actions within the Strategy, including continuation of the industrial hub and freight exchange; implementation of the Northern Catchment stormwater project; and the Narromine Saleyards redevelopment. Leases are reviewed and renewed as required.
4.3.3.8	Review IT strategic plan.	Implement actions.	100%	The IT strategic plan is a live document and is reviewed regularly. Actions identified are implemented in accordance with available resources.

4.4 SOUND PARTNERSHIPS ARE ENCOURAGED AND FOSTERED – SP No. 32

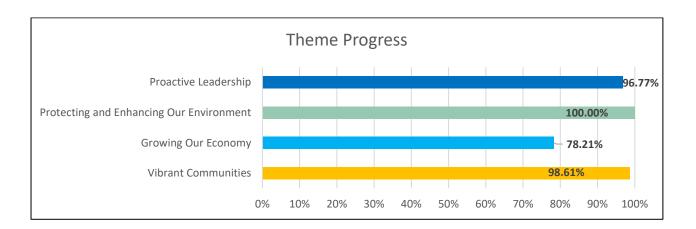
Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments	
4.4.1 Provi	4.4.1 Provide sound input into State, Regional and Non-Government Organisation Plans and Strategies				
4.4.1.1	Active membership and representation on government, regional and other bodies.	Maintain membership of relevant government, regional and area bodies.	100%	Active member of Country Mayors Association and Alliance of Western Councils.	
4.4.1.2	Prepare submissions as required.	One submission prepared per year.	100%	Most recent submissions included submission regarding support for residential development as a result of Renewable Energy Zone.	
4.4.1.3	Continue to participate in shared opportunities through Alliances.	Attendance and participation in all Alliances meetings and activities	100%	Council maintained active participation in HR and Payroll user groups, the Orana Water Utilities Alliance, and the Alliance of Western Councils, with representatives attending all scheduled meetings.	

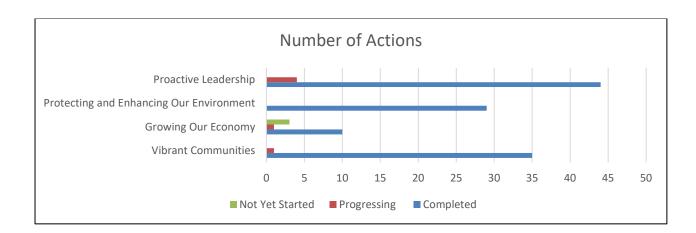
Action Code	Action	Performance Measure	Action Progress	Comments		
	Lobby and advocate for major infi	astructure and issues f	or the Shire th	at are backed by sound		
4.4.2.1	Represent the community's interests and lobbying topics of significant impact to the Shire.	One submission per quarter.	100%	An update was provided to Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western NSW, the Hon Tara Moriarty, MLC in relation to the Industrial Subdivision. Representation was also made to the Hon, Penny Sharpe, MLC in relation to support for Housing with the Renewable Energy Zone. Further submissions will be made as required.		
4.4.2.2	Advocate to other tiers of government for a better allocation of funding to support the delivery of services for which other levels of government have primary responsibility.	Meet every six months with State and Federal Local Members and relevant agencies	100%	Quarterly meetings held with State Member. Meeting also held with Federal Member Elect (now Member).		
	4.4.3 Develop and build partnerships with state and federal governments, industry and community organisations to foster development and delivery of community services and emerging business sectors					
4.4.3.1	Build strong relationships with State and Federal members and State Government agency representatives and regional development organisations	Meet every six months with State and Federal Local Members and relevant agencies to ensure the development and delivery of community service and emerging business sectors.	100%	Quarterly meetings held with State Member. Meeting also held with Federal Member Elect (now Member).		
4.4.3.2	Review Council's Social Plan.	Implement actions in the Social Plan.	100%	Improvements to Trangie underway. Improvements to Narromine library complete. Social Plan to be reviewed as Community Strategic Plan is updated.		

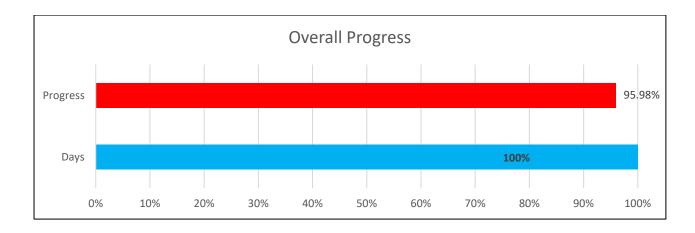
Attachment No. 3

acilitating partnerships and es and community organisati		al lovel betwe	
		ui level belwe	en communities, groups,
ork collaboratively with immunity groups through presentation at the eragency Group.	Attendance at Interagency meetings, minimum 2 meetings per year.	100%	Continued to attend as required. Council liaised with relevant agencies throughout the year. Attended greater than 2 meetings in 2024-25.
ork collaboratively with the ammunity through greater presentation at the Trangie stion Group and Tomingley dvancement Association.	90% attendance by Councillor Representative.	75%	Ongoing and positive communications with Trangie Action Group and Staff and continued six monthly meetings with Tomingley Advancement Association. Councillor representation at
	resentation at the tragency Group. rk collaboratively with the nmunity through greater resentation at the Trangie ion Group and Tomingley	resentation at the ragency Group. meetings, minimum 2 meetings per year. rk collaboratively with the nmunity through greater resentation at the Trangie ion Group and Tomingley meetings, minimum 2 meetings per year. 90% attendance by Councillor Representative.	resentation at the meetings, minimum 2 meetings per year. rk collaboratively with the nmunity through greater resentation at the Trangie ion Group and Tomingley meetings, minimum 2 meetings per year. 75% Councillor Representative.

Overall Progress









Administration Building 124 Dandaloo Street Postal Address PO Box 115 Narromine, NSW 2821

Back to Report

Contact Details Email: mail@narromine.nsw.gov.au Phone: 02 6889 9999

Fax: 02 6889 9998



CODE OF MEETING PRACTICE 2025

Attachment No. 4

Table of Contents

1	INTRODUCTION	. 3
2	MEETING PRINCIPLES	. 3
3	BEFORE THE MEETING	. 3
4	PUBLIC FORUMS	. 7
5	COMING TOGETHER	. 9
6	THE CHAIRPERSON	14
7	MODES OF ADDRESS	15
8	ORDER OF BUSINESS FOR ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETINGS	15
9	CONSIDERATION OF BUSINESS AT COUNCIL MEETINGS	16
10	RULES OF DEBATE	18
11	VOTING	21
12	COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE	22
13	DEALING WITH ITEMS BY EXCEPTION	22
14	CLOSURE OF COUNCIL MEETINGS TO THE PUBLIC	23
15	KEEPING ORDER AT MEETINGS	26
16	CONFLICTS OF INTEREST	29
17	DECISIONS OF THE COUNCIL	29
18	TIME LIMITS ON COUNCIL MEETINGS	31
19	AFTER THE MEETING	32
20	COUNCIL COMMITTEES	33
21	IRREGULARITES	36
22	DEFINITIONS	26

1 INTRODUCTION

This Model Code of Meeting Practice for Local Councils in NSW (the Model Meeting Code) is prescribed under section 360 of the Local Government Act 1993 (the Act) and the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 (the Regulation).

The Model Meeting Code applies to all meetings of Council and Committees of Council of which all the members are councillors (Committees of Council). Council Committees whose members include persons other than councillors may adopt their own rules for meetings unless Council determines otherwise.

2 MEETING PRINCIPLES

2.1 Council and committee meetings should be:

Transparent: Decisions are made in a way that is open and accountable.

Informed: Decisions are made based on relevant, quality information.

Inclusive: Decisions respect the diverse needs and interests of the local

community.

Principled: Decisions are informed by the principles prescribed under

Chapter 3 of the Act.

Trusted: The community has confidence that councillors and staff act

ethically and make decisions in the interests of the whole

community.

Respectful: Councillors, staff and meeting attendees treat each other with

respect.

Effective: Meetings are well organised, effectively run and skilfully chaired.

Orderly: Councillors, staff and meeting attendees behave in a way that

contributes to the orderly conduct of the meeting.

3 BEFORE THE MEETING

<u>Timing of ordinary council meetings</u>

3.1 The council shall, by resolution, set the frequency, time, date and place of its ordinary meetings.

Extraordinary meetings

3.2 If the mayor receives a request in writing, signed by at least two (2) councillors, the mayor must call an extraordinary meeting of the council to be held as soon as practicable, but in any event, no more than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the request. The mayor can be one of the two councillors requesting the meeting.

Notice to the public of council meetings

3.3 The council must give notice to the public of the time, date and place of each of its meetings, including extraordinary meetings and of each meeting of committees of the council.

- 3.4 For the purposes of clause 3.3, notice of a meeting of the council and of a committee of council is to be published before the meeting takes place. The notice must be published on the council's website, and in such other manner that the council is satisfied is likely to bring notice of the meeting to the attention of as many people as possible.
- 3.5 For the purposes of clause 3.3, notice of more than one (1) meeting may be given in the same notice.

Notice to councillors of ordinary council meetings

- 3.6 The general manager must send to each councillor, at least three (3) days before each meeting of the council, a notice specifying the time, date and place at which the meeting is to be held, and the business proposed to be considered at the meeting.
- 3.7 The notice and the agenda for, and the business papers relating to, the meeting may be given to councillors in electronic form, but only if all councillors have facilities to access the notice, agenda and business papers in that form.

Notice to councillors of extraordinary meetings

3.8 Notice of less than three (3) days may be given to councillors of an extraordinary meeting of the council in cases of emergency.

Giving notice of business to be considered at council meetings

- 3.9 A councillor may give notice of any business they wish to be considered by the council at its next ordinary meeting by way of a notice of motion. To be included on the agenda of the meeting, the notice of motion must be in writing and must be submitted **8** business days before the meeting is to be held.
- 3.10 A councillor may, in writing to the general manager, request the withdrawal of a notice of motion submitted by them prior to its inclusion in the agenda and business paper for the meeting at which it is to be considered.
- 3.11 If the general manager considers that a notice of motion submitted by a councillor for consideration at an ordinary meeting of the council has legal, strategic, financial or policy implications which should be taken into consideration by the meeting, the general manager may prepare a report in relation to the notice of motion for inclusion with the business papers for the meeting at which the notice of motion is to be considered by the council.
- 3.12 A notice of motion for the expenditure of funds on works and/or services other than those already provided for in the council's current adopted operational plan must identify the source of funding for the expenditure that is the subject of the notice of motion. If the notice of motion does not identify a funding source, the general manager must either:
 - (a) prepare a report on the availability of funds for implementing the motion if adopted for inclusion in the business papers for the meeting at which the notice of motion is to be considered by the council, or
 - (b) by written notice sent to all councillors with the business papers for the meeting for which the notice of motion has been submitted, defer consideration of the matter by the council to such a date specified in the notice, pending the preparation of such a report.

Questions with notice

- 3.13 A councillor may, by way of a notice submitted under clause 3.9, ask a question for response by the general manager about the performance or operations of the council.
- 3.14 A councillor is not permitted to ask a question with notice under clause 3.13 that comprises a complaint against the general manager or a member of staff of the council, or a question that implies wrongdoing by the general manager or a member of staff of the council.
- 3.15 The general manager or their nominee may respond to a question with notice submitted under clause 3.13 by way of a report included in the business papers for the relevant meeting of the council or orally at the meeting.

Agenda and business papers for ordinary meetings

- 3.16 The general manager must cause the agenda for a meeting of the council or a committee of the council to be prepared as soon as practicable before the meeting.
- 3.17 The general manager must ensure that the agenda for an ordinary meeting of the council states:
 - (a) all matters to be dealt with arising out of the proceedings of previous meetings of the council, and
 - (b) if the mayor is the chairperson any matter or topic that the chairperson proposes, at the time when the agenda is prepared, to put to the meeting, and
 - (c) all matters, including matters that are the subject of staff reports and reports of committees, to be considered at the meeting, and
 - (d) any business of which due notice has been given under clause 3.9.
- 3.18 Nothing in clause 3.17 limits the powers of the mayor to put a mayoral minute to a meeting under clause 9.6.
- 3.19 The general manager must not include in the agenda for a meeting of the council any business of which due notice has been given if, in the opinion of the general manager, the business is, or the implementation of the business would be, unlawful. The general manager must report, without giving details of the item of business, any such exclusion to the next meeting of the council.
- 3.20 Where the agenda includes the receipt of information or discussion of other matters that, in the opinion of the general manager, is likely to take place when the meeting is closed to the public, the general manager must ensure that the agenda of the meeting:
 - (a) identifies the relevant item of business and indicates that it is of such a nature (without disclosing details of the information to be considered when the meeting is closed to the public), and
 - (b) states the grounds under section 10A(2) of the Act relevant to the item of business.

3.21 The general manager must ensure that the details of any item of business which, in the opinion of the general manager, is likely to be considered when the meeting is closed to the public, are included in a business paper provided to councillors for the meeting concerned. Such details must not be included in the business papers made available to the public and must not be disclosed by a councillor or by any other person to another person who is not authorised to have that information.

Statement of ethical obligations

3.22 Business papers for all ordinary and extraordinary meetings of the council and committees of the council must contain a statement reminding councillors of their oath or affirmation of office made under section 233A of the Act and their obligations under the council's code of conduct to disclose and appropriately manage conflicts of interest.

Availability of the agenda and business papers to the public

- 3.23 Copies of the agenda and the associated business papers, such as correspondence and reports for meetings of the council and committees of council, are to be published on the council's website, and must be made available to the public for inspection, or for taking away by any person free of charge at the offices of the council, at the relevant meeting and at such other venues determined by the council.
- 3.24 Clause 3.23 does not apply to the business papers for items of business that the general manager has identified under clause 3.20 as being likely to be considered when the meeting is closed to the public.
- 3.25 For the purposes of clause 3.23, copies of agendas and business papers must be published on the council's website and made available to the public at a time that is as close as possible to the time they are available to councillors.
- 3.26 A copy of an agenda, or of an associated business paper made available under clause 3.23, may in addition be given or made available in electronic form.

Agenda and business papers for extraordinary meetings

- 3.27 The general manager must ensure that the agenda for an extraordinary meeting of the council deals only with the matters stated in the notice of the meeting.
- 3.28 Despite clause 3.27, business may be considered at an extraordinary meeting of the council, even though due notice of the business has not been given, if:
 - (a) a motion is passed to have the business considered at the meeting, and
 - (b) the business to be considered is ruled by the chairperson to be of great urgency on the grounds that it requires a decision by the council before the next scheduled ordinary meeting of the council.
- 3.29 A motion moved under clause 3.28(a) can be moved without notice but only after the business notified in the agenda for the extraordinary meeting has been dealt with.

- 3.30 Despite clauses 10.20–10.30, only the mover of a motion moved under clause 3.28(a) can speak to the motion before it is put.
- 3.31 A motion of dissent cannot be moved against a ruling of the chairperson under clause 3.28(b) on whether a matter is of great urgency.

Pre-meeting briefing sessions

- 3.32 Prior to each ordinary meeting of the council, the general manager may arrange a pre-meeting briefing session to brief councillors on business to be considered at the meeting. Pre-meeting briefing sessions may also be held for extraordinary meetings of the council and meetings of committees of the council.
- 3.33 Pre-meeting briefing sessions are to be held in the absence of the public.
- 3.34 Pre-meeting briefing sessions may be held by audio-visual link.
- 3.35 The general manager or a member of staff nominated by the general manager is to preside at pre-meeting briefing sessions.
- 3.36 Councillors must not use pre-meeting briefing sessions to debate or make preliminary decisions on items of business they are being briefed on, and any debate and decision-making must be left to the formal council or committee meeting at which the item of business is to be considered.
- 3.37 Councillors (including the mayor) must declare and manage any conflicts of interest they may have in relation to any item of business that is the subject of a briefing at a pre-meeting briefing session, in the same way that they are required to do so at a council or committee meeting. The council is to maintain a written record of all conflict of interest declarations made at premeeting briefing sessions and how the conflict of interest was managed by the councillor who made the declaration.

4 PUBLIC FORUMS

- 4.1 The council may hold a public forum prior to each ordinary meeting of the council for the purpose of hearing oral submissions from members of the public on items of business to be considered at the meeting. Public forums may also be held prior to extraordinary council meetings and meetings of committees of the council.
- 4.2 Public forums may be held by audio-visual link.
- 4.3 Public forums are to be chaired by the mayor or their nominee.
- 4.4 To speak at a public forum, a person must first make an application to the council in the approved form. Applications to speak at the public forum must be received by **12pm on the day prior to** before the date on which the public forum is to be held, and must identify the item of business on the agenda of the council meeting the person wishes to speak on, and whether they wish to speak 'for' or 'against' the item.

- 4.5 A person may apply to speak on no more than **2** items of business on the agenda of the council meeting.
- 4.6 Legal representatives acting on behalf of others are not to be permitted to speak at a public forum unless they identify their status as a legal representative when applying to speak at the public forum.
- 4.7 The general manager or their delegate may refuse an application to speak at a public forum. The general manager or their delegate must give reasons in writing for a decision to refuse an application.
- 4.8 No more than **8** speakers are to be permitted to speak 'for' or 'against' each item of business on the agenda for the council meeting.
- 4.9 If more than the permitted number of speakers apply to speak 'for' or 'against' any item of business, the general manager or their delegate may request the speakers to nominate from among themselves the persons who are to address the council on the item of business. If the speakers are not able to agree on whom to nominate to address the council, the general manager or their delegate is to determine who will address the council at the public forum.
- 4.10 If more than the permitted number of speakers apply to speak 'for' or 'against' any item of business, the general manager or their delegate may, in consultation with the mayor or the mayor's nominated chairperson, increase the number of speakers permitted to speak on an item of business, where they are satisfied that it is necessary to do so to allow the council to hear a fuller range of views on the relevant item of business.
- 4.11 Approved speakers at the public forum are to register with the council any written, visual or audio material to be presented in support of their address to the council at the public forum, and to identify any equipment needs no more than 2 days before the public forum. The general manager or their delegate may refuse to allow such material to be presented.
- 4.12 The general manager or their delegate is to determine the order of speakers at the public forum.
- 4.13 Each speaker will be allowed **3** minutes to address the council. This time is to be strictly enforced by the chairperson.
- 4.14 Speakers at public forums must not digress from the item on the agenda of the council meeting they have applied to address the council on. If a speaker digresses to irrelevant matters, the chairperson is to direct the speaker not to do so. If a speaker fails to observe a direction from the chairperson, the speaker will not be further heard.
- 4.15 A councillor (including the chairperson) may, through the chairperson, ask questions of a speaker following their address at a public forum. Questions put to a speaker must be direct, succinct and without argument.
- 4.16 Speakers are under no obligation to answer a question put under clause 4.15. Answers by the speaker, to each question are to be limited to **2** minutes.

- 4.17 Speakers at public forums cannot ask questions of the council, councillors, or council staff.
- 4.18 The general manager or their nominee may, with the concurrence of the chairperson, address the council for up to **3** minutes in response to an address to the council at a public forum after the address and any subsequent questions and answers have been finalised.
- 4.19 Where an address made at a public forum raises matters that require further consideration by council staff, the general manager may recommend that the council defer consideration of the matter pending the preparation of a further report on the matters.
- 4.20 When addressing the council, speakers at public forums must comply with this code and all other relevant council codes, policies, and procedures. Speakers must refrain from engaging in disorderly conduct, publicly alleging breaches of the council's code of conduct or making other potentially defamatory statements.
- 4.21 If the chairperson considers that a speaker at a public forum has engaged in conduct of the type referred to in clause 4.20, the chairperson may request the person to refrain from the inappropriate behaviour and to withdraw and unreservedly apologise for any inappropriate comments. Where the speaker fails to comply with the chairperson's request, the chairperson may immediately require the person to stop speaking.
- 4.22 Clause 4.21 does not limit the ability of the chairperson to deal with disorderly conduct by speakers at public forums in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of this code.
- 4.23 Where a speaker engages in conduct of the type referred to in clause 4.20, the general manager or their delegate may refuse further applications from that person to speak at public forums for such a period as the general manager or their delegate considers appropriate.
- 4.24 Councillors (including the mayor) must declare and manage any conflicts of interest they may have in relation to any item of business that is the subject of an address at a public forum, in the same way that they are required to do so at a council or committee meeting. The council is to maintain a written record of all conflict of interest declarations made at public forums and how the conflict of interest was managed by the councillor who made the declaration.

5 COMING TOGETHER

Attendance by councillors at meetings

- 5.1 All councillors must make reasonable efforts to attend meetings of the council and of committees of the council of which they are members.
- 5.2 A councillor cannot participate in a meeting of the council or of a committee of the council unless personally present at the meeting, unless permitted to attend the meeting by audio-visual link under this code.

- 5.3 Where a councillor is unable to attend one or more ordinary meetings of the council, the councillor should request that the council grant them a leave of absence from those meetings. This clause does not prevent a councillor from making an apology if they are unable to attend a meeting. However, the acceptance of such an apology does not constitute the granting of a leave of absence for the purposes of this code and the Act.
- 5.4 A councillor's request for leave of absence from council meetings should, if practicable, identify (by date) the meetings from which the councillor intends to be absent and the grounds upon which the leave of absence is being sought.
- 5.5 The council must act reasonably when considering whether to grant a councillor's request for a leave of absence.
- 5.6 A councillor's civic office will become vacant if the councillor is absent from three (3) consecutive ordinary meetings of the council without prior leave of the council, or leave granted by the council at any of the meetings concerned, unless the holder is absent because they have been suspended from office under the Act, or because the council has been suspended under the Act, or as a consequence of a compliance order under section 438HA.
- 5.7 A councillor who intends to attend a meeting of the council despite having been granted a leave of absence should, if practicable, give the general manager at least two (2) days' notice of their intention to attend.

The quorum for a meeting

- 5.8 The quorum for a meeting of the council is a majority of the councillors of the council who hold office at that time and are not suspended from office.
- 5.9 Clause 5.8 does not apply if the quorum is required to be determined in accordance with directions of the Minister in a performance improvement order issued in respect of the council.
- 5.10 A meeting of the council must be adjourned if a quorum is not present:
 - (a) at the commencement of the meeting where the number of apologies received for the meeting indicates that there will not be a quorum for the meeting, or
 - (b) within half an hour after the time designated for the holding of the meeting, or
 - (c) at any time during the meeting.
- 5.11 In either case, the meeting must be adjourned to a time, date, and place fixed:
 - (a) by the chairperson, or
 - (b) in the chairperson's absence, by the majority of the councillors present, or
 - (c) failing that, by the general manager.
- 5.12 The general manager must record in the council's minutes the circumstances relating to the absence of a quorum (including the reasons for the absence of a quorum) at or arising during a meeting of the council, together with the names of the councillors present.

- 5.13 Where, prior to the commencement of a meeting, it becomes apparent that a quorum may not be present at the meeting, or that the health, safety or welfare of councillors, council staff and members of the public may be put at risk by attending the meeting because of a natural disaster or a public health emergency, the mayor may, in consultation with the general manager and, as far as is practicable, with each councillor, cancel the meeting. Where a meeting is cancelled, notice of the cancellation must be published on the council's website and in such other manner that the council is satisfied is likely to bring notice of the cancellation to the attention of as many people as possible.
- 5.14 Where a meeting is cancelled under clause 5.13, the business to be considered at the meeting may instead be considered, where practicable, at the next ordinary meeting of the council or at an extraordinary meeting called under clause 3.2.

Meetings held by audio-visual link

- 5.15 A meeting of the council or a committee of the council may be held by audiovisual link where the mayor determines that the meeting should be held by audio-visual link because of a natural disaster or a public health emergency. The mayor may only make a determination under this clause where they are satisfied that attendance at the meeting may put the health and safety of councillors and staff at risk. The mayor must make a determination under this clause in consultation with the general manager and, as far as is practicable, with each councillor.
- 5.16 Where the mayor determines under clause 5.15 that a meeting is to be held by audio-visual link, the general manager must:
 - (a) give written notice to all councillors that the meeting is to be held by audio-visual link, and
 - (b) take all reasonable steps to ensure that all councillors can participate in the meeting by audio-visual link, and
 - (c) cause a notice to be published on the council's website and in such other manner the general manager is satisfied will bring it to the attention of as many people as possible, advising that the meeting is to be held by audio-visual link and providing information about where members of the public may view the meeting.
- 5.17 This code applies to a meeting held by audio-visual link under clause 5.15 in the same way it would if the meeting was held in person.

Attendance by councillors at meetings by audio-visual link

- 5.18 Councillors may attend and participate in meetings of the council and committees of the council by audio-visual link with the approval of the council or the relevant committee.
- 5.19 A request by a councillor for approval to attend a meeting by audio-visual link must be made in writing to the general manager prior to the meeting in question and must provide reasons why the councillor will be prevented from attending the meeting in person.

- 5.20 Councillors may request approval to attend more than one meeting by audiovisual link. Where a councillor requests approval to attend more than one meeting by audio-visual link, the request must specify the meetings the request relates to in addition to the information required under clause 5.19.
- 5.21 The council must comply with the Health Privacy Principles prescribed under the Health Records and Information Privacy Act 2002 when collecting, holding, using and disclosing health information in connection with a request by a councillor to attend a meeting by audio-visual link.
- 5.22 A councillor who has requested approval to attend a meeting of the council or a committee of the council by audio-visual link may participate in the meeting by audio-visual link until the council or committee determines whether to approve their request and is to be taken as present at the meeting. The councillor may participate in a decision in relation to their request to attend the meeting by audio-visual link.
- 5.23 A decision whether to approve a request by a councillor to attend a meeting of the council or a committee of the council by audio-visual link must be made by a resolution of the council or the committee concerned. The resolution must state:
 - (a) the meetings the resolution applies to, and
 - (b) the reason why the councillor is being permitted to attend the meetings by audio-visual link where it is on grounds other than illness, disability, or caring responsibilities.
- 5.24 If the council or committee refuses a councillor's request to attend a meeting by audio-visual link, their link to the meeting is to be terminated.
- 5.25 A decision whether to approve a councillor's request to attend a meeting by audio-visual link is at the council's or the relevant committee's discretion. The council and committees of the council must act reasonably when considering requests by councillors to attend meetings by audio-visual link. However, the council and committees of the council are under no obligation to approve a councillor's request to attend a meeting by audio-visual link where the technical capacity does not exist to allow the councillor to attend the meeting by these means.
- 5.26 The council and committees of the council may refuse a councillor's request to attend a meeting by audio-visual link where the council or committee is satisfied that the councillor has failed to appropriately declare and manage conflicts of interest, observe confidentiality or to comply with this code on one or more previous occasions they have attended a meeting of the council or a committee of the council by audio-visual link.
- 5.27 This code applies to a councillor attending a meeting by audio-visual link in the same way it would if the councillor was attending the meeting in person. Where a councillor is permitted to attend a meeting by audio-visual link under this code, they are to be taken as attending the meeting in person for the purposes of the code and will have the same voting rights as if they were attending the meeting in person.

- 5.28 A councillor must give their full attention to the business and proceedings of the meeting when attending a meeting by audio-visual link. The councillor's camera must be on at all times during the meeting except as may be otherwise provided for under this code.
- 5.29 A councillor must be appropriately dressed when attending a meeting by audio-visual link and must ensure that no items are within sight of the meeting that are inconsistent with the maintenance of order at the meeting or that are likely to bring the council or the committee into disrepute.

Entitlement of the public to attend council meetings

- 5.30 Everyone is entitled to attend a meeting of the council and committees of the council. The council must ensure that all meetings of the council and committees of the council are open to the public.
- 5.31 Clause 5.31 does not apply to parts of meetings that have been closed to the public under section 10A of the Act.
- 5.32 A person (whether a councillor or another person) is not entitled to be present at a meeting of the council or a committee of the council if expelled from the meeting:
 - (a) by a resolution of the meeting, or
 - (b) by the person presiding at the meeting if the council has, by resolution, authorised the person presiding to exercise the power of expulsion.

Webcasting of meetings

- 5.33 Each meeting of the council or a committee of the council is to be recorded by means of an audio or audio-visual device.
- 5.34 At the start of each meeting of the council or a committee of the council, the chairperson must inform the persons attending the meeting that:
 - (a) the meeting is being recorded and made publicly available on the council's website, and
 - (b) persons attending the meeting should refrain from making any defamatory statements.
- 5.35 The recording of a meeting is to be made publicly available on the council's website:
 - (a) at the same time as the meeting is taking place, or
 - (b) as soon as practicable after the meeting.
- 5.36 The recording of a meeting is to be made publicly available on the council's website for at least 12 months after the meeting.
- 5.37 Clauses 5.35 and 5.36 do not apply to any part of a meeting that has been closed to the public in accordance with section 10A of the Act.
- 5.38 Recordings of meetings may be disposed of in accordance with the *State Records Act 1998*.

Attendance of the general manager and other staff at meetings

- 5.39 The general manager is entitled to attend, but not to vote at, a meeting of the council or a meeting of a committee of the council of which all of the members are councillors.
- 5.40 The general manager is entitled to attend a meeting of any other committee of the council and may, if a member of the committee, exercise a vote.
- 5.41 The general manager may be excluded from a meeting of the council or a committee while the council or committee deals with a matter relating to the standard of performance of the general manager or the terms of employment of the general manager.
- 5.42 The attendance of other council staff at a meeting, (other than as members of the public) shall be with the approval of the general manager.
- 5.43 The general manager and other council staff may attend meetings of the council and committees of the council by audio-visual-link. Attendance by council staff at meetings by audio-visual link (other than as members of the public) shall be with the approval of the general manager.

6 THE CHAIRPERSON

The chairperson at meetings

- 6.1 The mayor, or at the request of or in the absence of the mayor, the deputy mayor (if any) presides at meetings of the council.
- 6.2 If the mayor and the deputy mayor (if any) are absent, a councillor elected to chair the meeting by the councillors present presides at a meeting of the council.

Election of the chairperson in the absence of the mayor and deputy mayor

- 6.3 If no chairperson is present at a meeting of the council at the time designated for the holding of the meeting, the first business of the meeting must be the election of a chairperson to preside at the meeting.
- 6.4 The election of a chairperson must be conducted:
 - (a) by the general manager or, in their absence, an employee of the council designated by the general manager to conduct the election, or
 - (b) by the person who called the meeting or a person acting on their behalf if neither the general manager nor a designated employee is present at the meeting, or if there is no general manager or designated employee.
- 6.5 If, at an election of a chairperson, two (2) or more candidates receive the same number of votes and no other candidate receives a greater number of votes, the chairperson is to be the candidate whose name is chosen by lot.

- 6.6 For the purposes of clause 6.5, the person conducting the election must:
 - (a) arrange for the names of the candidates who have equal numbers of votes to be written on similar slips, and
 - (b) then fold the slips so as to prevent the names from being seen, mix the slips and draw one of the slips at random.
- 6.7 The candidate whose name is on the drawn slip is the candidate who is to be the chairperson.
- 6.8 Any election conducted under clause 6.3, and the outcome of the vote, are to be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Chairperson to have precedence

- 6.9 When the chairperson rises or speaks during a meeting of the council:
 - (a) any councillor then speaking or seeking to speak must cease speaking and, if standing, immediately resume their seat, and
 - (b) every councillor present must be silent to enable the chairperson to be heard without interruption.

7 MODES OF ADDRESS

- 7.1 If the chairperson is the mayor, they are to be addressed as 'Mr Mayor' or 'Madam Mayor'.
- 7.2 Where the chairperson is not the mayor, they are to be addressed as either 'Mr Chairperson' or 'Madam Chairperson'.
- 7.3 A councillor is to be addressed as 'Councillor [surname]'.
- 7.4 A council officer is to be addressed by their official designation or as Mr/Ms [surname].

8 ORDER OF BUSINESS FOR ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETINGS

- 8.1 At a meeting of the council, the general order of business is as fixed by resolution of the council.
- 8.2 The order of business as fixed under clause 8.1 may be altered for a particular meeting of the council if a motion to that effect is passed at that meeting. Such a motion can be moved without notice.
- 8.3 Despite clauses 10.20–10.30, only the mover of a motion referred to in clause 8.2 may speak to the motion before it is put.

9 CONSIDERATION OF BUSINESS AT COUNCIL MEETINGS

Business that can be dealt with at a council meeting

- 9.1 The council must not consider business at a meeting of the council:
 - (a) unless a councillor has given notice of the business, as required by clause 3.9, and
 - (b) unless notice of the business has been sent to the councillors in accordance with clause 3.6 in the case of an ordinary meeting or clause 3.8 in the case of an extraordinary meeting called in an emergency.
- 9.2 Clause 9.1 does not apply to the consideration of business at a meeting, if the business:
 - is already before, or directly relates to, a matter that is already before the council, or
 - (b) is the election of a chairperson to preside at the meeting, or
 - (c) subject to clause 9.9, is a matter or topic put to the meeting by way of a mayoral minute, or
 - (d) is a motion for the adoption of recommendations of a committee, including, but not limited to, a committee of the council.
- 9.3 Despite clause 9.1, business may be considered at a meeting of the council even though due notice of the business has not been given to the councillors if:
 - (a) a motion is passed to have the business considered at the meeting, and
 - (b) the business to be considered is ruled by the chairperson to be of great urgency on the grounds that it requires a decision by the council before the next scheduled ordinary meeting of the council.
- 9.4 A motion moved under clause 9.3(a) can be moved without notice. Despite clauses 10.20–10.30, only the mover of a motion referred to in clause 9.3(a) can speak to the motion before it is put.
- 9.5 A motion of dissent cannot be moved against a ruling by the chairperson under clause 9.3(b).

Mayoral minutes

- 9.6 Subject to clause 9.9, if the mayor is the chairperson at a meeting of the council, the mayor may, by minute signed by the mayor, put to the meeting without notice any matter or topic that is within the jurisdiction of the council, or of which the council has official knowledge.
- 9.7 A mayoral minute, when put to a meeting, takes precedence over all business on the council's agenda for the meeting. The chairperson (but only if the chairperson is the mayor) may move the adoption of a mayoral minute without the motion being seconded.
- 9.8 A recommendation made in a mayoral minute put by the mayor is, so far as it is adopted by the council, a resolution of the council.

- 9.9 A mayoral minute must not be used to put without notice matters that are routine and not urgent or matters for which proper notice should be given because of their complexity. For the purpose of this clause, a matter will be urgent where it requires a decision by the council before the next scheduled ordinary meeting of the council.
- 9.10 Where a mayoral minute makes a recommendation which, if adopted, would require the expenditure of funds on works and/or services other than those already provided for in the council's current adopted operational plan, it must identify the source of funding for the expenditure that is the subject of the recommendation. If the mayoral minute does not identify a funding source, the council must defer consideration of the matter, pending a report from the general manager on the availability of funds for implementing the recommendation if adopted.

Staff reports

9.11 A recommendation made in a staff report is, so far as it is adopted by the council, a resolution of the council.

Reports of committees of council

- 9.12 The recommendations of a committee of the council are, so far as they are adopted by the council, resolutions of the council.
- 9.13 If in a report of a committee of the council distinct recommendations are made, the council may make separate decisions on each recommendation.

Questions

- 9.14 A question must not be asked at a meeting of the council unless it concerns a matter on the agenda of the meeting or notice has been given of the question in accordance with clauses 3.9 and 3.13.
- 9.15 A councillor may, through the chairperson, put a question to another councillor about a matter on the agenda.
- 9.16 A councillor may, through the general manager, put a question to a council employee about a matter on the agenda. Council employees are only obliged to answer a question put to them through the general manager at the direction of the general manager.
- 9.17 A councillor or council employee to whom a question is put is entitled to be given reasonable notice of the question and, in particular, sufficient notice to enable reference to be made to other persons or to information. Where a councillor or council employee to whom a question is put is unable to respond to the question at the meeting at which it is put, they may take it on notice and report the response to the next meeting of the council.
- 9.18 Councillors must put questions directly, succinctly, respectfully and without argument.
- 9.19 The chairperson must not permit discussion on any reply to, or refusal to reply to, a question put to a councillor or council employee.

10 RULES OF DEBATE

Motions to be seconded

10.1 Unless otherwise specified in this code, a motion or an amendment cannot be debated unless or until it has been seconded.

Notices of motion

- 10.2 A councillor who has submitted a notice of motion under clause 3.9 is to move the motion the subject of the notice of motion at the meeting at which it is to be considered.
- 10.3 If a councillor who has submitted a notice of motion under clause 3.9 wishes to withdraw it after the agenda and business paper for the meeting at which it is to be considered have been sent to councillors, the councillor may request the withdrawal of the motion when it is before the council.
- 10.4 In the absence of a councillor who has placed a notice of motion on the agenda for a meeting of the council:
 - (a) any other councillor may, with the leave of the chairperson, move the motion at the meeting, or
 - (b) the chairperson may defer consideration of the motion until the next meeting of the council.

Chairperson's duties with respect to motions

- 10.5 It is the duty of the chairperson at a meeting of the council to receive and put to the meeting any lawful motion that is brought before the meeting.
- 10.6 The chairperson must rule out of order any motion or amendment to a motion that is unlawful or the implementation of which would be unlawful.
- 10.7 Before ruling out of order a motion or an amendment to a motion under clause 10.6, the chairperson is to give the mover an opportunity to clarify or amend the motion or amendment.
- 10.8 Any motion, amendment, or other matter that the chairperson has ruled out of order is taken to have been lost.

Motions requiring the expenditure of funds

10.9 A motion or an amendment to a motion which if passed would require the expenditure of funds on works and/or services other than those already provided for in the council's current adopted operational plan must identify the source of funding for the expenditure that is the subject of the motion. If the motion does not identify a funding source, the council must defer consideration of the matter, pending a report from the general manager on the availability of funds for implementing the motion if adopted.

Amendments to motions

- 10.10 An amendment to a motion must be moved and seconded before it can be debated.
- 10.11 An amendment to a motion must relate to the matter being dealt with in the original motion before the council and must not be a direct negative of the original motion. An amendment to a motion which does not relate to the matter being dealt with in the original motion, or which is a direct negative of the original motion, must be ruled out of order by the chairperson.
- 10.12 The mover of an amendment is to be given the opportunity to explain any uncertainties in the proposed amendment before a seconder is called for.
- 10.13 If an amendment has been lost, a further amendment can be moved to the motion to which the lost amendment was moved, and so on, but no more than one (1) motion and one (1) proposed amendment can be before council at any one time.
- 10.14 While an amendment is being considered, debate must only occur in relation to the amendment and not the original motion. Debate on the original motion is to be suspended while the amendment to the original motion is being debated.
- 10.15 If the amendment is carried, it becomes the motion and is to be debated. If the amendment is lost, debate is to resume on the original motion.
- 10.16 An amendment may become the motion without debate or a vote where it is accepted by the councillor who moved the original motion.

Foreshadowed motions

- 10.17 A councillor may propose a foreshadowed motion in relation to the matter the subject of the original motion before the council, without a seconder during debate on the original motion. The foreshadowed motion is only to be considered if the original motion is lost or withdrawn and the foreshadowed motion is then moved and seconded. If the original motion is carried, the foreshadowed motion lapses.
- 10.18 Where an amendment has been moved and seconded, a councillor may, without a seconder, foreshadow a further amendment that they propose to move after the first amendment has been dealt with. There is no limit to the number of foreshadowed amendments that may be put before the council at any time. However, no discussion can take place on foreshadowed amendments until the previous amendment has been dealt with and the foreshadowed amendment has been moved and seconded.
- 10.19 Foreshadowed motions and foreshadowed amendments are to be considered in the order in which they are proposed. However, foreshadowed motions cannot be considered until all foreshadowed amendments have been dealt with.

Limitations on the number and duration of speeches

- 10.20 A councillor who, during a debate at a meeting of the council, moves an original motion, has the right to speak on each amendment to the motion and a right of general reply to all observations that are made during the debate in relation to the motion, and any amendment to it at the conclusion of the debate before the motion (whether amended or not) is finally put.
- 10.21 A councillor, other than the mover of an original motion, has the right to speak once on the motion and once on each amendment to it.
- 10.22 A councillor must not, without the consent of the council, speak more than once on a motion or an amendment, or for longer than five (5) minutes at any one time.
- 10.23 Despite clause 10.22, the chairperson may permit a councillor who claims to have been misrepresented or misunderstood to speak more than once on a motion or an amendment, and for longer than five (5) minutes on that motion or amendment to enable the councillor to make a statement limited to explaining the misrepresentation or misunderstanding.
- 10.24 Despite clause 10.22, the council may resolve to shorten the duration of speeches to expedite the consideration of business at a meeting.
- 10.25 Despite clauses 10.20 and 10.21, a councillor may move that a motion or an amendment be now put:
 - (a) if the mover of the motion or amendment has spoken in favour of it and no councillor expresses an intention to speak against it, or
 - (b) if at least two (2) councillors have spoken in favour of the motion or amendment and at least two (2) councillors have spoken against it.
- 10.26 The chairperson must immediately put to the vote, without debate, a motion moved under clause 10.25. A seconder is not required for such a motion.
- 10.27 If a motion that the original motion or an amendment be now put is passed, the chairperson must, without further debate, put the original motion or amendment to the vote immediately after the mover of the original motion has exercised their right of reply under clause 10.20.
- 10.28 If a motion that the original motion or an amendment be now put is lost, the chairperson must allow the debate on the original motion or the amendment to be resumed.
- 10.29 All councillors must be heard without interruption and all other councillors must, unless otherwise permitted under this code, remain silent while another councillor is speaking.
- 10.30 Once the debate on a matter has concluded and a matter has been dealt with, the chairperson must not allow further debate on the matter.

11 VOTING

Voting entitlements of councillors

- 11.1 Each councillor is entitled to one (1) vote.
- 11.2 The person presiding at a meeting of the council has, in the event of an equality of votes, a second or casting vote.
- 11.3 Where the chairperson declines to exercise, or fails to exercise, their second or casting vote, in the event of an equality of votes, the motion being voted upon is lost.

Voting at council meetings

- 11.4 A councillor who is present at a meeting of the council but who fails to vote on a motion put to the meeting is taken to have voted against the motion.
- 11.5 If a councillor who has voted against a motion put at a council meeting so requests, the general manager must ensure that the councillor's dissenting vote is recorded in the council's minutes.
- 11.6 The decision of the chairperson as to the result of a vote is final unless the decision is immediately challenged and not fewer than two (2) councillors rise and call for a division.
- 11.7 When a division on a motion is called, the chairperson must ensure that the division takes place immediately. The general manager must ensure that the names of those who vote for the motion and those who vote against it are recorded in the council's minutes for the meeting.
- 11.8 When a division on a motion is called, any councillor who fails to vote will be recorded as having voted against the motion in accordance with clause 11.5 of this code.
- 11.9 Voting at a meeting, including voting in an election at a meeting, is to be by open means (such as on the voices, by show of hands or by a visible electronic voting system). However, the council may resolve that the voting in any election by councillors for mayor or deputy mayor is to be by secret ballot.

Voting on planning decisions

- 11.10 The general manager must keep a register containing, for each planning decision made at a meeting of the council or a council committee (including, but not limited to a committee of the council), the names of the councillors who supported the decision and the names of any councillors who opposed (or are taken to have opposed) the decision.
- 11.11 For the purpose of maintaining the register, a division is taken to have been called whenever a motion for a planning decision is put at a meeting of the council or a council committee.
- 11.12 Each decision recorded in the register is to be described in the register or identified in a manner that enables the description to be obtained from another publicly available document.
- 11.13 Clauses 11.10–11.12 apply also to meetings that are closed to the public.

12 COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

- 12.1 The council may resolve itself into a committee to consider any matter before the council.
- 12.2 All the provisions of this code relating to meetings of the council, so far as they are applicable, extend to and govern the proceedings of the council when in committee of the whole, except the provisions limiting the number and duration of speeches.
- 12.3 The general manager or, in the absence of the general manager, an employee of the council designated by the general manager, is responsible for reporting to the council the proceedings of the committee of the whole. It is not necessary to report the proceedings in full, but any recommendations of the committee must be reported.
- 12.4 The council must ensure that a report of the proceedings (including any recommendations of the committee) is recorded in the council's minutes. However, the council is not taken to have adopted the report until a motion for adoption has been made and passed.

13 DEALING WITH ITEMS BY EXCEPTION

- 13.1 The council or a committee of council may, at any time, resolve to adopt multiple items of business on the agenda together by way of a single resolution.
- 13.2 Before the council or committee resolves to adopt multiple items of business on the agenda together under clause 13.1, the chairperson must list the items of business to be adopted and ask councillors to identify any individual items of business listed by the chairperson that they intend to vote against the recommendation made in the business paper or that they wish to speak on.
- 13.3 The council or committee must not resolve to adopt any item of business under clause 13.1 that a councillor has identified as being one they intend to vote against the recommendation made in the business paper or to speak on.
- 13.4 Where the consideration of multiple items of business together under clause 13.1 involves a variation to the order of business for the meeting, the council or committee must resolve to alter the order of business in accordance with clause 8.3.
- 13.5 A motion to adopt multiple items of business together under clause 13.1 must identify each of the items of business to be adopted and state that they are to be adopted as recommended in the business paper.
- 13.6 Items of business adopted under clause 13.1 are to be taken to have been adopted unanimously.
- 13.7 Councillors must ensure that they declare and manage any conflicts of interest they may have in relation to items of business considered together under clause 13.1 in accordance with the requirements of the council's code of conduct.

14 CLOSURE OF COUNCIL MEETINGS TO THE PUBLIC

Grounds on which meetings can be closed to the public

- 14.1 The council or a committee of the council may close to the public so much of its meeting as comprises the discussion or the receipt of any of the following types of matters:
 - (a) personnel matters concerning particular individuals (other than councillors),
 - (b) the personal hardship of any resident or ratepayer,
 - (c) information that would, if disclosed, confer a commercial advantage on a person with whom the council is conducting (or proposes to conduct) business.
 - (d) commercial information of a confidential nature that would, if disclosed:
 - (i) prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied it, or
 - (ii) confer a commercial advantage on a competitor of the council, or
 - (iii) reveal a trade secret,
 - (e) information that would, if disclosed, prejudice the maintenance of law,
 - (f) matters affecting the security of the council, councillors, council staff or council property,
 - (g) advice concerning litigation, or advice that would otherwise be privileged from production in legal proceedings on the ground of legal professional privilege,
 - (h) information concerning the nature and location of a place or an item of Aboriginal significance on community land,
 - (i) alleged contraventions of the council's code of conduct.
- 14.2 The council or a committee of the council may also close to the public so much of its meeting as comprises a motion to close another part of the meeting to the public.

Matters to be considered when closing meetings to the public

- 14.3 A meeting is not to remain closed during the discussion of anything referred to in clause 14.1:
 - (a) except for so much of the discussion as is necessary to preserve the relevant confidentiality, privilege or security, and
 - (b) if the matter concerned is a matter other than a personnel matter concerning particular individuals, the personal hardship of a resident or ratepayer or a trade secret unless the council or committee concerned is satisfied that discussion of the matter in an open meeting would, on balance, be contrary to the public interest.
- 14.4 A meeting is not to be closed during the receipt and consideration of information or advice referred to in clause 14.1(g) unless the advice concerns legal matters that:
 - (a) are substantial issues relating to a matter in which the council or committee is involved, and
 - (b) are clearly identified in the advice, and
 - (c) are fully discussed in that advice.

- 14.5 If a meeting is closed during the discussion of a motion to close another part of the meeting to the public (as referred to in clause 14.2), the consideration of the motion must not include any consideration of the matter or information to be discussed in that other part of the meeting other than consideration of whether the matter concerned is a matter referred to in clause 14.1.
- 14.6 For the purpose of determining whether the discussion of a matter in an open meeting would be contrary to the public interest, it is irrelevant that:
 - (a) a person may misinterpret or misunderstand the discussion, or
 - (b) the discussion of the matter may:
 - (i) cause embarrassment to the council or committee concerned, or to councillors or to employees of the council, or
 - (ii) cause a loss of confidence in the council or committee.
- 14.7 In deciding whether part of a meeting is to be closed to the public, the council or committee concerned must consider any relevant guidelines issued by the Departmental Chief Executive of the Office of Local Government.

Notice of likelihood of closure not required in urgent cases

- 14.8 Part of a meeting of the council, or of a committee of the council, may be closed to the public while the council or committee considers a matter that has not been identified in the agenda for the meeting under clause 3.20 as a matter that is likely to be considered when the meeting is closed, but only if:
 - (a) it becomes apparent during the discussion of a particular matter that the matter is a matter referred to in clause 14.1, and
 - (b) the council or committee, after considering any representations made under clause 14.9, resolves that further discussion of the matter:
 - (i) should not be deferred (because of the urgency of the matter),
 - (ii) should take place in a part of the meeting that is closed to the public.

Representations by members of the public

- 14.9 The council, or a committee of the council, may allow members of the public to make representations to or at a meeting, before any part of the meeting is closed to the public, as to whether that part of the meeting should be closed.
- 14.10 A representation under clause 14.9 is to be made after the motion to close the part of the meeting is moved and seconded.
- 14.11 Where the matter has been identified in the agenda of the meeting under clause 3.20 as a matter that is likely to be considered when the meeting is closed to the public, in order to make representations under clause 14.9, members of the public must first make an application to the council in the approved form. Applications must be received by 12pm on the day before the meeting at which the matter is to be considered.
- 14.12 The general manager (or their delegate) may refuse an application made under clause 14.11. The general manager or their delegate must give reasons in writing for a decision to refuse an application.

- 14.13 No more than **2** speakers are to be permitted to make representations under clause 14.9.
- 14.14 If more than the permitted number of speakers apply to make representations under clause 14.9, the general manager or their delegate may request the speakers to nominate from among themselves the persons who are to make representations to the council. If the speakers are not able to agree on whom to nominate to make representations under clause 14.9, the general manager or their delegate is to determine who will make representations to the council.
- 14.15 The general manager (or their delegate) is to determine the order of speakers.
- 14.16 Where the council or a committee of the council proposes to close a meeting or part of a meeting to the public in circumstances where the matter has not been identified in the agenda for the meeting under clause 3.20 as a matter that is likely to be considered when the meeting is closed to the public, the chairperson is to invite representations from the public under clause 14.9 after the motion to close the part of the meeting is moved and seconded. The chairperson is to permit no more than 2 speakers to make representations in such order as determined by the chairperson.
- 14.17 Each speaker will be allowed **2** minutes to make representations, and this time limit is to be strictly enforced by the chairperson. Speakers must confine their representations to whether the meeting should be closed to the public. If a speaker digresses to irrelevant matters, the chairperson is to direct the speaker not to do so. If a speaker fails to observe a direction from the chairperson, the speaker will not be further heard.

Expulsion of non-councillors from meetings closed to the public

- 14.18 If a meeting or part of a meeting of the council or a committee of the council is closed to the public in accordance with section 10A of the Act and this code, any person who is not a councillor and who fails to leave the meeting when requested, may be expelled from the meeting as provided by section 10(2)(a) or (b) of the Act.
- 14.19 If any such person, after being notified of a resolution or direction expelling them from the meeting, fails to leave the place where the meeting is being held, a police officer, or any person authorised for the purpose by the council or person presiding, may, by using only such force as is necessary, remove the first-mentioned person from that place and, if necessary restrain that person from re-entering that place for the remainder of the meeting.

Obligations of councillors attending meetings by audio-visual link

14.20 Councillors attending a meeting by audio-visual link must ensure that no other person is within sight or hearing of the meeting at any time that the meeting is closed to the public under section 10A of the Act.

Information to be disclosed in resolutions closing meetings to the public

- 14.21 The grounds on which part of a meeting is closed must be stated in the decision to close that part of the meeting and must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting. The grounds must specify the following:
 - (a) the relevant provision of section 10A(2) of the Act,
 - (b) the matter that is to be discussed during the closed part of the meeting,
 - (c) the reasons why the part of the meeting is being closed, including (if the matter concerned is a matter other than a personnel matter concerning particular individuals, the personal hardship of a resident or ratepayer or a trade secret) an explanation of the way in which discussion of the matter in an open meeting would be, on balance, contrary to the public interest.

Resolutions passed at closed meetings to be made public

- 14.22 If the council passes a resolution during a meeting, or a part of a meeting, that is closed to the public, the chairperson must make the resolution public as soon as practicable after the meeting, or the relevant part of the meeting, has ended, and the resolution must be recorded in the publicly available minutes of the meeting.
- 14.23 Resolutions passed during a meeting, or a part of a meeting, that is closed to the public must be made public by the chairperson under clause 14.22 during a part of the meeting that is webcast.

15 KEEPING ORDER AT MEETINGS

Points of order

- 15.1 A councillor may draw the attention of the chairperson to an alleged breach of this code by raising a point of order. A point of order does not require a seconder.
- 15.2 A point of order cannot be made with respect to adherence to the principles contained in clause 2.1.
- 15.3 A point of order must be taken immediately it is raised. The chairperson must suspend the business before the meeting and permit the councillor raising the point of order to state the provision of this code they believe has been breached. The chairperson must then rule on the point of order either by upholding it or by overruling it.

Questions of order

- 15.4 The chairperson, without the intervention of any other councillor, may call any councillor to order whenever, in the opinion of the chairperson, it is necessary to do so.
- 15.5 A councillor who claims that another councillor has committed an act of disorder, or is out of order, may call the attention of the chairperson to the matter.

- 15.6 The chairperson must rule on a question of order immediately after it is raised but, before doing so, may invite the opinion of the council.
- 15.7 The chairperson's ruling must be obeyed unless a motion dissenting from the ruling is passed.

Motions of dissent

- 15.8 A councillor can, without notice, move to dissent from a ruling of the chairperson on a point of order or a question of order. If that happens, the chairperson must suspend the business before the meeting until a decision is made on the motion of dissent.
- 15.9 If a motion of dissent is passed, the chairperson must proceed with the suspended business as though the ruling dissented from had not been given. If, as a result of the ruling, any motion or business has been rejected as out of order, the chairperson must restore the motion or business to the agenda and proceed with it in due course.
- 15.10 Despite any other provision of this code, only the mover of a motion of dissent and the chairperson can speak to the motion before it is put. The mover of the motion does not have a right of general reply.

Acts of disorder

- 15.11 A councillor commits an act of disorder if the councillor, at a meeting of the council or a committee of the council:
 - (a) contravenes the Act, the Regulation or this code, or
 - (b) assaults or threatens to assault another councillor or person present at the meeting, or
 - (c) moves or attempts to move a motion or an amendment that has an unlawful purpose or that deals with a matter that is outside the jurisdiction of the council or the committee, or addresses or attempts to address the council or the committee on such a motion, amendment or matter, or
 - insults, makes unfavourable personal remarks about, or imputes improper motives to any other council official, or alleges a breach of the council's code of conduct, or
 - (e) says or does anything that is inconsistent with maintaining order at the meeting or is likely to bring the council or the committee into disrepute.
- 15.12 The chairperson may require a councillor:
 - (a) to apologise without reservation for an act of disorder referred to in clauses 15.11(a), (b), or (e), or
 - (b) to withdraw a motion or an amendment referred to in clause 15.11(c) and, where appropriate, to apologise without reservation, or
 - (c) to retract and apologise without reservation for any statement that constitutes an act of disorder referred to in clauses 15.11(d) and (e).

How disorder at a meeting may be dealt with

15.13 If disorder occurs at a meeting of the council, the chairperson may adjourn the meeting for a period of not more than fifteen (15) minutes and leave the chair. The council, on reassembling, must, on a question put from the chairperson, decide without debate whether the business is to be proceeded with or not. This clause applies to disorder arising from the conduct of members of the public as well as disorder arising from the conduct of councillors.

Expulsion from meetings

- 15.14 All chairpersons of meetings of the council and committees of the council are authorised under this code to expel any person, including any councillor, from a council or committee meeting, for the purposes of section 10(2)(b) of the Act.
- 15.15 Clause 15.14, does not limit the ability of the council or a committee of the council to resolve to expel a person, including a councillor, from a council or committee meeting, under section 10(2)(a) of the Act.
- 15.16 A councillor may, as provided by section 10(2)(a) or (b) of the Act, be expelled from a meeting of the council for having failed to comply with a requirement under clause 15.12. The expulsion of a councillor from the meeting for that reason does not prevent any other action from being taken against the councillor for the act of disorder concerned.
- 15.17 A member of the public may, as provided by section 10(2)(a) or (b) of the Act, be expelled from a meeting of the council for engaging in or having engaged in disorderly conduct at the meeting.
- 15.18 Where a councillor or a member of the public is expelled from a meeting, the expulsion and the name of the person expelled, if known, are to be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
- 15.19 If a councillor or a member of the public fails to leave the place where a meeting of the council is being held immediately after they have been expelled, a police officer, or any person authorised for the purpose by the council or person presiding, may, by using only such force as is necessary, remove the councillor or member of the public from that place and, if necessary, restrain the councillor or member of the public from re-entering that place for the remainder of the meeting.

How disorder by councillors attending meetings by audio-visual link may be dealt with

- 15.20 Where a councillor is attending a meeting by audio-visual link, the chairperson or a person authorised by the chairperson may mute the councillor's audio link to the meeting for the purposes of enforcing compliance with this code.
- 15.21 If a councillor attending a meeting by audio-visual link is expelled from a meeting for an act of disorder, the chairperson of the meeting or a person authorised by the chairperson, may terminate the councillor's audio-visual link to the meeting.

Use of mobile phones and the unauthorised recording of meetings

- 15.22 Councillors, council staff and members of the public must ensure that mobile phones are turned to silent during meetings of the council and committees of the council.
- 15.23 A person must not live stream or use an audio recorder, video camera, mobile phone or any other device to make a recording of the proceedings of a meeting of the council or a committee of the council without the prior authorisation of the council or the committee.
- 15.24 Without limiting clause 15.17, a contravention of clause 15.23 or an attempt to contravene that clause, constitutes disorderly conduct for the purposes of clause 15.17. Any person who contravenes or attempts to contravene clause 15.23, may be expelled from the meeting as provided for under section 10(2) of the Act.
- 15.25 If any such person, after being notified of a resolution or direction expelling them from the meeting, fails to leave the place where the meeting is being held, a police officer, or any person authorised for the purpose by the council or person presiding, may, by using only such force as is necessary, remove the first-mentioned person from that place and, if necessary, restrain that person from re-entering that place for the remainder of the meeting.

16 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 16.1 All councillors and, where applicable, all other persons, must declare and manage any conflicts of interest they may have in matters being considered at meetings of the council and committees of the council in accordance with the council's code of conduct. All declarations of conflicts of interest and how the conflict of interest was managed by the person who made the declaration must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which the declaration was made.
- 16.2 Councillors attending a meeting by audio-visual link must declare and manage any conflicts of interest they may have in matters being considered at the meeting in accordance with the council's code of conduct. Where a councillor has declared a pecuniary or significant non-pecuniary conflict of interest in a matter being discussed at the meeting, the councillor's audio-visual link to the meeting must be suspended or terminated and the councillor must not be in sight or hearing of the meeting at any time during which the matter is being considered or discussed by the council or committee, or at any time during which the council or committee is voting on the matter.

17 DECISIONS OF THE COUNCIL

Council decisions

- 17.1 A decision supported by a majority of the votes at a meeting of the council at which a quorum is present is a decision of the council.
- 17.2 Decisions made by the council must be accurately recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which the decision is made.

Rescinding or altering council decisions

- 17.3 A resolution passed by the council may not be altered or rescinded except by a motion to that effect of which notice has been given under clause 3.9.
- 17.4 If a notice of motion to rescind a resolution is given at the meeting at which the resolution is carried, the resolution must not be carried into effect until the motion of rescission has been dealt with.
- 17.5 If a motion has been lost, a motion having the same effect must not be considered unless notice of it has been duly given in accordance with clause 3.9.
- 17.6 A notice of motion to alter or rescind a resolution, and a notice of motion which has the same effect as a motion which has been lost, must be signed by three (3) councillors if less than three (3) months has elapsed since the resolution was passed, or the motion was lost.
- 17.7 If a motion to alter or rescind a resolution has been lost, or if a motion which has the same effect as a previously lost motion is lost, no similar motion may be brought forward within three (3) months of the meeting at which it was lost. This clause may not be evaded by substituting a motion differently worded, but in principle the same.
- 17.8 The provisions of clauses 17.5–17.7 concerning lost motions do not apply to motions of adjournment.
- 17.9 A notice of motion submitted in accordance with clause 17.6 may only be withdrawn under clause 3.10 with the consent of all signatories to the notice of motion.
- 17.10 A notice of motion to alter or rescind a resolution relating to a development application must be submitted to the general manager no later than **2 days** after the meeting at which the resolution was adopted.
- 17.11 A motion to alter or rescind a resolution of the council may be moved on the report of a committee of the council and any such report must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting of the council.
- 17.12 Subject to clause 17.7, in cases of urgency, a motion to alter or rescind a resolution of the council may be moved at the same meeting at which the resolution was adopted, where:
 - (a) a notice of motion signed by three councillors is submitted to the chairperson, and
 - (b) a motion to have the motion considered at the meeting is passed, and
 - (c) the chairperson rules the business that is the subject of the motion is of great urgency on the grounds that it requires a decision by the council before the next scheduled ordinary meeting of the council.
- 17.13 A motion moved under clause 17.12(b) can be moved without notice. Despite clauses 10.20–10.30, only the mover of a motion referred to in clause 17.12(b) can speak to the motion before it is put.
- 17.14 A motion of dissent cannot be moved against a ruling by the chairperson under clause 17.12(c).

Recommitting resolutions to correct an error

- 17.15 Despite the provisions of this Part, a councillor may, with the leave of the chairperson, move to recommit a resolution adopted at the same meeting:
 - (a) to correct any error, ambiguity or imprecision in the council's resolution, or
 - (b) to confirm the voting on the resolution.
- 17.16 In seeking the leave of the chairperson to move to recommit a resolution for the purposes of clause 17.15(a), the councillor is to propose alternative wording for the resolution.
- 17.17 The chairperson must not grant leave to recommit a resolution for the purposes of clause 17.15(a), unless they are satisfied that the proposed alternative wording of the resolution would not alter the substance of the resolution previously adopted at the meeting.
- 17.18 A motion moved under clause 17.15 can be moved without notice. Despite clauses 10.20–10.30, only the mover of a motion referred to in clause 17.15 can speak to the motion before it is put.
- 17.19 A motion of dissent cannot be moved against a ruling by the chairperson under clause 17.15.
- 17.20 A motion moved under clause 17.15 with the leave of the chairperson cannot be voted on unless or until it has been seconded.

18 TIME LIMITS ON COUNCIL MEETINGS

- 18.1 Meetings of the council and committees of the council are to conclude no later than **9.00pm**.
- 18.2 If the business of the meeting is unfinished at **9.00pm**, the council or the committee may, by resolution, extend the time of the meeting.
- 18.3 If the business of the meeting is unfinished at **9.00pm**, and the council does not resolve to extend the meeting, the chairperson must either:
 - (a) defer consideration of the remaining items of business on the agenda to the next ordinary meeting of the council, or
 - (b) adjourn the meeting to a time, date and place fixed by the chairperson.
- 18.4 Clause 18.3 does not limit the ability of the council or a committee of the council to resolve to adjourn a meeting at any time. The resolution adjourning the meeting must fix the time, date and place that the meeting is to be adjourned to.
- 18.5 Where a meeting is adjourned under clause 18.3 or 18.4, the general manager must:
 - (a) individually notify each councillor of the time, date and place at which the meeting will reconvene, and
 - (b) publish the time, date and place at which the meeting will reconvene on the council's website and in such other manner that the general manager is satisfied is likely to bring notice of the time, date and place of the reconvened meeting to the attention of as many people as possible.

19 AFTER THE MEETING

Minutes of meetings

- 19.1 The council is to keep full and accurate minutes of the proceedings of meetings of the council.
- 19.2 At a minimum, the general manager must ensure that the following matters are recorded in the council's minutes:
 - (a) the names of councillors attending a council meeting and whether they attended the meeting in person or by audio-visual link,
 - (b) details of each motion moved at a council meeting and of any amendments moved to it,
 - (c) the names of the mover and seconder of the motion or amendment,
 - (d) whether the motion or amendment was passed or lost, and
 - (e) such other matters specifically required under this code.
- 19.3 The minutes of a council meeting must be confirmed at a subsequent meeting of the council.
- 19.4 Any debate on the confirmation of the minutes is to be confined to whether the minutes are a full and accurate record of the meeting they relate to.
- 19.5 When the minutes have been confirmed, they are to be signed by the person presiding at the subsequent meeting.
- 19.6 The confirmed minutes of a meeting may be amended to correct typographical or administrative errors after they have been confirmed. Any amendment made under this clause must not alter the substance of any decision made at the meeting.
- 19.7 The confirmed minutes of a council meeting must be published on the council's website. This clause does not prevent the council from also publishing unconfirmed minutes of its meetings on its website prior to their confirmation.

Access to correspondence and reports laid on the table at, or submitted to, a meeting

- 19.8 The council and committees of the council must, during or at the close of a meeting, or during the business day following the meeting, give reasonable access to any person to inspect correspondence and reports laid on the table at, or submitted to, the meeting.
- 19.9 Clause 19.8 does not apply if the correspondence or reports relate to a matter that was received or discussed or laid on the table at, or submitted to, the meeting when the meeting was closed to the public.
- 19.10 Clause 19.8 does not apply if the council or the committee resolves at the meeting, when open to the public, that the correspondence or reports are to be treated as confidential because they relate to a matter specified in section 10A(2) of the Act.
- 19.11 Correspondence or reports to which clauses 19.9 and 19.10 apply are to be marked with the relevant provision of section 10A(2) of the Act that applies to the correspondence or report.

Implementation of decisions of the council

19.12 The general manager is to implement, without undue delay, lawful decisions of the council.

20 COUNCIL COMMITTEES

Application of this Part

20.1 This Part only applies to committees of the council whose members are all councillors.

Council committees whose members are all councillors

- 20.2 The council may, by resolution, establish such committees as it considers necessary.
- 20.3 A committee of the council is to consist of the mayor and such other councillors as are elected by the councillors or appointed by the council.
- 20.4 The quorum for a meeting of a committee of the council is to be:
 - (a) such number of members as the council decides, or
 - (b) if the council has not decided a number a majority of the members of the committee.

Functions of committees

20.5 The council must specify the functions of each of its committees when the committee is established but may from time to time amend those functions.

Notice of committee meetings

- 20.6 The general manager must send to each councillor, regardless of whether they are a committee member, at least three (3) days before each meeting of the committee, a notice specifying:
 - (a) the time, date and place of the meeting, and
 - (b) the business proposed to be considered at the meeting.
- 20.7 Notice of less than three (3) days may be given of a committee meeting called in an emergency.

Attendance at committee meetings

- 20.8 A committee member (other than the mayor) ceases to be a member of a committee if the committee member:
 - (a) has been absent from three (3) consecutive meetings of the committee without having given reasons acceptable to the committee for the member's absences, or
 - (b) has been absent from at least half of the meetings of the committee held during the immediately preceding year without having given to the committee acceptable reasons for the member's absences.
- 20.9 Clause 20.8 does not apply if all of the members of the council are members of the committee.

Non-members entitled to attend committee meetings

- 20.10 A councillor who is not a member of a committee of the council is entitled to attend, and to speak at a meeting of the committee. However, the councillor is not entitled:
 - (a) to give notice of business for inclusion in the agenda for the meeting, or
 - (b) to move or second a motion at the meeting, or
 - (c) to vote at the meeting.

Chairperson and deputy chairperson of council committees

- 20.11 The chairperson of each committee of the council must be:
 - (a) the mayor, or
 - (b) if the mayor does not wish to be the chairperson of a committee, a member of the committee elected by the council, or
 - (c) if the council does not elect such a member, a member of the committee elected by the committee.
- 20.12 The council may elect a member of a committee of the council as deputy chairperson of the committee. If the council does not elect a deputy chairperson of such a committee, the committee may elect a deputy chairperson.
- 20.13 If neither the chairperson nor the deputy chairperson of a committee of the council is able or willing to preside at a meeting of the committee, the committee must elect a member of the committee to be acting chairperson of the committee.
- 20.14 The chairperson is to preside at a meeting of a committee of the council. If the chairperson is unable or unwilling to preside, the deputy chairperson (if any) is to preside at the meeting, but if neither the chairperson nor the deputy chairperson is able or willing to preside, the acting chairperson is to preside at the meeting.

Procedure in committee meetings

- 20.15 Subject to any specific requirements of this code, each committee of the council may regulate its own procedure. The provisions of this code are to be taken to apply to all committees of the council unless the council or the committee determines otherwise in accordance with this clause.
- 20.16 Whenever the voting on a motion put to a meeting of the committee is equal, the chairperson of the committee is to have a casting vote as well as an original vote unless the council or the committee determines otherwise in accordance with clause 20.15.
- 20.17 Voting at a council committee meeting is to be by open means (such as on the voices, by show of hands or by a visible electronic voting system).

Closure of committee meetings to the public

- 20.18 The provisions of the Act and Part 14 of this code apply to the closure of meetings of committees of the council to the public in the same way they apply to the closure of meetings of the council to the public.
- 20.19 If a committee of the council passes a resolution, or makes a recommendation, during a meeting, or a part of a meeting that is closed to the public, the chairperson must make the resolution or recommendation public as soon as practicable after the meeting or part of the meeting has ended, and report the resolution or recommendation to the next meeting of the council. The resolution or recommendation must also be recorded in the publicly available minutes of the meeting.
- 20.20 Resolutions passed during a meeting, or a part of a meeting that is closed to the public must be made public by the chairperson under clause 20.19 during a part of the meeting that is webcast.

Disorder in committee meetings

20.21 The provisions of the Act and this code relating to the maintenance of order in council meetings apply to meetings of committees of the council in the same way as they apply to meetings of the council.

Minutes of council committee meetings

- 20.22 Each committee of the council is to keep full and accurate minutes of the proceedings of its meetings. At a minimum, a committee must ensure that the following matters are recorded in the committee's minutes:
 - (a) the names of councillors attending a meeting and whether they attended the meeting in person or by audio-visual link,
 - (b) details of each motion moved at a meeting and of any amendments moved to it,
 - (c) the names of the mover and seconder of the motion or amendment,
 - (d) whether the motion or amendment was passed or lost, and
 - (e) such other matters specifically required under this code.
- 20.23 The minutes of meetings of each committee of the council must be confirmed at a subsequent meeting of the committee.
- 20.24 Any debate on the confirmation of the minutes is to be confined to whether the minutes are a full and accurate record of the meeting they relate to.
- 20.25 When the minutes have been confirmed, they are to be signed by the person presiding at that subsequent meeting.
- 20.26 The confirmed minutes of a meeting may be amended to correct typographical or administrative errors after they have been confirmed. Any amendment made under this clause must not alter the substance of any decision made at the meeting.
- 20.27 The confirmed minutes of a meeting of a committee of the council must be published on the council's website. This clause does not prevent the council from also publishing unconfirmed minutes of meetings of committees of the council on its website prior to their confirmation.

21 IRREGULARITES

- 21.1 Proceedings at a meeting of a council or a council committee are not invalidated because of:
 - (a) a vacancy in a civic office, or
 - (b) a failure to give notice of the meeting to any councillor or committee member, or
 - (c) any defect in the election or appointment of a councillor or committee member, or
 - (d) a failure of a councillor or a committee member to declare a conflict of interest, or to refrain from the consideration or discussion of, or vote on, the relevant matter, at a council or committee meeting in accordance with the council's code of conduct, or
 - (e) a failure to comply with this code.

22 DEFINITIONS

the Act	means the Local Government Act 1993		
act of disorder	means an act of disorder as defined in clause 15.11 of this code		
amendment	in relation to an original motion, means a motion moving an amendment to that motion		
audio recorder	any device capable of recording speech		
audio-visual link	means a facility that enables audio and visual communication between persons at different places		
business day	means any day except Saturday or Sunday or any other day the whole or part of which is observed as a public holiday throughout New South Wales		
chairperson	in relation to a meeting of the council – means the person presiding at the meeting as provided by section 369 of the Act and clauses 6.1 and 6.2 of this code, and in relation to a meeting of a committee – means the person presiding at the meeting as provided by clause 20.11 of this code		
this code	means the council's adopted code of meeting practice		
committee of the council	means a committee established by the council in accordance with clause 20.2 of this code (being a committee consisting only of councillors) or the council when it has resolved itself into committee of the whole under clause 12.1		
council official	has the same meaning it has in the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW		
day	means calendar day		
division	means a request by two councillors under clause 11.7 of this code requiring the recording of the names of the councillors who voted both for and against a motion		

Attachment No. 4

foreshadowed	means a proposed amendment foreshadowed		
amendment	by a councillor under clause 10.18 of this code		
	during debate on the first amendment		
foreshadowed motion			
l lorestidadowed molion	means a motion foreshadowed by a councillor		
	under clause 10.17 of this code during debate on		
1	an original motion		
open voting	means voting on the voices or by a show of hands		
	or by a visible electronic voting system or similar means		
planning decision	means a decision made in the exercise of a		
	function of a council under the Environmental		
	Planning and Assessment Act 1979 including any		
	decision relating to a development application,		
	an environmental planning instrument, a		
	development control plan or a development		
	contribution plan under that Act, but not		
	including the making of an order under Division		
	9.3 of Part 9 of that Act		
performance	means an order issued under section 438A of the		
improvement order	Act		
quorum	means the minimum number of councillors or		
	committee members necessary to conduct a		
	meeting		
the Regulation	means the Local Government (General)		
	Regulation 2021		
webcast	a video or audio broadcast of a meeting		
	transmitted across the internet either concurrently		
	with the meeting or at a later time		
year	means the period beginning 1 July and endir		
	the following 30 June		

Code of Conduct

2025





SHIRE COUNCIL

Adopted by Council

Version No	Responsible Department	Prepared By	Review Date	Adopted Date
1.0	General Managers	Executive Manager Corporate Governance	4 years	13.02.2019 Res No: 2019/015
2.0	General Managers	Director Governance	4 years	09.09.2020 Res No: 2020/208
3.0	Governance	Director Governance	4 years	14.09.2022 Res No: 2022/180
4.0	Governance	Director Governance	4 years	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART 1	INTRODUCTION	4
PART 2	DEFINITIONS	5
PART 3	GENERAL CONDUCT OBLIGATIONS	7
PART 4	PECUNIARY INTERESTS	10
PART 5	NON-PECUNIARY CONFLICTS OF INTEREST	17
PART 6	PERSONAL BENEFIT	22
PART 7	RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN COUNCIL OFFICIALS	25
PART 8	ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND COUNCIL RESOURCES	27
PART 9	MAINTAINING THE INTEGRITY OF THIS CODE	31
	E 1: DISCLOSURES OF INTERESTS AND OTHER MATTERS IN WRITTEN SUBMITTED UNDER CLAUSE 4.21	33
	E 2: FORM OF WRITTEN RETURN OF INTERESTS SUBMITTED UNDER	40
	E 3: FORM OF SPECIAL DISCLOSURE OF PECUNIARY INTEREST D UNDER CLAUSE 4.37	44

PART 1 INTRODUCTION

This Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW ("the Model Code of Conduct") is made under section 440 of the Local Government Act 1993 ("LGA") and the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 ("the Regulation").

The Model Code of Conduct sets the minimum standards of conduct for council officials. It is prescribed by regulation to assist council officials to:

- understand and comply with the standards of conduct that are expected of them
- enable them to fulfil their statutory duty to act honestly and exercise a reasonable degree of care and diligence (section 439)
- act in a way that enhances public confidence in local government.

Section 440 of the LGA requires every council (including county councils) and joint organisation to adopt a code of conduct that incorporates the provisions of the Model Code of Conduct. A council's or joint organisation's adopted code of conduct may also include provisions that supplement the Model Code of Conduct and that extend its application to persons that are not "council officials" for the purposes of the Model Code of Conduct (eg volunteers, contractors and members of wholly advisory committees).

A council's or joint organisation's adopted code of conduct has no effect to the extent that it is inconsistent with the Model Code of Conduct. However, a council's or joint organisation's adopted code of conduct may prescribe requirements that are more onerous than those prescribed in the Model Code of Conduct.

Councillors, administrators, members of staff of councils, delegates of councils, (including members of council committees that are delegates of a council) and any other person a council's adopted code of conduct applies to, must comply with the applicable provisions of their council's code of conduct. It is the personal responsibility of council officials to comply with the standards in the code and to regularly review their personal circumstances and conduct with this in mind.

Failure by a councillor to comply with the standards of conduct prescribed under this code constitutes misconduct for the purposes of the LGA. The LGA provides for a range of penalties that may be imposed on councillors for misconduct, including suspension or disqualification from civic office. A councillor who has been suspended on three or more occasions for misconduct is automatically disqualified from holding civic office for five years.

Failure by a member of staff to comply with a council's code of conduct may give rise to disciplinary action.

PART 2 DEFINITIONS

In this code the following terms have the following meanings:

administrator an administrator of a council appointed under the

LGA other than an administrator appointed under

section 66

committee see the definition of "council committee"

complaint a code of conduct complaint made for the

purposes of clauses 4.1 and 4.2 of the Procedures.

conduct includes acts and omissions

council includes county councils and joint organisations

council committee a committee established by a council comprising of

councillors, staff or other persons that the council has delegated functions to and the council's audit,

risk and improvement committee

council committee

member a person other than a councillor or member of staff

of a council who is a member of a council committee other than a wholly advisory committee, and a person other than a councillor who is a member of the council's audit, risk and

improvement committee

council official includes councillors, members of staff of a council,

administrators, council committee members, delegates of council and, for the purposes of

clause 4.16, council advisers

councillor any person elected or appointed to civic office,

including the mayor and includes members and chairpersons of county councils and voting representatives of the boards of joint organisations

and chairpersons of joint organisations

delegate of council a person (other than a councillor or member of staff

of a council) or body, and the individual members of that body, to whom a function of the council is

delegated

designated person a person referred to in clause 4.8

election campaign includes council, state and federal election

campaigns

Attachment No. 5

environmental planning

instrument has the same meaning as it has in the

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

general manager includes the executive officer of a joint organisation

joint organisation a joint organisation established under section 4000

of the LGA

LGA Local Government Act 1993

local planning panel a local planning panel constituted under the

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

mayor includes the chairperson of a county council or a

joint organisation

members of staff

of a council includes members of staff of county councils and

joint organisations

the Office Office of Local Government

personal information information or an opinion (including information or

an opinion forming part of a database and whether or not recorded in a material form) about an individual whose identity is apparent or can reasonably be ascertained from the information or

opinion

the Procedures the Procedures for the Administration of the Model

Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW

prescribed under the Regulation

the Regulation the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021

voting representative a voting representative of the board of a joint

organisation

wholly advisory

committee a council committee that the council has not

delegated any functions to

PART 3 GENERAL CONDUCT OBLIGATIONS

General conduct

- 3.1 You must not conduct yourself in a manner that:
 - a) is likely to bring the council or other council officials into disrepute
 - b) is contrary to statutory requirements or the council's administrative requirements or policies
 - c) is improper or unethical
 - d) is an abuse of power
 - e) causes, comprises or involves intimidation or verbal abuse
 - f) involves the misuse of your position to obtain a private benefit
 - g) constitutes harassment or bullying behaviour under this code, or is unlawfully discriminatory.
- 3.2 You must act lawfully and honestly, and exercise a reasonable degree of care and diligence in carrying out your functions under the LGA or any other Act. (section 439).

Fairness and equity

- 3.3 You must consider issues consistently, promptly and fairly. You must deal with matters in accordance with established procedures, in a non-discriminatory manner.
- 3.4 You must take all relevant facts known to you, or that you should be reasonably aware of, into consideration and have regard to the particular merits of each case. You must not take irrelevant matters or circumstances into consideration when making decisions.
- 3.5 An act or omission in good faith, whether or not it involves error, will not constitute a breach of clauses 3.3 or 3.4.

Harassment and discrimination

- 3.6 You must not harass or unlawfully discriminate against others, or support others who harass or unlawfully discriminate against others, on the grounds of age, disability, race (including colour, national or ethnic origin or immigrant status), sex, pregnancy, marital or relationship status, family responsibilities or breastfeeding, sexual orientation, gender identity or intersex status or political, religious or other affiliation.
- 3.7 For the purposes of this code, "harassment" is any form of behaviour towards a person that:
 - a) is not wanted by the person
 - b) offends, humiliates or intimidates the person, and
 - c) creates a hostile environment.

Bullying

- 3.8 You must not engage in bullying behaviour towards others.
- 3.9 For the purposes of this code, "bullying behaviour" is any behaviour in which:
 - a) a person or a group of people repeatedly behaves unreasonably towards another person or a group of persons, and
 - b) the behaviour creates a risk to health and safety.

- 3.10 Bullying behaviour may involve, but is not limited to, any of the following types of behaviour:
 - a) aggressive, threatening or intimidating conduct
 - b) belittling or humiliating comments
 - c) spreading malicious rumours
 - d) teasing, practical jokes or 'initiation ceremonies'
 - e) exclusion from work-related events
 - f) unreasonable work expectations, including too much or too little work, or work below or beyond a worker's skill level
 - g) displaying offensive material
 - h) pressure to behave in an inappropriate manner.
- 3.11 Reasonable management action carried out in a reasonable manner does not constitute bullying behaviour for the purposes of this code. Examples of reasonable management action may include, but are not limited to:
 - a) performance management processes
 - b) disciplinary action for misconduct
 - c) informing a worker about unsatisfactory work performance or inappropriate work behaviour
 - d) directing a worker to perform duties in keeping with their job
 - e) maintaining reasonable workplace goals and standards
 - f) legitimately exercising a regulatory function
 - g) legitimately implementing a council policy or administrative processes.

Work health and safety

- 3.12 All council officials, including councillors, owe statutory duties under the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 (WHS Act). You must comply with your duties under the WHS Act and your responsibilities under any policies or procedures adopted by the council to ensure workplace health and safety. Specifically, you must:
 - a) take reasonable care for your own health and safety
 - b) take reasonable care that your acts or omissions do not adversely affect the health and safety of other persons
 - c) comply, so far as you are reasonably able, with any reasonable instruction that is given to ensure compliance with the WHS Act and any policies or procedures adopted by the council to ensure workplace health and safety
 - d) cooperate with any reasonable policy or procedure of the council relating to workplace health or safety that has been notified to council staff
 - e) report accidents, incidents, near misses, to the general manager or such other staff member nominated by the general manager, and take part in any incident investigations
 - f) so far as is reasonably practicable, consult, co-operate and coordinate with all others who have a duty under the WHS Act in relation to the same matter.

Land use planning, development assessment and other regulatory functions

- 3.13 You must ensure that land use planning, development assessment and other regulatory decisions are properly made, and that all parties are dealt with fairly. You must avoid any occasion for suspicion of improper conduct in the exercise of land use planning, development assessment and other regulatory functions.
- 3.14 In exercising land use planning, development assessment and other regulatory functions, you must ensure that no action, statement or communication between yourself and others conveys any suggestion of willingness to improperly provide concessions or preferential or unduly unfavourable treatment.

Binding caucus votes

- 3.15 You must not participate in binding caucus votes in relation to matters to be considered at a council or committee meeting.
- 3.16 For the purposes of clause 3.15, a binding caucus vote is a process whereby a group of councillors are compelled by a threat of disciplinary or other adverse action to comply with a predetermined position on a matter before the council or committee, irrespective of the personal views of individual members of the group on the merits of the matter before the council or committee.
- 3.17 Clause 3.15 does not prohibit councillors from discussing a matter before the council or committee prior to considering the matter in question at a council or committee meeting, or from voluntarily holding a shared view with other councillors on the merits of a matter.
- 3.18 Clause 3.15 does not apply to a decision to elect the mayor or deputy mayor, or to nominate a person to be a member of a council committee or a representative of the council on an external body.

Obligations in relation to meetings

- 3.19 You must comply with rulings by the chair at council and committee meetings or other proceedings of the council unless a motion dissenting from the ruling is passed.
- 3.20 You must not engage in bullying behaviour (as defined under this Part) towards the chair, other council officials or any members of the public present during council or committee meetings or other proceedings of the council (such as, but not limited to, workshops and briefing sessions).
- 3.21 You must not engage in conduct that disrupts council or committee meetings or other proceedings of the council (such as, but not limited to, workshops and briefing sessions), or that would otherwise be inconsistent with the orderly conduct of meetings.
- 3.22 If you are a councillor, you must not engage in any acts of disorder or other conduct that is intended to prevent the proper or effective functioning of the council, or of a committee of the council. Without limiting this clause, you must not:
 - a) leave a meeting of the council or a committee for the purposes of depriving the meeting of a quorum, or

- b) submit a rescission motion with respect to a decision for the purposes of voting against it to prevent another councillor from submitting a rescission motion with respect to the same decision, or
- c) deliberately seek to impede the consideration of business at a meeting.

PART 4 PECUNIARY INTERESTS

What is a pecuniary interest?

- 4.1 A pecuniary interest is an interest that you have in a matter because of a reasonable likelihood or expectation of appreciable financial gain or loss to you or a person referred to in clause 4.3.
- 4.2 You will not have a pecuniary interest in a matter if the interest is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be regarded as likely to influence any decision you might make in relation to the matter, or if the interest is of a kind specified in clause 4.6.
- 4.3 For the purposes of this Part, you will have a pecuniary interest in a matter if the pecuniary interest is:
 - (a) your interest, or
 - (b) the interest of your spouse or de facto partner, your relative, or your partner or employer, or
 - (c) a company or other body of which you, or your nominee, partner or employer, is a shareholder or member.
- 4.4 For the purposes of clause 4.3:
 - (a) Your "relative" is any of the following:
 - i) your parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, lineal descendant or adopted child
 - ii) your spouse's or de facto partner's parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, lineal descendant or adopted child
 - iii) the spouse or de facto partner of a person referred to in paragraphs (i) and (ii).
 - (b) "de facto partner" has the same meaning as defined in section 21C of the *Interpretation Act 1987*.
- 4.5 You will not have a pecuniary interest in relation to a person referred to in subclauses 4.3(b) or (c):
 - (a) if you are unaware of the relevant pecuniary interest of your spouse, de facto partner, relative, partner, employer or company or other body, or
 - (b) just because the person is a member of, or is employed by, a council or a statutory body, or is employed by the Crown, or
 - (c) just because the person is a member of, or a delegate of a council to, a company or other body that has a pecuniary interest in the matter, so long as the person has no beneficial interest in any shares of the company or body.

What interests do not have to be disclosed?

- 4.6 You do not have to disclose the following interests for the purposes of this Part:
 - (a) your interest as an elector
 - (b) your interest as a ratepayer or person liable to pay a charge
 - (c) an interest you have in any matter relating to the terms on which the provision of a service or the supply of goods or commodities is offered to the public generally, or to a section of the public that includes persons who are not subject to this code
 - (d) an interest you have in any matter relating to the terms on which the provision of a service or the supply of goods or commodities is offered to your relative by the council in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as apply to persons who are not subject to this code
 - (e) an interest you have as a member of a club or other organisation or association, unless the interest is as the holder of an office in the club or organisation (whether remunerated or not)
 - (f) if you are a council committee member, an interest you have as a person chosen to represent the community, or as a member of a non-profit organisation or other community or special interest group, if you have been appointed to represent the organisation or group on the council committee
 - (g) an interest you have relating to a contract, proposed contract or other matter, if the interest arises only because of a beneficial interest in shares in a company that does not exceed 10 per cent of the voting rights in the company
 - (h) an interest you have arising from the proposed making by the council of an agreement between the council and a corporation, association or partnership, being a corporation, association or partnership that has more than 25 members, if the interest arises because your relative is a shareholder (but not a director) of the corporation, or is a member (but not a member of the committee) of the association, or is a partner of the partnership
 - (i) an interest you have arising from the making by the council of a contract or agreement with your relative for, or in relation to, any of the following, but only if the proposed contract or agreement is similar in terms and conditions to such contracts and agreements as have been made, or as are proposed to be made, by the council in respect of similar matters with other residents of the area:
 - the performance by the council at the expense of your relative of any work or service in connection with roads or sanitation
 - ii) security for damage to footpaths or roads
 - iii) any other service to be rendered, or act to be done, by the council by or under any Act conferring functions on the council, or by or under any contract

- (j) an interest relating to the payment of fees to councillors (including the mayor and deputy mayor)
- (k) an interest relating to the payment of expenses and the provision of facilities to councillors (including the mayor and deputy mayor) in accordance with a policy under section 252 of the LGA,
- (I) an interest relating to an election to the office of mayor arising from the fact that a fee for the following 12 months has been determined for the office of mayor
- (m) an interest of a person arising from the passing for payment of a regular account for the wages or salary of an employee who is a relative of the person
- (n) an interest arising from being covered by, or a proposal to be covered by, indemnity insurance as a councillor or a council committee member
- (o) an interest arising from the appointment of a councillor to a body as a representative or delegate of the council, whether or not a fee or other recompense is payable to the representative or delegate.
- 4.7 For the purposes of clause 4.6, "relative" has the same meaning as in clause 4.4, but includes your spouse or de facto partner.

What disclosures must be made by a designated person?

- 4.8 Designated persons include:
 - (a) the general manager
 - (b) other senior staff of the council for the purposes of section 332 of the LGA
 - (c) a person (other than a member of the senior staff of the council) who is a member of staff of the council or a delegate of the council and who holds a position identified by the council as the position of a designated person because it involves the exercise of functions (such as regulatory functions or contractual functions) that, in their exercise, could give rise to a conflict between the person's duty as a member of staff or delegate and the person's private interest
 - (d) a person (other than a member of the senior staff of the council) who is a member of a committee of the council identified by the council as a committee whose members are designated persons because the functions of the committee involve the exercise of the council's functions (such as regulatory functions or contractual functions) that, in their exercise, could give rise to a conflict between the member's duty as a member of the committee and the member's private interest.
- 4.9 A designated person:
 - (a) must prepare and submit written returns of interests in accordance with clauses 4.21, and
 - (b) must disclose pecuniary interests in accordance with clause 4.10.

- 4.10 A designated person must disclose in writing to the general manager (or if the person is the general manager, to the council) the nature of any pecuniary interest the person has in any council matter with which the person is dealing as soon as practicable after becoming aware of the interest.
- 4.11 Clause 4.10 does not require a designated person who is a member of staff of the council to disclose a pecuniary interest if the interest relates only to the person's salary as a member of staff, or to their other conditions of employment.
- 4.12 The general manager must, on receiving a disclosure from a designated person, deal with the matter to which the disclosure relates or refer it to another person to deal with.
- 4.13 A disclosure by the general manager must, as soon as practicable after the disclosure is made, be laid on the table at a meeting of the council and the council must deal with the matter to which the disclosure relates or refer it to another person to deal with.

What disclosures must be made by council staff other than designated persons?

- 4.14 A member of staff of council, other than a designated person, must disclose in writing to their manager or the general manager the nature of any pecuniary interest they have in a matter they are dealing with as soon as practicable after becoming aware of the interest.
- 4.15 The staff member's manager or the general manager must, on receiving a disclosure under clause 4.14, deal with the matter to which the disclosure relates or refer it to another person to deal with.

What disclosures must be made by council advisers?

- 4.16 A person who, at the request or with the consent of the council or a council committee, gives advice on any matter at any meeting of the council or committee, must disclose the nature of any pecuniary interest the person has in the matter to the meeting at the time the advice is given. The person is not required to disclose the person's interest as an adviser.
- 4.17 A person does not breach clause 4.16 if the person did not know, and could not reasonably be expected to have known, that the matter under consideration at the meeting was a matter in which they had a pecuniary interest.

What disclosures must be made by a council committee member?

- 4.18 A council committee member must disclose pecuniary interests in accordance with clause 4.28 and comply with clause 4.29.
- 4.19 For the purposes of clause 4.18, a "council committee member" includes a member of staff of council who is a member of the committee.

What disclosures must be made by a councillor?

4.20 A councillor:

- (a) must prepare and submit written returns of interests in accordance with clause 4.21, and
- (b) must disclose pecuniary interests in accordance with clause 4.28 and comply with clause 4.29 where it is applicable.

Disclosure of interests in written returns

- 4.21 A councillor or designated person must make and lodge with the general manager a return in the form set out in schedule 2 to this code, disclosing the councillor's or designated person's interests as specified in schedule 1 to this code within 3 months after:
 - (a) becoming a councillor or designated person, and
 - (b) 30 June of each year, and
 - (c) the councillor or designated person becoming aware of an interest they are required to disclose under schedule 1 that has not been previously disclosed in a return lodged under paragraphs (a) or (b).
- 4.22 A person need not make and lodge a return under clause 4.21, paragraphs (a) and (b) if:
 - (a) they made and lodged a return under that clause in the preceding 3 months, or
 - (b) they have ceased to be a councillor or designated person in the preceding 3 months.
- 4.23 A person must not make and lodge a return that the person knows or ought reasonably to know is false or misleading in a material particular.
- 4.24 The general manager must keep a register of returns required to be made and lodged with the general manager.
- 4.25 Returns required to be lodged with the general manager under clause4.21(a) and (b) must be tabled at the first meeting of the council after the last day the return is required to be lodged.
- 4.26 Returns required to be lodged with the general manager under clause 4.21(c) must be tabled at the next council meeting after the return is lodged.
- 4.27 Information contained in returns made and lodged under clause 4.21 is to be made publicly available in accordance with the requirements of the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009, the Government Information (Public Access) Regulation 2009 2018 and any guidelines issued by the Information Commissioner.

<u>Disclosure of pecuniary interests at meetings</u>

4.28 A councillor or a council committee member who has a pecuniary interest in any matter with which the council is concerned, and who is present at a meeting of the council or committee at which the matter is being considered, must disclose the nature of the interest to the meeting as soon as practicable.

- 4.29 The councillor or council committee member must not be present at, or in sight of, the meeting of the council or committee:
 - (a) at any time during which the matter is being considered or discussed by the council or committee, or
 - (b) at any time during which the council or committee is voting on any question in relation to the matter.
- 4.30 In the case of a meeting of a board of a joint organisation, a voting representative is taken to be present at the meeting for the purposes of clauses 4.28 and 4.29 where they participate in the meeting by telephone or other electronic means.
- 4.31 A disclosure made at a meeting of a council or council committee must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
- 4.32 A general notice may be given to the general manager in writing by a councillor or a council committee member to the effect that the councillor or council committee member, or the councillor's or council committee member's spouse, de facto partner or relative, is:
 - (a) a member of, or in the employment of, a specified company or other body, or
 - (b) a partner of, or in the employment of, a specified person.

Such a notice is, unless and until the notice is withdrawn or until the end of the term of the council in which it is given (whichever is the sooner), sufficient disclosure of the councillor's or council committee member's interest in a matter relating to the specified company, body or person that may be the subject of consideration by the council or council committee after the date of the notice.

- 4.33 A councillor or a council committee member is not prevented from being present at and taking part in a meeting at which a matter is being considered, or from voting on the matter, merely because the councillor or council committee member has an interest in the matter of a kind referred to in clause 4.6.
- 4.34 A person does not breach clauses 4.28 or 4.29 if the person did not know, and could not reasonably be expected to have known, that the matter under consideration at the meeting was a matter in which they had a pecuniary interest.
- 4.35 Despite clause 4.29, a councillor who has a pecuniary interest in a matter may participate in a decision to delegate consideration of the matter in question to another body or person.
- 4.36 Clause 4.29 does not apply to a councillor who has a pecuniary interest in a matter that is being considered at a meeting if:
 - (a) the matter is a proposal relating to:
 - (i) the making of a principal environmental planning instrument applying to the whole or a significant portion of the council's area, or
 - (ii) the amendment, alteration or repeal of an environmental planning instrument where the amendment, alteration or

- repeal applies to the whole or a significant portion of the council's area, and
- (b) the pecuniary interest arises only because of an interest of the councillor in the councillor's principal place of residence or an interest of another person (whose interests are relevant under clause 4.3) in that person's principal place of residence, and
- (c) the councillor made a special disclosure under clause 4.37 in relation to the interest before the commencement of the meeting.
- 4.37 A special disclosure of a pecuniary interest made for the purposes of clause 4.36(c) must:
 - (a) be in the form set out in schedule 3 of this code and contain the information required by that form, and
 - (b) be laid on the table at a meeting of the council as soon as practicable after the disclosure is made, and the information contained in the special disclosure is to be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
- 4.38 The Minister for Local Government may, conditionally or unconditionally, allow a councillor or a council committee member who has a pecuniary interest in a matter with which the council is concerned to be present at a meeting of the council or committee, to take part in the consideration or discussion of the matter and to vote on the matter if the Minister is of the opinion:
 - (a) that the number of councillors prevented from voting would be so great a proportion of the whole as to impede the transaction of business, or
 - (b) that it is in the interests of the electors for the area to do so.
- 4.39 A councillor or a council committee member with a pecuniary interest in a matter who is permitted to be present at a meeting of the council or committee, to take part in the consideration or discussion of the matter and to vote on the matter under clause 4.38, must still disclose the interest they have in the matter in accordance with clause 4.28.

PART 5 NON-PECUNIARY CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

What is a non-pecuniary conflict of interest?

- 5.1 Non-pecuniary interests are private or personal interests a council official has that do not amount to a pecuniary interest as defined in clause 4.1 of this code. These commonly arise out of family or personal relationships, or out of involvement in sporting, social, religious or other cultural groups and associations, and may include an interest of a financial nature.
- 5.2 A non-pecuniary conflict of interest exists where a reasonable and informed person would perceive that you could be influenced by a private interest when carrying out your official functions in relation to a matter.
- 5.3 The personal or political views of a council official do not constitute a private interest for the purposes of clause 5.2.
- 5.4 Non-pecuniary conflicts of interest must be identified and appropriately managed to uphold community confidence in the probity of council decision-making. The onus is on you to identify any non-pecuniary conflict of interest you may have in matters that you deal with, to disclose the interest fully and in writing, and to take appropriate action to manage the conflict in accordance with this code.
- 5.5 When considering whether or not you have a non-pecuniary conflict of interest in a matter you are dealing with, it is always important to think about how others would view your situation.

Managing non-pecuniary conflicts of interest

- 5.6 Where you have a non-pecuniary conflict of interest in a matter for the purposes of clause 5.2, you must disclose the relevant private interest you have in relation to the matter fully and in writing as soon as practicable after becoming aware of the non-pecuniary conflict of interest and on each occasion on which the non-pecuniary conflict of interest arises in relation to the matter. In the case of members of council staff other than the general manager, such a disclosure is to be made to the staff member's manager. In the case of the general manager, such a disclosure is to be made to the mayor.
- 5.7 If a disclosure is made at a council or committee meeting, both the disclosure and the nature of the interest must be recorded in the minutes on each occasion on which the non-pecuniary conflict of interest arises. This disclosure constitutes disclosure in writing for the purposes of clause 5.6.
- 5.8 How you manage a non-pecuniary conflict of interest will depend on whether or not it is significant.

- 5.9 As a general rule, a non-pecuniary conflict of interest will be significant where it does not involve a pecuniary interest for the purposes of clause 4.1, but it involves:
 - a) a relationship between a council official and another person who is affected by a decision or a matter under consideration that is particularly close, such as a current or former spouse or de facto partner, a relative for the purposes of clause 4.4 or another person from the council official's extended family that the council official has a close personal relationship with, or another person living in the same household
 - b) other relationships with persons who are affected by a decision or a matter under consideration that are particularly close, such as friendships and business relationships. Closeness is defined by the nature of the friendship or business relationship, the frequency of contact and the duration of the friendship or relationship.
 - c) an affiliation between the council official and an organisation (such as a sporting body, club, religious, cultural or charitable organisation, corporation or association) that is affected by a decision or a matter under consideration that is particularly strong. The strength of a council official's affiliation with an organisation is to be determined by the extent to which they actively participate in the management, administration or other activities of the organisation.
 - d) membership, as the council's representative, of the board or management committee of an organisation that is affected by a decision or a matter under consideration, in circumstances where the interests of the council and the organisation are potentially in conflict in relation to the particular matter
 - e) a financial interest (other than an interest of a type referred to in clause 4.6) that is not a pecuniary interest for the purposes of clause 4.1
 - f) the conferral or loss of a personal benefit other than one conferred or lost as a member of the community or a broader class of people affected by a decision.
- 5.10 Significant non-pecuniary conflicts of interest must be managed in one of two ways:
 - a) by not participating in consideration of, or decision making in relation to, the matter in which you have the significant nonpecuniary conflict of interest and the matter being allocated to another person for consideration or determination, or
 - b) if the significant non-pecuniary conflict of interest arises in relation to a matter under consideration at a council or committee meeting, by managing the conflict of interest as if you had a pecuniary interest in the matter by complying with clauses 4.28 and 4.29.

- 5.11 If you determine that you have a non-pecuniary conflict of interest in a matter that is not significant and does not require further action, when disclosing the interest you must also explain in writing why you consider that the non-pecuniary conflict of interest is not significant and does not require further action in the circumstances.
- 5.12 If you are a member of staff of council other than the general manager, the decision on which option should be taken to manage a non-pecuniary conflict of interest must be made in consultation with and at the direction of your manager. In the case of the general manager, the decision on which option should be taken to manage a non-pecuniary conflict of interest must be made in consultation with and at the direction of the mayor.
- 5.13 Despite clause 5.10(b), a councillor who has a significant non-pecuniary conflict of interest in a matter, may participate in a decision to delegate consideration of the matter in question to another body or person.
- 5.14 Council committee members are not required to declare and manage a non-pecuniary conflict of interest in accordance with the requirements of this Part where it arises from an interest they have as a person chosen to represent the community, or as a member of a non-profit organisation or other community or special interest group, if they have been appointed to represent the organisation or group on the council committee.

Political donations

- 5.15 Councillors should be aware that matters before council or committee meetings involving their political donors may also give rise to a non-pecuniary conflict of interest.
- 5.16 Where you are a councillor and have received or knowingly benefitted from a reportable political donation:
 - a) made by a major political donor in the previous four years, and
 - b) the major political donor has a matter before council,

you must declare a non-pecuniary conflict of interest in the matter, disclose the nature of the interest, and manage the conflict of interest as if you had a pecuniary interest in the matter by complying with clauses 4.28 and 4.29. A disclosure made under this clause must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

- 5.17 For the purposes of this Part:
 - a) a "reportable political donation" has the same meaning as it has in section 6 of the *Electoral Funding Act 2018*
 - b) "major political donor" has the same meaning as it has in the *Electoral Funding Act 2018*.
- 5.18 Councillors should note that political donations that are not a "reportable political donation", or political donations to a registered political party or group by which a councillor is endorsed, may still give rise to a non-pecuniary conflict of interest. Councillors should determine whether or not such conflicts are significant for the purposes of clause 5.9 and take the appropriate action to manage them.

5.19 Despite clause 5.16, a councillor who has received or knowingly benefitted from a reportable political donation of the kind referred to in that clause, may participate in a decision to delegate consideration of the matter in question to another body or person.

Loss of quorum as a result of compliance with this Part

- 5.20 A councillor who would otherwise be precluded from participating in the consideration of a matter under this Part because they have a non-pecuniary conflict of interest in the matter is permitted to participate in consideration of the matter if:
 - a) the matter is a proposal relating to:
 - i) the making of a principal environmental planning instrument applying to the whole or a significant portion of the council's area, or
 - ii) the amendment, alteration or repeal of an environmental planning instrument where the amendment, alteration or repeal applies to the whole or a significant portion of the council's area, and
 - b) the non-pecuniary conflict of interest arises only because of an interest that a person has in that person's principal place of residence, and
 - c) the councillor discloses the interest they have in the matter that would otherwise have precluded their participation in consideration of the matter under this Part in accordance with clause 5.6.
- 5.21 The Minister for Local Government may, conditionally or unconditionally, allow a councillor or a council committee member who is precluded under this Part from participating in the consideration of a matter to be present at a meeting of the council or committee, to take part in the consideration or discussion of the matter and to vote on the matter if the Minister is of the opinion:
 - a) that the number of councillors prevented from voting would be so great a proportion of the whole as to impede the transaction of business, or
 - b) that it is in the interests of the electors for the area to do so.
- 5.22 Where the Minister exempts a councillor or committee member from complying with a requirement under this Part under clause 5.21, the councillor or committee member must still disclose any interests they have in the matter the exemption applies to, in accordance with clause 5.6.

Other business or employment

5.23 The general manager must not engage, for remuneration, in private employment, contract work or other business outside the service of the council without the approval of the council.

- 5.24 A member of staff must not engage, for remuneration, in private employment, contract work or other business outside the service of the council that relates to the business of the council or that might conflict with the staff member's council duties unless they have notified the general manager in writing of the employment, work or business and the general manager has given their written approval for the staff member to engage in the employment, work or business.
- 5.25 The general manager may at any time prohibit a member of staff from engaging, for remuneration, in private employment, contract work or other business outside the service of the council that relates to the business of the council, or that might conflict with the staff member's council duties.
- 5.26 A member of staff must not engage, for remuneration, in private employment, contract work or other business outside the service of the council if prohibited from doing so.
- 5.27 Members of staff must ensure that any outside employment, work or business they engage in will not:
 - a) conflict with their official duties
 - b) involve using confidential information or council resources obtained through their work with the council including where private use is permitted
 - c) require them to work while on council duty
 - d) discredit or disadvantage the council
 - e) pose, due to fatigue, a risk to their health or safety, or to the health and safety of their co-workers.

Personal dealings with council

- 5.28 You may have reason to deal with your council in your personal capacity (for example, as a ratepayer, recipient of a council service or applicant for a development consent granted by council). You must not expect or request preferential treatment in relation to any matter in which you have a private interest because of your position. You must avoid any action that could lead members of the public to believe that you are seeking preferential treatment.
- 5.29 You must undertake any personal dealings you have with the council in a manner that is consistent with the way other members of the community deal with the council. You must also ensure that you disclose and appropriately manage any conflict of interest you may have in any matter in accordance with the requirements of this code.

PART 6 PERSONAL BENEFIT

- 6.1 For the purposes of this Part, a gift or a benefit is something offered to or received by a council official or someone personally associated with them for their personal use and enjoyment.
- 6.2 A reference to a gift or benefit in this Part does not include:
 - a) items with a value of \$10 or less
 - b) a political donation for the purposes of the Electoral Funding Act 2018
 - c) a gift provided to the council as part of a cultural exchange or sister-city relationship that is not converted for the personal use or enjoyment of any individual council official or someone personally associated with them
 - d) a benefit or facility provided by the council to an employee or councillor
 - e) attendance by a council official at a work-related event or function for the purposes of performing their official duties, or
 - f) free or subsidised meals, beverages or refreshments provided to council officials in conjunction with the performance of their official duties such as, but not limited to:
 - i) the discussion of official business
 - ii) work-related events such as council-sponsored or community events, training, education sessions or workshops
 - iii) conferences
 - iv) council functions or events
 - v) social functions organised by groups, such as council committees and community organisations.

Gifts and benefits

- 6.3 You must avoid situations that would give rise to the appearance that a person or body is attempting to secure favourable treatment from you or from the council, through the provision of gifts, benefits or hospitality of any kind to you or someone personally associated with you.
- 6.4 A gift or benefit is deemed to have been accepted by you for the purposes of this Part, where it is received by you or someone personally associated with you.

How are offers of aifts and benefits to be dealt with?

- 6.5 You must not:
 - a) seek or accept a bribe or other improper inducement
 - b) seek gifts or benefits of any kind
 - c) accept any gift or benefit that may create a sense of obligation on your part, or may be perceived to be intended or likely to influence you in carrying out your public duty
 - d) subject to clause 6.7, accept any gift or benefit of more than token value as defined by clause 6.9
 - e) accept an offer of cash or a cash-like gift as defined by clause 6.13, regardless of the amount

- f) participate in competitions for prizes where eligibility is based on the council being in or entering into a customer–supplier relationship with the competition organiser
- g) personally benefit from reward points programs when purchasing on behalf of the council.
- 6.6 Where you receive a gift or benefit of any value other than one referred to in clause 6.2, you must disclose this promptly to your manager or the general manager in writing. The recipient, manager, or general manager must ensure that, at a minimum, the following details are recorded in the council's gift register:
 - a) the nature of the gift or benefit
 - b) the estimated monetary value of the gift or benefit
 - c) the name of the person who provided the gift or benefit, and
 - d) the date on which the gift or benefit was received.
- 6.7 Where you receive a gift or benefit of more than token value that cannot reasonably be refused or returned, the gift or benefit must be surrendered to the council, unless the nature of the gift or benefit makes this impractical.

Gifts and benefits of token value

- 6.8 You may accept gifts and benefits of token value. Gifts and benefits of token value are one or more gifts or benefits received from a person or organisation over a 12-month period that, when aggregated, do not exceed a value of \$100. They include, but are not limited to:
 - a) invitations to and attendance at local social, cultural or sporting events with a ticket value that does not exceed \$100
 - b) gifts of alcohol that do not exceed a value of \$100
 - c) ties, scarves, coasters, tie pins, diaries, chocolates or flowers or the like
 - d) prizes or awards that do not exceed \$100 in value.

Gifts and benefits of more than token value

- 6.9 Gifts or benefits that exceed \$100 in value are gifts or benefits of more than token value for the purposes of clause 6.5(d) and, subject to clause 6.7, must not be accepted.
- 6.10 Gifts and benefits of more than token value include, but are not limited to, tickets to major sporting events (such as international matches or matches in national sporting codes) with a ticket value that exceeds \$100, corporate hospitality at a corporate facility at major sporting events, free or discounted products or services for personal use provided on terms that are not available to the general public or a broad class of persons, the use of holiday homes, artworks, free or discounted travel.

- 6.11 Where you have accepted a gift or benefit of token value from a person or organisation, you must not accept a further gift or benefit from the same person or organisation or another person associated with that person or organisation within a single 12-month period where the value of the gift, added to the value of earlier gifts received from the same person or organisation, or a person associated with that person or organisation, during the same 12-month period would exceed \$100 in value.
- 6.12 For the purposes of this Part, the value of a gift or benefit is the monetary value of the gift or benefit inclusive of GST.

"Cash-like gifts"

6.13 For the purposes of clause 6.5(e), "cash-like gifts" include, but are not limited to, gift vouchers, credit cards, debit cards with credit on them, prepayments such as phone or internet credit, lottery tickets, memberships or entitlements to discounts that are not available to the general public or a broad class of persons.

Improper and undue influence

- 6.14 You must not use your position to influence other council officials in the performance of their official functions to obtain a private benefit for yourself or for somebody else. A councillor will not be in breach of this clause where they seek to influence other council officials through the proper exercise of their role as prescribed under the LGA.
- 6.15 You must not take advantage (or seek to take advantage) of your status or position with council, or of functions you perform for council, in order to obtain a private benefit for yourself or for any other person or body.

PART 7 RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN COUNCIL OFFICIALS

Obligations of councillors and administrators

- 7.1 Each council is a body politic. The councillors or administrator/s are the governing body of the council. Under section 223 of the LGA, the role of the governing body of the council includes the development and endorsement of the strategic plans, programs, strategies and policies of the council, including those relating to workforce policy, and to keep the performance of the council under review.
- 7.2 Councillors or administrators must not:
 - a) direct council staff other than by giving appropriate direction to the general manager by way of council or committee resolution, or by the mayor or administrator exercising their functions under section 226 of the LGA
 - b) in any public or private forum, direct or influence, or attempt to direct or influence, any other member of the staff of the council or a delegate of the council in the exercise of the functions of the staff member or delegate
 - c) contact a member of the staff of the council on council-related business unless in accordance with the policy and procedures governing the interaction of councillors and council staff that have been authorised by the council and the general manager
 - d) contact or issue instructions to any of the council's contractors, including the council's legal advisers, unless by the mayor or administrator exercising their functions under section 226 of the LGA.
- 7.3 Despite clause 7.2, councillors may contact the council's external auditor or the chair of the council's audit risk and improvement committee to provide information reasonably necessary for the external auditor or the audit, risk and improvement committee to effectively perform their functions.

Obligations of staff

- 7.4 Under section 335 of the LGA, the role of the general manager includes conducting the day-to-day management of the council in accordance with the strategic plans, programs, strategies and policies of the council, implementing without undue delay, lawful decisions of the council and ensuring that the mayor and other councillors are given timely information and advice and the administrative and professional support necessary to effectively discharge their official functions.
- 7.5 Members of staff of council must:
 - a) give their attention to the business of the council while on duty
 - b) ensure that their work is carried out ethically, efficiently, economically and effectively
 - c) carry out reasonable and lawful directions given by any person having authority to give such directions
 - d) give effect to the lawful decisions, policies and procedures of the council, whether or not the staff member agrees with or approves of them

e) ensure that any participation in political activities outside the service of the council does not interfere with the performance of their official duties.

<u>Inappropriate interactions</u>

- 7.6 You must not engage in any of the following inappropriate interactions:
 - a) councillors and administrators approaching staff and staff organisations to discuss individual or operational staff matters (other than matters relating to broader workforce policy), grievances, workplace investigations and disciplinary matters
 - b) council staff approaching councillors and administrators to discuss individual or operational staff matters (other than matters relating to broader workforce policy), grievances, workplace investigations and disciplinary matters
 - c) subject to clause 8.6, council staff refusing to give information that is available to other councillors to a particular councillor
 - d) councillors and administrators who have lodged an application with the council, discussing the matter with council staff in staff-only areas of the council
 - e) councillors and administrators approaching members of local planning panels or discussing any application that is either before the panel or that will come before the panel at some future time, except during a panel meeting where the application forms part of the agenda and the councillor or administrator has a right to be heard by the panel at the meeting
 - f) councillors and administrators being overbearing or threatening to council staff
 - g) council staff being overbearing or threatening to councillors or administrators
 - h) councillors and administrators making personal attacks on council staff or engaging in conduct towards staff that would be contrary to the general conduct provisions in Part 3 of this code in public forums including social media
 - i) councillors and administrators directing or pressuring council staff in the performance of their work, or recommendations they should make
 - j) council staff providing ad hoc advice to councillors and administrators without recording or documenting the interaction as they would if the advice was provided to a member of the community
 - k) council staff meeting with applicants or objectors alone AND outside office hours to discuss planning applications or proposals
 - I) councillors attending on-site inspection meetings with lawyers and/or consultants engaged by the council associated with current or proposed legal proceedings unless permitted to do so by the council's general manager or, in the case of the mayor or administrator, unless they are exercising their functions under section 226 of the LGA.

PART 8 ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND COUNCIL RESOURCES

Councillor and administrator access to information

- 8.1 The general manager is responsible for ensuring that councillors and administrators can access information necessary for the performance of their official functions. The general manager and public officer are also responsible for ensuring that members of the public can access publicly available council information under the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 (the GIPA Act).
- 8.2 The general manager must provide councillors and administrators with the information necessary to effectively discharge their official functions.
- 8.3 Members of staff of council must provide full and timely information to councillors and administrators sufficient to enable them to exercise their official functions and in accordance with council procedures.
- 8.4 Members of staff of council who provide any information to a particular councillor in the performance of their official functions must also make it available to any other councillor who requests it and in accordance with council procedures.
- 8.5 Councillors and administrators who have a private interest only in council information have the same rights of access as any member of the public.
- 8.6 Despite clause 8.4, councillors and administrators who are precluded from participating in the consideration of a matter under this code because they have a conflict of interest in the matter, are not entitled to request access to council information in relation to the matter unless the information is otherwise available to members of the public, or the council has determined to make the information available under the GIPA Act.

Councillors and administrators to properly examine and consider information

8.7 Councillors and administrators must ensure that they comply with their duty under section 439 of the LGA to act honestly and exercise a reasonable degree of care and diligence by properly examining and considering all the information provided to them relating to matters that they are required to make a decision on.

Refusal of access to information

8.8 Where the general manager or public officer determine to refuse access to information requested by a councillor or administrator, they must act reasonably. In reaching this decision they must take into account whether or not the information requested is necessary for the councillor or administrator to perform their official functions (see clause 8.2) and whether they have disclosed a conflict of interest in the matter the information relates to that would preclude their participation in consideration of the matter (see clause 8.6). The general manager or public officer must state the reasons for the decision if access is refused.

Use of certain council information

- 8.9 In regard to information obtained in your capacity as a council official, you must:
 - a) subject to clause 8.14, only access council information needed for council business

- b) not use that council information for private purposes
- c) not seek or obtain, either directly or indirectly, any financial benefit or other improper advantage for yourself, or any other person or body, from any information to which you have access by virtue of your office or position with council
- d) only release council information in accordance with established council policies and procedures and in compliance with relevant legislation.

Use and security of confidential information

- 8.10 You must maintain the integrity and security of confidential information in your possession, or for which you are responsible.
- 8.11 In addition to your general obligations relating to the use of council information, you must:
 - a) only access confidential information that you have been authorised to access and only do so for the purposes of exercising your official functions
 - b) protect confidential information
 - c) only release confidential information if you have authority to do so
 - d) only use confidential information for the purpose for which it is intended to be used
 - e) not use confidential information gained through your official position for the purpose of securing a private benefit for yourself or for any other person
 - f) not use confidential information with the intention to cause harm or detriment to the council or any other person or body
 - g) not disclose any confidential information discussed during a confidential session of a council or committee meeting or any other confidential forum (such as, but not limited to, workshops or briefing sessions).

Personal information

- 8.12 When dealing with personal information you must comply with:
 - a) the Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998
 - b) the Health Records and Information Privacy Act 2002
 - c) the Information Protection Principles and Health Privacy Principles
 - d) the council's privacy management plan
 - e) the Privacy Code of Practice for Local Government

Use of council resources

8.13 You must use council resources ethically, effectively, efficiently and carefully in exercising your official functions, and must not use them for private purposes, except when supplied as part of a contract of employment (but not for private business purposes), unless this use is lawfully authorised and proper payment is made where appropriate.

- 8.14 Union delegates and consultative committee members may have reasonable access to council resources and information for the purposes of carrying out their industrial responsibilities, including but not limited to:
 - a) the representation of members with respect to disciplinary matters
 - b) the representation of employees with respect to grievances and disputes
 - c) functions associated with the role of the local consultative committee.
- 8.15 You must be scrupulous in your use of council property, including intellectual property, official services, facilities, technology and electronic devices and must not permit their misuse by any other person or body.
- 8.16 You must avoid any action or situation that could create the appearance that council property, official services or public facilities are being improperly used for your benefit or the benefit of any other person or body.
- 8.17 You must not use council resources (including council staff), property or facilities for the purpose of assisting your election campaign or the election campaigns of others unless the resources, property or facilities are otherwise available for use or hire by the public and any publicly advertised fee is paid for use of the resources, property or facility.
- 8.18 You must not use the council letterhead, council crests, council email or social media or other information that could give the appearance it is official council material:
 - a) for the purpose of assisting your election campaign or the election campaign of others, or
 - b) for other non-official purposes.
- 8.19 You must not convert any property of the council to your own use unless properly authorised.

Internet access

8.20 You must not use council's computer resources or mobile or other devices to search for, access, download or communicate any material of an offensive, obscene, pornographic, threatening, abusive or defamatory nature, or that could otherwise lead to criminal penalty or civil liability and/or damage the council's reputation.

Council record keeping

- 8.21 You must comply with the requirements of the *State Records Act 1998* and the council's records management policy.
- 8.22 All information created, sent and received in your official capacity is a council record and must be managed in accordance with the requirements of the *State Records Act 1998* and the council's approved records management policies and practices.

- 8.23 All information stored in either soft or hard copy on council supplied resources (including technology devices and email accounts) is deemed to be related to the business of the council and will be treated as council records, regardless of whether the original intention was to create the information for personal purposes.
- 8.24 You must not destroy, alter, or dispose of council information or records, unless authorised to do so. If you need to alter or dispose of council information or records, you must do so in consultation with the council's records manager and comply with the requirements of the *State Records* Act 1998.

Councillor access to council buildings

- 8.25 Councillors and administrators are entitled to have access to the council chamber, committee room, mayor's office (subject to availability), councillors' rooms, and public areas of council's buildings during normal business hours and for meetings. Councillors and administrators needing access to these facilities at other times must obtain authority from the general manager.
- 8.26 Councillors and administrators must not enter staff-only areas of council buildings without the approval of the general manager (or their delegate) or as provided for in the procedures governing the interaction of councillors and council staff.
- 8.27 Councillors and administrators must ensure that when they are within a staff only area they refrain from conduct that could be perceived to improperly influence council staff decisions.

Internet access and use of social media

- 8.28 You must not use social media to post comments, photos, sound recordings or other information that:
 - a) Compromises your capacity to perform your official duties in an unbiased manner.
 - b) Has the potential to have a negative impact to your working relationships within the council or external parties
 - c) Is offensive, humiliating, threatening or intimidating to other council officials or those that deal with the council
 - d) Has the capacity to damage the council's reputation or contains content about the council that may be misleading or deceptive
 - e) Divulges confidential information
 - f) Breaches the privacy of other council officials or those that deal with council
 - g) Contains allegations of suspected breaches of this code or information about the consideration of a matter under this code, or
 - h) Could be perceived to be an official comment on behalf of the council where you have not been authorised to make such comment

PART 9 MAINTAINING THE INTEGRITY OF THIS CODE

Complaints made for an improper purpose

- 9.1 You must not make or threaten to make a complaint or cause a complaint to be made alleging a breach of this code for an improper purpose.
- 9.2 For the purposes of clause 9.1, a complaint is made for an improper purpose where it is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith, or where it otherwise lacks merit and has been made substantially for one or more of the following purposes:
 - i) to bully, intimidate or harass another council official
 - j) to damage another council official's reputation
 - k) to obtain a political advantage
 - I) to influence a council official in the exercise of their official functions or to prevent or disrupt the exercise of those functions
 - m) to influence the council in the exercise of its functions or to prevent or disrupt the exercise of those functions
 - n) to avoid disciplinary action under the Procedures
 - o) to take reprisal action against a person for making a complaint alleging a breach of this code
 - p) to take reprisal action against a person for exercising a function prescribed under the Procedures
 - q) to prevent or disrupt the effective administration of this code under the Procedures.

Detrimental action

- 9.3 You must not take detrimental action or cause detrimental action to be taken against a person substantially in reprisal for a complaint they have made alleging a breach of this code.
- 9.4 You must not take detrimental action or cause detrimental action to be taken against a person substantially in reprisal for any function they have exercised under the Procedures.
- 9.5 For the purposes of clauses 9.3 and 9.4, a detrimental action is an action causing, comprising or involving any of the following:
 - a) injury, damage or loss
 - b) intimidation or harassment
 - c) discrimination, disadvantage or adverse treatment in relation to employment
 - d) dismissal from, or prejudice in, employment
 - e) disciplinary proceedings.

Compliance with requirements under the Procedures

- 9.6 You must not engage in conduct that is calculated to impede or disrupt the consideration of a matter under the Procedures.
- 9.7 You must comply with a reasonable and lawful request made by a person exercising a function under the Procedures. A failure to make a written or oral submission invited under the Procedures will not constitute a breach of this clause.

9.8 You must comply with a practice ruling made by the Office under the Procedures.

<u>Disclosure of information about the consideration of a matter under the Procedures</u>

- 9.9 All allegations of breaches of this code must be dealt with under and in accordance with the Procedures.
- 9.10 You must not allege breaches of this code other than by way of a complaint made or initiated under the Procedures.
- 9.11 You must not make allegations about, or disclose information about, suspected breaches of this code at council, committee or other meetings, whether open to the public or not, or in any other forum, whether public or not.
- 9.12 You must not disclose information about a complaint you have made alleging a breach of this code or any other matter being considered under the Procedures except for the purposes of seeking legal advice, unless the disclosure is otherwise permitted under the Procedures.
- 9.13 Nothing under this Part prevents a person from making a public interest disclosure to an appropriate public authority or investigative authority under the *Public Interest Disclosures* Act 1994 2022.

Complaints alleging a breach of this Part

- 9.14 Complaints alleging a breach of this Part by a councillor, the general manager or an administrator are to be managed by the Office. This clause does not prevent the Office from referring an alleged breach of this Part back to the council for consideration in accordance with the Procedures.
- 9.15 Complaints alleging a breach of this Part by other council officials are to be managed by the general manager in accordance with the Procedures.

SCHEDULE 1: DISCLOSURES OF INTERESTS AND OTHER MATTERS IN WRITTEN RETURNS SUBMITTED UNDER CLAUSE 4.21

Part 1: Preliminary

Definitions

1. For the purposes of the schedules to this code, the following definitions apply:

address means:

- a) in relation to a person other than a corporation, the last residential or business address of the person known to the councillor or designated person disclosing the address, or
- b) in relation to a corporation, the address of the registered office of the corporation in New South Wales or, if there is no such office, the address of the principal office of the corporation in the place where it is registered, or
- c) in relation to any real property, the street address of the property.

de facto partner has the same meaning as defined in section 21C of the Interpretation Act 1987.

disposition of property means a conveyance, transfer, assignment, settlement, delivery, payment or other alienation of property, including the following:

- a) the allotment of shares in a company
- b) the creation of a trust in respect of property
- c) the grant or creation of a lease, mortgage, charge, easement, licence, power, partnership or interest in respect of property
- d) the release, discharge, surrender, forfeiture or abandonment, at law or in equity, of a debt, contract or chose in action, or of an interest in respect of property
- e) the exercise by a person of a general power of appointment over property in favour of another person
- f) a transaction entered into by a person who intends by the transaction to diminish, directly or indirectly, the value of the person's own property and to increase the value of the property of another person.

gift means a disposition of property made otherwise than by will (whether or not by instrument in writing) without consideration, or with inadequate consideration, in money or money's worth passing from the person to whom the disposition was made to the person who made the disposition, but does not include a financial or other contribution to travel.

interest means:

a) in relation to property, an estate, interest, right or power, at law or in equity, in or over the property, or

b) in relation to a corporation, a relevant interest (within the meaning of section 9 of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth) in securities issued or made available by the corporation.

listed company means a company that is listed within the meaning of section 9 of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth.

occupation includes trade, profession and vocation.

professional or business association means an incorporated or unincorporated body or organisation having as one of its objects or activities the promotion of the economic interests of its members in any occupation.

property includes money.

return date means:

- a) in the case of a return made under clause 4.21(a), the date on which a person became a councillor or designated person
- b) in the case of a return made under clause 4.21(b), 30 June of the year in which the return is made
- c) in the case of a return made under clause 4.21(c), the date on which the councillor or designated person became aware of the interest to be disclosed.

relative includes any of the following:

- a) a person's spouse or de facto partner
- b) a person's parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, lineal descendant or adopted child
- c) a person's spouse's or de facto partner's parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, lineal descendant or adopted child
- d) the spouse or de factor partner of a person referred to in paragraphs (b) and (c).

travel includes accommodation incidental to a journey.

Matters relating to the interests that must be included in returns

- 2. Interests etc. outside New South Wales: A reference in this schedule or in schedule 2 to a disclosure concerning a corporation or other thing includes any reference to a disclosure concerning a corporation registered, or other thing arising or received, outside New South Wales.
- 3. References to interests in real property: A reference in this schedule or in schedule 2 to real property in which a councillor or designated person has an interest includes a reference to any real property situated in Australia in which the councillor or designated person has an interest.
- 4. Gifts, loans etc. from related corporations: For the purposes of this schedule and schedule 2, gifts or contributions to travel given, loans made, or goods or services supplied, to a councillor or designated person by two or more corporations that are related to each other for the purposes of section 50 of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth are all given, made or supplied by a single corporation.

Part 2: Pecuniary interests to be disclosed in returns

Real property

- 5. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose:
 - a) the street address of each parcel of real property in which they had an interest on the return date, and
 - b) the street address of each parcel of real property in which they had an interest in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, and
 - c) the nature of the interest.
- 6. An interest in a parcel of real property need not be disclosed in a return if the person making the return had the interest only:
 - a) as executor of the will, or administrator of the estate, of a deceased person and not as a beneficiary under the will or intestacy, or
 - b) as a trustee, if the interest was acquired in the ordinary course of an occupation not related to their duties as the holder of a position required to make a return.
- 7. An interest in a parcel of real property need not be disclosed in a return if the person ceased to hold the interest prior to becoming a councillor or designated person.
- 8. For the purposes of clause 5 of this schedule, "interest" includes an option to purchase.

Gifts

- 9. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose:
 - a) a description of each gift received in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, and
 - b) the name and address of the donor of each of the gifts.
- 10. A gift need not be included in a return if:
 - a) it did not exceed \$500, unless it was among gifts totalling more than \$500 made by the same person during a period of 12 months or less, or
 - b) it was a political donation disclosed, or required to be disclosed, under Part 3 of the *Electoral Funding Act 2018*, or
 - c) the donor was a relative of the donee, or
 - d) subject to paragraph (a), it was received prior to the person becoming a councillor or designated person.
- 11. For the purposes of clause 10 of this schedule, the amount of a gift other than money is an amount equal to the value of the property given.

Contributions to travel

- 12. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose:
 - a) the name and address of each person who made any financial or other contribution to the expenses of any travel undertaken by the person in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, and
 - b) the dates on which the travel was undertaken, and
 - c) the names of the states and territories, and of the overseas countries, in which the travel was undertaken.

- 13. A financial or other contribution to any travel need not be disclosed under this clause if it:
 - a) was made from public funds (including a contribution arising from travel on free passes issued under an Act or from travel in government or council vehicles), or
 - b) was made by a relative of the traveller, or
 - c) was made in the ordinary course of an occupation of the traveller that is not related to their functions as the holder of a position requiring the making of a return, or
 - d) did not exceed \$250, unless it was among gifts totalling more than \$250 made by the same person during a 12-month period or less, or
 - e) was a political donation disclosed, or required to be disclosed, under Part 3 of the *Electoral Funding Act 2018*, or
 - f) was made by a political party of which the traveller was a member and the travel was undertaken for the purpose of political activity of the party in New South Wales, or to enable the traveller to represent the party within Australia, or
 - g) subject to paragraph (d) it was received prior to the person becoming a councillor or designated person.
- 14. For the purposes of clause 13 of this schedule, the amount of a contribution (other than a financial contribution) is an amount equal to the value of the contribution.

Interests and positions in corporations

- 15. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose:
 - a) the name and address of each corporation in which they had an interest or held a position (whether remunerated or not) on the return date, and
 - b) the name and address of each corporation in which they had an interest or held a position in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, and
 - c) the nature of the interest, or the position held, in each of the corporations, and
 - d) a description of the principal objects (if any) of each of the corporations, except in the case of a listed company.
- 16. An interest in, or a position held in, a corporation need not be disclosed if the corporation is:
 - a) formed for the purpose of providing recreation or amusement, or for promoting commerce, industry, art, science, religion or charity, or for any other community purpose, and
 - b) required to apply its profits or other income in promoting its objects, and
 - c) prohibited from paying any dividend to its members.
- 17. An interest in a corporation need not be disclosed if the interest is a beneficial interest in shares in a company that does not exceed 10 per cent of the voting rights in the company.

18. An interest or a position in a corporation need not be disclosed if the person ceased to hold the interest or position prior to becoming a councillor or designated person.

Interests as a property developer or a close associate of a property developer

- 19. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose whether they were a property developer, or a close associate of a corporation that, or an individual who, is a property developer, on the return date.
- 20. For the purposes of clause 19 of this schedule:

close associate, in relation to a corporation or an individual, has the same meaning as it has in section 53 of the Electoral Funding Act 2018.

property developer has the same meaning as it has in Division 7 of Part 3 of the Electoral Funding Act 2018.

Positions in trade unions and professional or business associations

- 21. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of the code must disclose:
 - a) the name of each trade union, and of each professional or business association, in which they held any position (whether remunerated or not) on the return date, and
 - b) the name of each trade union, and of each professional or business association, in which they have held any position (whether remunerated or not) in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, and
 - c) a description of the position held in each of the unions and associations.
- 22. A position held in a trade union or a professional or business association need not be disclosed if the person ceased to hold the position prior to becoming a councillor or designated person.

Dispositions of real property

- 23. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose particulars of each disposition of real property by the person (including the street address of the affected property) in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, under which they wholly or partly retained the use and benefit of the property or the right to re-acquire the property.
- 24. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose particulars of each disposition of real property to another person (including the street address of the affected property) in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, that is made under arrangements with, but is not made by, the person making the return, being a disposition under which the person making the return obtained wholly or partly the use of the property.
- 25. A disposition of real property need not be disclosed if it was made prior to a person becoming a councillor or designated person.

Sources of income

- 26. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose:
 - a) each source of income that the person reasonably expects to receive in the period commencing on the first day after the return date and ending on the following 30 June, and
 - b) each source of income received by the person in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year.
- 27. A reference in clause 26 of this schedule to each source of income received, or reasonably expected to be received, by a person is a reference to:
 - a) in relation to income from an occupation of the person:
 - (i) a description of the occupation, and
 - (ii) if the person is employed or the holder of an office, the name and address of their employer, or a description of the office, and
 - (iii) if the person has entered into a partnership with other persons, the name (if any) under which the partnership is conducted, or
 - b) in relation to income from a trust, the name and address of the settlor and the trustee, or
 - c) in relation to any other income, a description sufficient to identify the person from whom, or the circumstances in which, the income was, or is reasonably expected to be, received.
- 28. The source of any income need not be disclosed by a person in a return if the amount of the income received, or reasonably expected to be received, by the person from that source did not exceed \$500, or is not reasonably expected to exceed \$500, as the case may be.
- 29. The source of any income received by the person that they ceased to receive prior to becoming a councillor or designated person need not be disclosed.
- 30. A fee paid to a councillor or to the mayor or deputy mayor under sections 248 or 249 of the LGA need not be disclosed.

Debts

- 31. A person making a return under clause 4.21 of this code must disclose the name and address of each person to whom the person was liable to pay any debt:
 - a) on the return date, and
 - b) at any time in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year.
- 32. A liability to pay a debt must be disclosed by a person in a return made under clause 4.21 whether or not the amount, or any part of the amount, to be paid was due and payable on the return date or at any time in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, as the case may be.
- 33. A liability to pay a debt need not be disclosed by a person in a return if:
 - a) the amount to be paid did not exceed \$500 on the return date or in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, as the case may be, unless:

- (i) the debt was one of two or more debts that the person was liable to pay to one person on the return date, or at any time in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, as the case may be, and
- (ii) the amounts to be paid exceeded, in the aggregate, \$500, or
- b) the person was liable to pay the debt to a relative, or
- c) in the case of a debt arising from a loan of money the person was liable to pay the debt to an authorised deposit-taking institution or other person whose ordinary business includes the lending of money, and the loan was made in the ordinary course of business of the lender, or
- d) in the case of a debt arising from the supply of goods or services:
 - (i) the goods or services were supplied in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the return date, or were supplied in the period since 30 June of the previous financial year, as the case may be, or
 - (ii) the goods or services were supplied in the ordinary course of any occupation of the person that is not related to their duties as the holder of a position required to make a return, or
- e) subject to paragraph (a), the debt was discharged prior to the person becoming a councillor or designated person.

Discretionary disclosures

34. A person may voluntarily disclose in a return any interest, benefit, advantage or liability, whether pecuniary or not, that is not required to be disclosed under another provision of this Schedule.

SCHEDULE 2: FORM OF WRITTEN RETURN OF INTERESTS SUBMITTED UNDER CLAUSE 4.21

'Disclosures by councillors and designated persons' return

- 1. The pecuniary interests and other matters to be disclosed in this return are prescribed by Schedule 1 of the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW (the Model Code of Conduct).
- 2. If this is the first return you have been required to lodge with the general manager after becoming a councillor or designated person, do not complete Parts C, D and I of the return. All other parts of the return should be completed with appropriate information based on your circumstances at the return date, that is, the date on which you became a councillor or designated person.
- 3. If you have previously lodged a return with the general manager and you are completing this return for the purposes of disclosing a new interest that was not disclosed in the last return you lodged with the general manager, you must complete all parts of the return with appropriate information for the period from 30 June of the previous financial year or the date on which you became a councillor or designated person, (whichever is the later date), to the return date which is the date you became aware of the new interest to be disclosed in your updated return.
- 4. If you have previously lodged a return with the general manager and are submitting a new return for the new financial year, you must complete all parts of the return with appropriate information for the 12-month period commencing on 30 June of the previous year to 30 June this year.
- 5. This form must be completed using block letters or typed.
- 6. If there is insufficient space for all the information you are required to disclose, you must attach an appendix which is to be properly identified and signed by you.
- 7. If there are no pecuniary interests or other matters of the kind required to be disclosed under a heading in this form, the word "NIL" is to be placed in an appropriate space under that heading.

<u>Important information</u>

This information is being collected for the purpose of complying with clause 4.21 of the Model Code of Conduct.

You must not lodge a return that you know or ought reasonably to know is false or misleading in a material particular (see clause 4.23 of the Model Code of Conduct). Complaints about breaches of these requirements are to be referred to the Office of Local Government and may result in disciplinary action by the council, the Chief Executive of the Office of Local Government or the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

The information collected on this form will be kept by the general manager in a register of returns. The general manager is required to table all returns at a council meeting.

Information contained in returns made and lodged under clause 4.21 is to be made publicly available in accordance with the requirements of the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009, the Government Information (Public Access) Regulation 2009 2018 and any guidelines issued by the Information Commissioner.

You have an obligation to keep the information contained in this return up to date. If you become aware of a new interest that must be disclosed in this return, or an interest that you have previously failed to disclose, you must submit an updated return within three months of becoming aware of the previously undisclosed interest.

Disclosure of pecuniary interests and other matters by [full name of councillor or designated person]

as at [return date]

in respect of the period from [date] to [date]

[councillor's or designated person's signature] [date]

A. Real Property

Street address of each parcel of real property in which I Nature of had an interest at the return date/at any time since 30 interest June

B. Sources of income

1 Sources of income I reasonably expect to receive from an occupation in the period commencing on the first day after the return date and ending on the following 30 June

Sources of income I received from an occupation at any time since 30 June

		Name under
	Name and address of	which
Description of occupation	employer or description of	partnership
	office held (if applicable)	conducted (if
		applicable)

2 Sources of income I reasonably expect to receive from a trust in the period commencing on the first day after the return date and ending on the following 30 June

Sources of income I received from a trust since 30 June

Name and address of settlor	Name and address of trustee
riarrio aria address or sornor	rianno ana adaross or nostoo

3 Sources of other income I reasonably expect to receive in the period commencing on the first day after the return date and ending on the following 30 June

Sources of other income I received at any time since 30 June

[Include description sufficient to identify the person from whom, or the circumstances in which, that income was received]

C. Gifts

Description of each gift I received at any Name and address of donor time since 30 June

D. Contributions to travel

Name and address of each Dates on which travel was person who made any undertaken Territories of the Commonwealth contribution to any travel undertaken by me at any time since 30 June Name of States, Territories of the Commonwealth and overseas countries in which travel was undertaken

E. Interests and positions in corporations

Name and address of each Nature of corporation in which I had interest (if any) at the return date/at any time since 30 June

Description of Description of position (if principal any) objects (if any) of corporation (except in case of listed company)

F. Were you a property developer or a close associate of a property developer on the return date? (Y/N)

G. Positions in trade unions and professional or business associations

Name of each trade union and each professional or business association in which I held any position (whether remunerated or not) at the return date/at any time since 30 June

Description of position

H. Debts

Name and address of each person to whom I was liable to pay any debt at the return date/at any time since 30 June

I. Dispositions of property

1 Particulars of each disposition of real property by me (including the street address of the affected property) at any time since 30 June as a result of which I retained, either wholly or in part, the use and benefit of the property or the right to re-acquire the property at a later time

2 Particulars of each disposition of property to a person by any other person under arrangements made by me (including the street address of the affected property), being dispositions made at any time since 30 June, as a result of which I obtained, either wholly or in part, the use and benefit of the property

J. Discretionary disclosures

SCHEDULE 3: FORM OF SPECIAL DISCLOSURE OF PECUNIARY INTEREST SUBMITTED UNDER CLAUSE 4.37

- 1. This form must be completed using block letters or typed.
- 2. If there is insufficient space for all the information you are required to disclose, you must attach an appendix which is to be properly identified and signed by you.

<u>Important information</u>

This information is being collected for the purpose of making a special disclosure of pecuniary interests under clause 4.36(c) of the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW (the Model Code of Conduct).

The special disclosure must relate only to a pecuniary interest that a councillor has in the councillor's principal place of residence, or an interest another person (whose interests are relevant under clause 4.3 of the Model Code of Conduct) has in that person's principal place of residence.

Clause 4.3 of the Model Code of Conduct states that you will have a pecuniary interest in a matter because of the pecuniary interest of your spouse or your de facto partner or your relative or because your business partner or employer has a pecuniary interest. You will also have a pecuniary interest in a matter because you, your nominee, your business partner or your employer is a member of a company or other body that has a pecuniary interest in the matter.

"Relative" is defined by clause 4.4 of the Model Code of Conduct as meaning your, your spouse's or your de facto partner's parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, lineal descendant or adopted child and the spouse or de facto partner of any of those persons.

You must not make a special disclosure that you know or ought reasonably to know is false or misleading in a material particular. Complaints about breaches of these requirements are to be referred to the Office of Local Government and may result in disciplinary action by the Chief Executive of the Office of Local Government or the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

This form must be completed by you before the commencement of the council or council committee meeting at which the special disclosure is being made. The completed form must be tabled at the meeting. Everyone is entitled to inspect it. The special disclosure must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Special disclosure of pecuniary interests by [full name of councillor]

in the matter of [insert name of environmental planning instrument]

which is to be considered at a meeting of the [name of council or council committee (as the case requires)]

to be held on the day of 20.

Pecuniary interest	
Address of the affected principal place of residence of the councillor or an associated person, company or body (the identified land)	
Relationship of identified land to the councillor [Tick or cross one box.]	☐ The councillor has an interest in the land (e.g. is the owner or has another interest arising out of a mortgage, lease, trust, option or contract, or otherwise).
	□ An associated person of the councillor has an interest in the land.
	☐ An associated company or body of the councillor has an interest in the land.
Matter giving rise to pecuniary ir	nterest ¹
Nature of the land that is subject to a change in zone/planning control by the proposed LEP (the subject land) ²	□ The identified land.□ Land that adjoins or is adjacent to or is in proximity to the identified land.
[Tick or cross one box]	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Current zone/planning control	
[Insert name of current planning instrument and identify relevant zone/planning control applying to the subject land]	

¹ Clause 4.1 of the Model Code of Conduct provides that a pecuniary interest is an interest that a person has in a matter because of a reasonable likelihood or expectation of appreciable financial gain or loss to the person. A person does not have a pecuniary interest in a matter if the interest is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be regarded as likely to influence any decision the person might make in relation to the matter, or if the interest is of a kind specified in clause 4.6 of the Model Code of Conduct.

² A pecuniary interest may arise by way of a change of permissible use of land adjoining, adjacent to or in proximity to land in which a councillor or a person, company or body referred to in clause 4.3 of the Model Code of Conduct has a proprietary interest.

Attachment No. 5

Proposed change of zone/planning control	
[Insert name of proposed LEP and identify proposed change of zone/planning control applying to the subject land]	
Effect of proposed change of zone/planning control on councillor or associated person	
[Insert one of the following: "Appreciable financial gain" or "Appreciable financial loss"]	

[If more than one pecuniary interest is to be declared, reprint the above box and fill in for each additional interest.]

Councillor's signature

Date

[This form is to be retained by the council's general manager and included in full in the minutes of the meeting]

Procedures for the Administration of

The Code of Conduct

2025



Adopted by Council

Version No	Responsible Department	Prepared By	Review Date	Adopted Date
1.0 General		Executive Manager Corporate Governance	4 years	13.02.2019
	Managers			Res No:
				2019/015
2.0	2.0 General Managers	Director Governance	4 years	09.09.2020
				Res No:
				2020/208
3.0	Governance	Director Governance	4 years	14.09.2022
				Res No:
				2022/180
4.0	Governance	Director Governance	4 years	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART 1	INTRODUCTION	4
PART 2	DEFINITIONS	5
PART 3	ADMINISTRATIVE FRAMEWORK	7
PART 4	HOW MAY CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS BE MADE?	10
PART 5	HOW ARE CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS TO BE MANAGED?	12
PART 6	PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT OF CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS ABOUT COUNCILLORS OR THE GENERAL MANAGER BY CONDUCT REVIEWERS	
PART 7	INVESTIGATIONS OF CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS ABOUT COUNCILLORS OR THE GENERAL MANAGER	25
PART 8	OVERSIGHT AND RIGHTS OF REVIEW	33
PART 9	PROCEDURAL IRREGULARITIES	35
PART 10	PRACTICE DIRECTIONS	35
PART 11	REPORTING STATISTICS ON CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS ABOUT COUNCILLORS AND THE GENERAL MANAGER	35
PART 12	CONFIDENTIALITY	36

PART 1 INTRODUCTION

These procedures ("the Model Code Procedures") are prescribed for the administration of the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW ("the Model Code of Conduct").

The Model Code of Conduct is made under section 440 of the Local Government Act 1993 ("the LGA") and the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 ("the Regulation"). Section 440 of the LGA requires every council (including county councils) and joint organisation to adopt a code of conduct that incorporates the provisions of the Model Code of Conduct.

The Model Code Procedures are made under section 440AA of the LGA and the Regulation. Section 440AA of the LGA requires every council (including county councils) and joint organisation to adopt procedures for the administration of their code of conduct that incorporate the provisions of the Model Code Procedures.

In adopting procedures for the administration of their adopted codes of conduct, councils and joint organisations may supplement the Model Code Procedures. However, provisions that are not consistent with those prescribed under the Model Code Procedures will have no effect.

Note: Parts 6, 7, 8 and 11 of these procedures apply only to the management of code of conduct complaints about councillors (including the mayor) or the general manager.

PART 2 DEFINITIONS

In these procedures the following terms have the following meanings:

administrator an administrator of a council appointed

under the LGA other than an administrator

appointed under section 66

code of conduct adopted under section

440 of the LGA

code of conduct complaint a complaint that is a code of conduct

complaint for the purposes of clauses 4.1

and 4.2 of these procedures

complainant a person who makes a code of conduct

complaint

complainant councillor a councillor who makes a code of conduct

complaint

complaints coordinator a person appointed by the general

manager under these procedures as a

complaints coordinator

conduct reviewer a person appointed under these procedures

to review allegations of breaches of the code of conduct by councillors or the

general manager

council includes county councils and joint

organisations

council committee a committee established by a council

comprising of councillors, staff or other persons that the council has delegated functions to and the council's audit, risk and

improvement committee

council committee member a person other than a councillor or member

of staff of a council who is a member of a council committee other than a wholly advisory committee, and a person other than a councillor who is a member of the council's audit, risk and improvement

committee

councillor any person elected or appointed to civic

office, including the mayor, and includes members and chairpersons of county councils and voting representatives of the boards of joint organisations and

chairpersons of joint organisations

council official any councillor, member of staff of council,

administrator, council committee member, delegate of council and, for the purposes of clause 4.16 of the Model Code of Conduct,

council adviser

delegate of council a person (other than a councillor or member

of staff of a council) or body, and the individual members of that body, to whom a

function of the council is delegated

external agency a state government agency such as, but not

limited to, the Office, the ICAC, the NSW

Ombudsman or the police

general manager includes the executive officer of a joint

organisation

ICAC the Independent Commission Against

Corruption

joint organisation a joint organisation established under

section 400O of the LGA

LGA the Local Government Act 1993

mayor includes the chairperson of a county council

or a joint organisation

members of staff

of a council includes members of staff of county councils

and joint organisations

the Office the Office of Local Government

investigator a conduct reviewer

the Regulation the Local Government (General) Regulation

2021

respondent a person whose conduct is the subject of

investigation by a conduct reviewer under

these procedures

wholly advisory

committee a council committee that the council has

not delegated any functions to

PART 3 ADMINISTRATIVE FRAMEWORK

The establishment of a panel of conduct reviewers

- 3.1 The council must establish a panel of conduct reviewers.
- 3.2 The council may enter into an arrangement with one or more other councils to share a panel of conduct reviewers including through a joint organisation or another regional body associated with the councils.
- 3.3 The panel of conduct reviewers is to be established following a public expression of interest process.
- 3.4 An expression of interest for members of the council's panel of conduct reviewers must, at a minimum, be advertised locally and in the Sydney metropolitan area.
- 3.5 To be eligible to be a conduct reviewer, a person must, at a minimum, meet the following requirements:
 - a) an understanding of local government, and
 - b) knowledge of investigative processes including but not limited to procedural fairness requirements and the requirements of the *Public Interest Disclosures Act 1994*, and
 - c) knowledge and experience of one or more of the following:
 - i) investigations
 - ii) law
 - iii) public administration
 - iv) public sector ethics
 - v) alternative dispute resolution, and
 - d) meet the eligibility requirements for membership of a panel of conduct reviewers under clause 3.6.
- 3.6 A person is not eligible to be a conduct reviewer if they are:
 - a) a councillor, or
 - b) a nominee for election as a councillor, or
 - c) an administrator, or
 - d) an employee of a council, or
 - e) a member of the Commonwealth Parliament or any State Parliament or Territory Assembly, or
 - f) a nominee for election as a member of the Commonwealth Parliament or any State Parliament or Territory Assembly, or
 - g) a person who has a conviction for an indictable offence that is not an expired conviction.
- 3.7 A person is not precluded from being a member of the council's panel of conduct reviewers if they are a member of another council's panel of conduct reviewers.
- 3.8 An incorporated or other entity may be appointed to a council's panel of conduct reviewers where the council is satisfied that all the persons who will be undertaking the functions of a conduct reviewer on behalf of the entity meet the selection and eligibility criteria prescribed under this Part.

- 3.9 A panel of conduct reviewers established under this Part is to have a term of up to four years.
- 3.10 The council may terminate the panel of conduct reviewers at any time. Where a panel of conduct reviewers has been terminated, conduct reviewers who were members of the panel may continue to deal with any matter referred to them under these procedures prior to the termination of the panel until they have finalised their consideration of the matter.
- 3.11 When the term of the panel of conduct reviewers concludes or is terminated, the council must establish a new panel of conduct reviewers in accordance with the requirements of this Part.
- 3.12 A person who was a member of a previous panel of conduct reviewers established by the council may be a member of subsequent panels of conduct reviewers established by the council if they continue to meet the selection and eligibility criteria for membership of the panel.

The appointment of an internal ombudsman to a panel of conduct reviewers

- 3.13 Despite clause 3.6(d), an employee of a council who is the nominated internal ombudsman of one or more councils may be appointed to a council's panel of conduct reviewers with the Office's consent.
- 3.14 To be appointed to a council's panel of conduct reviewers, an internal ombudsman must meet the qualification requirements for conduct reviewers prescribed under clause 3.5 as modified by the operation of clause 3.13.
- 3.15 An internal ombudsman appointed to a council's panel of conduct reviewers may also exercise the functions of the council's complaints coordinator. For the purposes of clause 6.1, an internal ombudsman who is a council's complaints coordinator and has been appointed to the council's panel of conduct reviewers, may either undertake a preliminary assessment and investigation of a matter referred to them under clauses 5.26 or 5.33 or refer the matter to another conduct reviewer in accordance with clause 6.2.
- 3.16 Clause 6.4(c) does not apply to an internal ombudsman appointed to a council's panel of conduct reviewers.

The appointment of complaints coordinators

3.17 The general manager must appoint a member of staff of the council or another person (such as, but not limited to, a member of staff of another council or a member of staff of a joint organisation or other regional body associated with the council), to act as a complaints coordinator. Where the complaints coordinator is a member of staff of the council, the complaints coordinator should be a senior and suitably qualified member of staff.

- 3.18 The general manager may appoint other members of staff of the council or other persons (such as, but not limited to, members of staff of another council or members of staff of a joint organisation or other regional body associated with the council), to act as alternates to the complaints coordinator.
- 3.19 The general manager must not undertake the role of complaints coordinator.
- 3.20 The person appointed as complaints coordinator or alternate complaints coordinator must also be a nominated disclosures coordinator appointed for the purpose of receiving and managing reports of wrongdoing under the *Public Interest Disclosures Act 1994*.
- 3.21 The role of the complaints coordinator is to:
 - a) coordinate the management of complaints made under the council's code of conduct
 - b) liaise with and provide administrative support to a conduct reviewer
 - c) liaise with the Office, and
 - d) arrange the annual reporting of code of conduct complaints statistics.

PART 4 HOW MAY CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS BE MADE?

What is a code of conduct complaint?

- 4.1 For the purpose of these procedures, a code of conduct complaint is a complaint that shows or tends to show conduct on the part of a council official in connection with their role as a council official or the exercise of their functions as a council official that would constitute a breach of the standards of conduct prescribed under the council's code of conduct if proven.
- 4.2 The following are not "code of conduct complaints" for the purposes of these procedures:
 - a) complaints about the standard or level of service provided by the council or a council official
 - b) complaints that relate solely to the merits of a decision made by the council or a council official or the exercise of a discretion by the council or a council official
 - c) complaints about the policies or procedures of the council
 - d) complaints about the conduct of a council official arising from the exercise of their functions in good faith, whether or not involving error, that would not otherwise constitute a breach of the standards of conduct prescribed under the council's code of conduct.
- 4.3 Only code of conduct complaints are to be dealt with under these procedures. Complaints that do not satisfy the definition of a code of conduct complaint are to be dealt with under the council's routine complaints management processes.

When must a code of conduct complaint be made?

- 4.4 A code of conduct complaint must be made within 3 months of the alleged conduct occurring or within three months of the complainant becoming aware of the alleged conduct.
- 4.5 A complaint made after 3 months may only be accepted if the general manager or their delegate, or, in the case of a complaint about the general manager, the mayor or their delegate, is satisfied that the allegations are serious and compelling grounds exist for the matter to be dealt with under the code of conduct.

How may a code of conduct complaint about a council official other than the general manager be made?

- 4.6 All code of conduct complaints other than those relating to the general manager are to be made to the general manager in writing. This clause does not operate to prevent a person from making a complaint to an external agency.
- 4.7 Where a code of conduct complaint about a council official other than the general manager cannot be made in writing, the complaint must be confirmed with the complainant in writing as soon as possible after the receipt of the complaint.
- 4.8 In making a code of conduct complaint about a council official other than the general manager, the complainant may nominate whether they want the complaint to be resolved by mediation or by other alternative means.
- 4.9 The general manager or their delegate, or, where the complaint is referred to a conduct reviewer, the conduct reviewer, must consider the complainant's preferences in deciding how to deal with the complaint.
- 4.10 Notwithstanding clauses 4.6 and 4.7, where the general manager becomes aware of a possible breach of the council's code of conduct, they may initiate the process for the consideration of the matter under these procedures without a written complaint.

How may a code of conduct complaint about the general manager be made?

- 4.11 Code of conduct complaints about the general manager are to be made to the mayor in writing. This clause does not operate to prevent a person from making a complaint about the general manager to an external agency.
- 4.12 Where a code of conduct complaint about the general manager cannot be made in writing, the complaint must be confirmed with the complainant in writing as soon as possible after the receipt of the complaint.
- 4.13 In making a code of conduct complaint about the general manager, the complainant may nominate whether they want the complaint to be resolved by mediation or by other alternative means.
- 4.14 The mayor or their delegate, or, where the complaint is referred to a conduct reviewer, the conduct reviewer, must consider the complainant's preferences in deciding how to deal with the complaint.
- 4.15 Notwithstanding clauses 4.11 and 4.12, where the mayor becomes aware of a possible breach of the council's code of conduct by the general manager, they may initiate the process for the consideration of the matter under these procedures without a written complaint.

PART 5 HOW ARE CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS TO BE MANAGED?

Delegation by general managers and mayors of their functions under this Part

5.1 A general manager or mayor may delegate their functions under this Part to a member of staff of the council or to a person or persons external to the council other than an external agency. References in this Part to the general manager or mayor are also to be taken to be references to their delegates.

Consideration of complaints by general managers and mayors

5.2 In exercising their functions under this Part, general managers and mayors may consider the complaint assessment criteria prescribed under clause 6.31.

What complaints may be declined at the outset?

- 5.3 Without limiting any other provision in these procedures, the general manager or, in the case of a complaint about the general manager, the mayor, may decline to deal with a complaint under these procedures where they are satisfied that the complaint:
 - a) is not a code of conduct complaint, or
 - b) subject to clause 4.5, is not made within 3 months of the alleged conduct occurring or the complainant becoming aware of the alleged conduct, or
 - c) is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith, or
 - d) relates to a matter the substance of which has previously been considered and addressed by the council and does not warrant further action, or
 - e) is not made in a way that would allow the alleged conduct and any alleged breaches of the council's code of conduct to be readily identified.

How are code of conduct complaints about staff (other than the general manager) to be dealt with?

- 5.4 The general manager is responsible for the management of code of conduct complaints about members of staff of council (other than complaints alleging a breach of the pecuniary interest provisions contained in Part 4 of the code of conduct) and for determining the outcome of such complaints.
- 5.5 The general manager must refer code of conduct complaints about members of staff of council alleging a breach of the pecuniary interest provisions contained in Part 4 of the code of conduct to the Office.
- 5.6 The general manager may decide to take no action in relation to a code of conduct complaint about a member of staff of council other than one requiring referral to the Office under clause 5.5 where they consider that no action is warranted in relation to the complaint.

- 5.7 Where the general manager decides to take no action in relation to a code of conduct complaint about a member of staff of council, the general manager must give the complainant reasons in writing for their decision and this shall finalise the consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 5.8 Code of conduct complaints about members of staff of council must be managed in accordance with the relevant industrial instrument or employment contract and make provision for procedural fairness including the right of an employee to be represented by their union.
- 5.9 Sanctions for breaches of the code of conduct by staff depend on the severity, scale and importance of the breach and must be determined in accordance with any relevant industrial instruments or contracts.

How are code of conduct complaints about delegates of council, council advisers and council committee members to be dealt with?

- 5.10 The general manager is responsible for the management of code of conduct complaints about delegates of council and council committee members (other than complaints alleging a breach of the pecuniary interest provisions contained in Part 4 of the code of conduct) and for determining the outcome of such complaints.
- 5.11 The general manager must refer code of conduct complaints about council advisers, delegates of council and council committee members alleging a breach of the pecuniary interest provisions contained in Part 4 of the code of conduct to the Office.
- 5.12 The general manager may decide to take no action in relation to a code of conduct complaint about a delegate of council or a council committee member other than one requiring referral to the Office under clause 5.11 where they consider that no action is warranted in relation to the complaint.
- 5.13 Where the general manager decides to take no action in relation to a code of conduct complaint about a delegate of council or a council committee member, the general manager must give the complainant reasons in writing for their decision and this shall finalise the consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 5.14 Where the general manager considers it to be practicable and appropriate to do so, the general manager may seek to resolve code of conduct complaints about delegates of council or council committee members, by alternative means such as, but not limited to, explanation, counselling, training, mediation, informal discussion, negotiation, a voluntary apology or an undertaking not to repeat the offending behaviour. The resolution of a code of conduct complaint under this clause is not to be taken as a determination that there has been a breach of the council's code of conduct.

- 5.15 Where the general manager resolves a code of conduct complaint under clause 5.14 to the general manager's satisfaction, the general manager must notify the complainant in writing of the steps taken to resolve the complaint and this shall finalise the consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 5.16 Sanctions for breaches of the code of conduct by delegates of council and/or council committee members depend on the severity, scale and importance of the breach and may include one or more of the following:
 - a) censure
 - b) requiring the person to apologise to any person or organisation adversely affected by the breach in such a time and form specified by the general manager
 - c) prosecution for any breach of the law
 - d) removing or restricting the person's delegation
 - e) removing the person from membership of the relevant council committee.
- 5.17 Prior to imposing a sanction against a delegate of council or a council committee member under clause 5.16, the general manager or any person making enquiries on behalf of the general manager must comply with the requirements of procedural fairness. In particular:
 - a) the substance of the allegation (including the relevant provision/s
 of the council's code of conduct that the alleged conduct is in
 breach of) must be put to the person who is the subject of the
 allegation, and
 - b) the person must be given an opportunity to respond to the allegation, and
 - c) the general manager must consider the person's response in deciding whether to impose a sanction under clause 5.16.

How are code of conduct complaints about administrators to be dealt with?

- 5.18 The general manager must refer all code of conduct complaints about administrators to the Office for its consideration.
- 5.19 The general manager must notify the complainant of the referral of their complaint in writing.

How are code of conduct complaints about councillors to be dealt with?

- 5.20 The general manager must refer the following code of conduct complaints about councillors to the Office:
 - a) complaints alleging a breach of the pecuniary interest provisions contained in Part 4 of the code of conduct
 - b) complaints alleging a failure to comply with a requirement under the code of conduct to disclose and appropriately manage conflicts of interest arising from political donations (see section 328B of the LGA)
 - c) complaints alleging a breach of the provisions relating to the maintenance of the integrity of the code of conduct contained in Part 9 of the code of conduct
 - d) complaints that are the subject of a special complaints management arrangement with the Office under clause 5.49.

- 5.21 Where the general manager refers a complaint to the Office under clause 5.20, the general manager must notify the complainant of the referral in writing.
- 5.22 The general manager may decide to take no action in relation to a code of conduct complaint about a councillor, other than one requiring referral to the Office under clause 5.20, where they consider that no action is warranted in relation to the complaint.
- 5.23 Where the general manager decides to take no action in relation to a code of conduct complaint about a councillor, the general manager must give the complainant reasons in writing for their decision within 21 days of receipt of the complaint and this shall finalise the consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 5.24 Where the general manager considers it to be practicable and appropriate to do so, the general manager may seek to resolve code of conduct complaints about councillors, other than those requiring referral to the Office under clause 5.20, by alternative means such as, but not limited to, explanation, counselling, training, mediation, informal discussion, negotiation, a voluntary apology or an undertaking not to repeat the offending behaviour. The resolution of a code of conduct complaint under this clause is not to be taken as a determination that there has been a breach of the council's code of conduct.
- 5.25 Where the general manager resolves a code of conduct complaint under clause 5.24 to the general manager's satisfaction, the general manager must notify the complainant in writing of the steps taken to resolve the complaint within 21 days of receipt of the complaint and this shall finalise the consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 5.26 The general manager must refer all code of conduct complaints about councillors, other than those referred to the Office under clause 5.20 or finalised under clause 5.23 or resolved under clause 5.24, to the complaints coordinator.

How are code of conduct complaints about the general manager to be dealt with?

- 5.27 The mayor must refer the following code of conduct complaints about the general manager to the Office:
 - a) complaints alleging a breach of the pecuniary interest provisions contained in Part 4 of the code of conduct
 - b) complaints alleging a breach of the provisions relating to the maintenance of the integrity of the code of conduct contained in Part 9 of the code of conduct
 - c) complaints that are the subject of a special complaints management arrangement with the Office under clause 5.49.

- 5.28 Where the mayor refers a complaint to the Office under clause 5.27, the mayor must notify the complainant of the referral in writing.
- 5.29 The mayor may decide to take no action in relation to a code of conduct complaint about the general manager, other than one requiring referral to the Office under clause 5.27, where they consider that no action is warranted in relation to the complaint.
- 5.30 Where the mayor decides to take no action in relation to a code of conduct complaint about the general manager, the mayor must give the complainant reasons in writing for their decision within 21 days of receipt of the complaint and this shall finalise the consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 5.31 Where the mayor considers it to be practicable and appropriate to do so, the mayor may seek to resolve code of conduct complaints about the general manager, other than those requiring referral to the Office under clause 5.27, by alternative means such as, but not limited to, explanation, counselling, training, mediation, informal discussion, negotiation, a voluntary apology or an undertaking not to repeat the offending behaviour. The resolution of a code of conduct complaint under this clause is not to be taken as a determination that there has been a breach of the council's code of conduct.
- 5.32 Where the mayor resolves a code of conduct complaint under clause 5.31 to the mayor's satisfaction, the mayor must notify the complainant in writing of the steps taken to resolve the complaint within 21 days of receipt of the complaint and this shall finalise the consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 5.33 The mayor must refer all code of conduct complaints about the general manager, other than those referred to the Office under clause 5.27 or finalised under clause 5.30 or resolved under clause 5.31, to the complaints coordinator.

How are complaints about both the general manager and the mayor to be dealt with?

- 5.34 Where the general manager or mayor receives a code of conduct complaint that alleges a breach of the code of conduct by both the general manager and the mayor, the general manager or mayor must either:
 - a) delegate their functions under this part with respect to the complaint to a member of staff of the council other than the general manager where the allegation is not serious, or to a person external to the council, or
 - b) refer the matter to the complaints coordinator under clause 5.26 and clause 5.33.

Referral of code of conduct complaints to external agencies

- 5.35 The general manager, mayor or a conduct reviewer may, at any time, refer a code of conduct complaint to an external agency for its consideration, where they consider such a referral is warranted.
- 5.36 The general manager, mayor or a conduct reviewer must report to the ICAC any matter that they suspect on reasonable grounds concerns or may concern corrupt conduct.
- 5.37 Where the general manager, mayor or conduct reviewer refers a complaint to an external agency under clause 5.35, they must notify the complainant of the referral in writing unless they form the view, on the advice of the relevant agency, that it would not be appropriate for them to do so.
- 5.38 Referral of a matter to an external agency shall finalise consideration of the matter under these procedures unless the council is subsequently advised otherwise by the referral agency.

Disclosure of the identity of complainants

- 5.39 In dealing with matters under these procedures, information that identifies or tends to identify complainants is not to be disclosed unless:
 - a) the complainant consents in writing to the disclosure, or
 - b) it is generally known that the complainant has made the complaint as a result of the complainant having voluntarily identified themselves as the person who made the complaint, or
 - c) it is essential, having regard to procedural fairness requirements, that the identifying information be disclosed, or
 - d) a conduct reviewer is of the opinion that disclosure of the information is necessary to investigate the matter effectively, or
 - e) it is otherwise in the public interest to do so.
- 5.40 Clause 5.39 does not apply to code of conduct complaints made by councillors about other councillors or the general manager.
- 5.41 Where a councillor makes a code of conduct complaint about another councillor or the general manager, and the complainant councillor considers that compelling grounds exist that would warrant information that identifies or tends to identify them as the complainant not to be disclosed, they may request in writing that such information not be disclosed.
- 5.42 A request made by a complainant councillor under clause 5.41 must be made at the time they make a code of conduct complaint and must state the grounds upon which the request is made.
- 5.43 The general manager or mayor, and where the matter is referred to a conduct reviewer, the conduct reviewer, must consider a request made under clause 5.41 before disclosing information that identifies or tends to identify the complainant councillor, but they are not obliged to comply with the request.

5.44 Where a complainant councillor makes a request under clause 5.41, the general manager or mayor or, where the matter is referred to a conduct reviewer, the conduct reviewer, shall notify the councillor in writing of their intention to disclose information that identifies or tends to identify them prior to disclosing the information.

Code of conduct complaints made as public interest disclosures

- 5.45 These procedures do not override the provisions of the *Public Interest Disclosures Act 1994*. Code of conduct complaints that are made as public interest disclosures under that Act are to be managed in accordance with the requirements of that Act, the council's internal reporting policy, and any guidelines issued by the NSW Ombudsman that relate to the management of public interest disclosures.
- 5.46 Where a councillor makes a code of conduct complaint about another councillor or the general manager as a public interest disclosure, before the matter may be dealt with under these procedures, the complainant councillor must consent in writing to the disclosure of their identity as the complainant.
- 5.47 Where a complainant councillor declines to consent to the disclosure of their identity as the complainant under clause 5.46, the general manager or the mayor must refer the complaint to the Office for consideration. Such a referral must be made under section 26 57 of the Public Interest Disclosures Act 1994 2022.

Special complaints management arrangements

- 5.48 The general manager may request in writing that the Office enter into a special complaints management arrangement with the council in relation to code of conduct complaints made by or about a person or persons.
- 5.49 Where the Office receives a request under clause 5.48, it may agree to enter into a special complaints management arrangement if it is satisfied that the number or nature of code of conduct complaints made by or about a person or persons has:
 - a) imposed an undue and disproportionate cost burden on the council's administration of its code of conduct, or
 - b) impeded or disrupted the effective administration by the council of its code of conduct, or
 - c) impeded or disrupted the effective functioning of the council.
- 5.50 A special complaints management arrangement must be in writing and must specify the following:
 - a) the code of conduct complaints the arrangement relates to, and
 - b) the period that the arrangement will be in force.
- 5.51 The Office may, by notice in writing, amend or terminate a special complaints management arrangement at any time.

- 5.52 While a special complaints management arrangement is in force, an officer of the Office (the assessing OLG officer) must undertake the preliminary assessment of the code of conduct complaints specified in the arrangement in accordance with the requirements of Part 6 of these procedures.
- 5.53 Where, following a preliminary assessment, the assessing OLG officer determines that a code of conduct complaint warrants investigation by a conduct reviewer, the assessing OLG officer shall notify the complaints coordinator in writing of their determination and the reasons for their determination. The complaints coordinator must comply with the recommendation of the assessing OLG officer.
- 5.54 Prior to the expiry of a special complaints management arrangement, the Office may, at the request of the general manager, review the arrangement to determine whether it should be renewed or amended.
- 5.55 A special complaints management arrangement shall expire on the date specified in the arrangement unless renewed under clause 5.54.

PART 6 PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT OF CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS ABOUT COUNCILLORS OR THE GENERAL MANAGER BY CONDUCT REVIEWERS

Referral of code of conduct complaints about councillors or the general manager to conduct reviewers

- 6.1 The complaints coordinator must refer all code of conduct complaints about councillors or the general manager that have not been referred to an external agency or declined or resolved by the general manager, mayor or their delegate and that have been referred to them under clauses 5.26 or 5.33, to a conduct reviewer within 21 days of receipt of the complaint by the general manager or the mayor.
- 6.2 For the purposes of clause 6.1, the complaints coordinator will refer a complaint to a conduct reviewer selected from:
 - a) a panel of conduct reviewers established by the council, or
 - b) a panel of conduct reviewers established by an organisation approved by the Office.
- 6.3 In selecting a suitable conduct reviewer, the complaints coordinator may have regard to the qualifications and experience of members of the panel of conduct reviewers. Where the conduct reviewer is an incorporated or other entity, the complaints coordinator must also ensure that the person assigned to receive the referral on behalf of the entity meets the selection and eligibility criteria for conduct reviewers prescribed under Part 3 of these procedures.
- 6.4 A conduct reviewer must not accept the referral of a code of conduct complaint where:
 - a) they have a conflict of interest in relation to the matter referred to them, or
 - b) a reasonable apprehension of bias arises in relation to their consideration of the matter, or
 - c) they or their employer has entered into one or more contracts with the council (other than contracts relating to the exercise of their functions as a conduct reviewer) in the 2 years preceding the referral, and they or their employer have received or expect to receive payments under the contract or contracts of a value that, when aggregated, exceeds \$100,000, or
 - d) at the time of the referral, they or their employer are the council's legal service provider or are a member of a panel of legal service providers appointed by the council.
- 6.5 For the purposes of clause 6.4(a), a conduct reviewer will have a conflict of interest in a matter where a reasonable and informed person would perceive that they could be influenced by a private interest when carrying out their public duty (see clause 5.2 of the Model Code of Conduct).

- 6.6 For the purposes of clause 6.4(b), a reasonable apprehension of bias arises where a fair-minded observer might reasonably apprehend that the conduct reviewer might not bring an impartial and unprejudiced mind to the matter referred to the conduct reviewer.
- 6.7 Where the complaints coordinator refers a matter to a conduct reviewer, they will provide the conduct reviewer with a copy of the code of conduct complaint and any other information relevant to the matter held by the council, including any information about previous proven breaches and any information that would indicate that the alleged conduct forms part of an ongoing pattern of behaviour.
- 6.8 The complaints coordinator must notify the complainant in writing that the matter has been referred to a conduct reviewer, and advise which conduct reviewer the matter has been referred to.
- 6.9 Conduct reviewers must comply with these procedures in their consideration of matters that have been referred to them and exercise their functions in a diligent and timely manner.
- 6.10 The complaints coordinator may at any time terminate the referral of a matter to a conduct reviewer and refer the matter to another conduct reviewer where the complaints coordinator is satisfied that the conduct reviewer has failed to:
 - a) comply with these procedures in their consideration of the matter, or
 - b) comply with a lawful and reasonable request by the complaints coordinator, or
 - c) exercise their functions in a timely or satisfactory manner.
- 6.11 Where the complaints coordinator terminates a referral to a conduct reviewer under clause 6.10, they must notify the complainant and any other affected person in writing of their decision and the reasons for it and advise them which conduct reviewer the matter has been referred to instead.

<u>Preliminary assessment of code of conduct complaints about councillors or the general manager by a conduct reviewer</u>

- 6.12 The conduct reviewer is to undertake a preliminary assessment of a complaint referred to them by the complaints coordinator for the purposes of determining how the complaint is to be managed.
- 6.13 The conduct reviewer may determine to do one or more of the following in relation to a complaint referred to them by the complaints coordinator:
 - a) to take no action
 - b) to resolve the complaint by alternative and appropriate strategies such as, but not limited to, explanation, counselling, training, mediation, informal discussion, negotiation, a voluntary apology or an undertaking not to repeat the offending behaviour

- c) to refer the matter back to the general manager or, in the case of a complaint about the general manager, the mayor, for resolution by alternative and appropriate strategies such as, but not limited to, explanation, counselling, training, mediation, informal discussion, negotiation, a voluntary apology or an undertaking not to repeat the offending behaviour
- d) to refer the matter to an external agency
- e) to investigate the matter.
- 6.14 In determining how to deal with a matter under clause 6.13, the conduct reviewer must have regard to the complaint assessment criteria prescribed under clause 6.31.
- 6.15 The conduct reviewer may make such enquiries the conduct reviewer considers to be reasonably necessary to determine what options to exercise under clause 6.13.
- 6.16 The conduct reviewer may request the complaints coordinator to provide such additional information the conduct reviewer considers to be reasonably necessary to determine what options to exercise in relation to the matter under clause 6.13. The complaints coordinator will, as far as is reasonably practicable, supply any information requested by the conduct reviewer.
- 6.17 The conduct reviewer must refer to the Office any complaints referred to them that should have been referred to the Office under clauses 5.20 and 5.27.
- 6.18 The conduct reviewer must determine to take no action on a complaint that is not a code of conduct complaint for the purposes of these procedures.
- 6.19 The resolution of a code of conduct complaint under clause 6.13, paragraphs (b) or (c) is not to be taken as a determination that there has been a breach of the council's code of conduct.
- 6.20 Where the conduct reviewer completes their preliminary assessment of a complaint by determining to exercise an option under clause 6.13, paragraphs (a), (b) or (c), they must provide the complainant with written notice of their determination and provide reasons for it, and this will finalise consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 6.21 Where the conduct reviewer refers a complaint to an external agency, they must notify the complainant of the referral in writing unless they form the view, on the advice of the relevant agency, that it would not be appropriate for them to do so.
- 6.22 The conduct reviewer may only determine to investigate a matter where they are satisfied as to the following:
 - a) that the complaint is a code of conduct complaint for the purposes of these procedures, and

- b) that the alleged conduct is sufficiently serious to warrant the formal censure of a councillor under section 440G of the LGA or disciplinary action against the general manager under their contract of employment if it were to be proven, and
- c) that the matter is one that could not or should not be resolved by alternative means.
- 6.23 In determining whether a matter is sufficiently serious to warrant formal censure of a councillor under section 440G of the LGA or disciplinary action against the general manager under their contract of employment, the conduct reviewer is to consider the following:
 - a) the harm or cost that the alleged conduct has caused to any affected individuals and/or the council
 - b) the likely impact of the alleged conduct on the reputation of the council and public confidence in it
 - c) whether the alleged conduct was deliberate or undertaken with reckless intent or negligence
 - d) any previous proven breaches by the person whose alleged conduct is the subject of the complaint and/or whether the alleged conduct forms part of an ongoing pattern of behaviour.
- 6.24 The conduct reviewer must complete their preliminary assessment of the complaint within 28 days of referral of the matter to them by the complaints coordinator and notify the complaints coordinator in writing of the outcome of their assessment.
- 6.25 The conduct reviewer is not obliged to give prior notice to or to consult with any person before making a determination in relation to their preliminary assessment of a complaint, except as may be specifically required under these procedures.

Referral back to the general manager or mayor for resolution

- 6.26 Where the conduct reviewer determines to refer a matter back to the general manager or to the mayor to be resolved by alternative and appropriate means, they must write to the general manager or, in the case of a complaint about the general manager, to the mayor, recommending the means by which the complaint may be resolved.
- 6.27 The conduct reviewer must consult with the general manager or mayor prior to referring a matter back to them under clause 6.13(c).
- 6.28 The general manager or mayor may decline to accept the conduct reviewer's recommendation. In such cases, the conduct reviewer may determine to deal with the complaint by other means under clause 6.13.
- 6.29 Where the conduct reviewer refers a matter back to the general manager or mayor under clause 6.13(c), the general manager or, in the case of a complaint about the general manager, the mayor, is responsible for implementing or overseeing the implementation of the conduct reviewer's recommendation.

6.30 Where the conduct reviewer refers a matter back to the general manager or mayor under clause 6.13(c), the general manager, or, in the case of a complaint about the general manager, the mayor, must advise the complainant in writing of the steps taken to implement the conduct reviewer's recommendation once these steps have been completed.

Complaints assessment criteria

- 6.31 In undertaking the preliminary assessment of a complaint, the conduct reviewer must have regard to the following considerations:
 - a) whether the complaint is a code of conduct complaint for the purpose of these procedures
 - b) whether the complaint has been made in a timely manner in accordance with clause 4.4, and if not, whether the allegations are sufficiently serious for compelling grounds to exist for the matter to be dealt with under the council's code of conduct
 - c) whether the complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith
 - d) whether the complaint discloses prima facie evidence of conduct that, if proven, would constitute a breach of the code of conduct
 - e) whether the complaint raises issues that would be more appropriately dealt with by an external agency
 - f) whether there is or was an alternative and satisfactory means of redress available in relation to the conduct complained of
 - g) whether the complaint is one that can be resolved by alternative and appropriate strategies such as, but not limited to, explanation, counselling, training, informal discussion, negotiation, a voluntary apology or an undertaking not to repeat the offending behaviour
 - h) whether the issue/s giving rise to the complaint have previously been addressed or resolved
 - i) any previous proven breaches of the council's code of conduct
 - j) whether the conduct complained of forms part of an ongoing pattern of behaviour
 - k) whether there were mitigating circumstances giving rise to the conduct complained of
 - I) the seriousness of the alleged conduct (having regard to the criteria specified in clause 6.23)
 - m) the significance of the conduct or the impact of the conduct for the council
 - n) how much time has passed since the alleged conduct occurred
 - o) such other considerations that the conduct reviewer considers may be relevant to the assessment of the complaint.

PART 7 INVESTIGATIONS OF CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS ABOUT COUNCILLORS OR THE GENERAL MANAGER

What matters may a conduct reviewer investigate?

- 7.1 A conduct reviewer (hereafter referred to as an "investigator") may investigate a code of conduct complaint that has been referred to them by the complaints coordinator and any matters related to or arising from that complaint.
- 7.2 Where an investigator identifies further separate possible breaches of the code of conduct that are not related to or do not arise from the code of conduct complaint that has been referred to them, they are to report the matters separately in writing to the general manager, or, in the case of alleged conduct on the part of the general manager, to the mayor.
- 7.3 The general manager or the mayor or their delegate is to deal with a matter reported to them by an investigator under clause 7.2 as if it were a new code of conduct complaint in accordance with these procedures.

How are investigations to be commenced?

- 7.4 The investigator must at the outset of their investigation provide a written notice of investigation to the respondent. The notice of investigation must:
 - a) disclose the substance of the allegations against the respondent, and
 - b) advise of the relevant provisions of the code of conduct that apply to the alleged conduct, and
 - c) advise of the process to be followed in investigating the matter, and
 - d) advise the respondent of the requirement to maintain confidentiality, and
 - e) invite the respondent to make a written submission in relation to the matter within a period of not less than 14 days specified by the investigator in the notice, and
 - f) provide the respondent the opportunity to address the investigator on the matter within such reasonable time specified in the notice.
- 7.5 The respondent may, within 7 days of receipt of the notice of investigation, request in writing that the investigator provide them with such further information they consider necessary to assist them to identify the substance of the allegation against them. An investigator will only be obliged to provide such information that the investigator considers reasonably necessary for the respondent to identify the substance of the allegation against them.
- 7.6 An investigator may at any time prior to issuing a draft report, issue an amended notice of investigation to the respondent in relation to the matter referred to them.

- 7.7 Where an investigator issues an amended notice of investigation, they must provide the respondent with a further opportunity to make a written submission in response to the amended notice of investigation within a period of not less than 14 days specified by the investigator in the amended notice.
- 7.8 The investigator must also, at the outset of their investigation, provide written notice of the investigation to the complainant, the complaints coordinator and the general manager, or in the case of a complaint about the general manager, to the complainant, the complaints coordinator and the mayor. The notice must:
 - a) advise them of the matter the investigator is investigating, and
 - b) in the case of the notice to the complainant, advise them of the requirement to maintain confidentiality, and
 - c) invite the complainant to make a written submission in relation to the matter within a period of not less than 14 days specified by the investigator in the notice.

Written and oral submissions

- 7.9 Where the respondent or the complainant fails to make a written submission in relation to the matter within the period specified by the investigator in their notice of investigation or amended notice of investigation, the investigator may proceed to prepare their draft report without receiving such submissions.
- 7.10 The investigator may accept written submissions received outside the period specified in the notice of investigation or amended notice of investigation.
- 7.11 Prior to preparing a draft report, the investigator must give the respondent an opportunity to address the investigator on the matter being investigated. The respondent may do so in person or by telephone or other electronic means.
- 7.12 Where the respondent fails to accept the opportunity to address the investigator within the period specified by the investigator in the notice of investigation, the investigator may proceed to prepare a draft report without hearing from the respondent.
- 7.13 Where the respondent accepts the opportunity to address the investigator in person, they may have a support person or legal adviser in attendance. The support person or legal adviser will act in an advisory or support role to the respondent only. They must not speak on behalf of the respondent or otherwise interfere with or disrupt proceedings.
- 7.14 The investigator must consider all written and oral submissions made to them in relation to the matter.

How are investigations to be conducted?

- 7.15 Investigations are to be undertaken without undue delay.
- 7.16 Investigations are to be undertaken in the absence of the public and in confidence.
- 7.17 Investigators must make any such enquiries that may be reasonably necessary to establish the facts of the matter.
- 7.18 Investigators may seek such advice or expert guidance that may be reasonably necessary to assist them with their investigation or the conduct of their investigation.
- 7.19 An investigator may request that the complaints coordinator provide such further information that the investigator considers may be reasonably necessary for them to establish the facts of the matter. The complaints coordinator will, as far as is reasonably practicable, provide the information requested by the investigator.

Referral or resolution of a matter after the commencement of an investigation

- 7.20 At any time after an investigator has issued a notice of investigation and before they have issued their final report, an investigator may determine to:
 - a) resolve the matter by alternative and appropriate strategies such as, but not limited to, explanation, counselling, training, mediation, informal discussion, negotiation, a voluntary apology or an undertaking not to repeat the offending behaviour, or
 - b) refer the matter to the general manager, or, in the case of a complaint about the general manager, to the mayor, for resolution by alternative and appropriate strategies such as, but not limited to, explanation, counselling, training, mediation, informal discussion, negotiation, a voluntary apology or an undertaking not to repeat the offending behaviour, or
 - c) refer the matter to an external agency.
- 7.21 Where an investigator determines to exercise any of the options under clause 7.20 after the commencement of an investigation, they must do so in accordance with the requirements of Part 6 of these procedures relating to the exercise of these options at the preliminary assessment stage.
- 7.22 The resolution of a code of conduct complaint under clause 7.20, paragraphs (a) or (b) is not to be taken as a determination that there has been a breach of the council's code of conduct.
- 7.23 Where an investigator determines to exercise any of the options under clause 7.20 after the commencement of an investigation, they may by written notice to the respondent, the complainant, the complaints coordinator and the general manager, or in the case of a complaint about the general manager, to the respondent, the complainant, the complaints coordinator and the mayor, discontinue their investigation of the matter.

- 7.24 Where the investigator discontinues their investigation of a matter under clause 7.23, this shall finalise the consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 7.25 An investigator is not obliged to give prior notice to or to consult with any person before making a determination to exercise any of the options under clause 7.20 or to discontinue their investigation except as may be specifically required under these procedures.

Draft investigation reports

- 7.26 When an investigator has completed their enquiries and considered any written or oral submissions made to them in relation to a matter, they must prepare a draft of their proposed report.
- 7.27 The investigator must provide their draft report to the respondent and invite them to make a written submission in relation to it within a period of not less than 14 days specified by the investigator.
- 7.28 Where the investigator proposes to make adverse comment about any other person (an affected person) in their report, they must also provide the affected person with relevant extracts of their draft report containing such comment and invite the affected person to make a written submission in relation to it within a period of not less than 14 days specified by the investigator.
- 7.29 The investigator must consider written submissions received in relation to the draft report prior to finalising their report in relation to the matter.
- 7.30 The investigator may, after consideration of all written submissions received in relation to their draft report, make further enquiries into the matter. If, as a result of making further enquiries, the investigator makes any material change to their proposed report that makes new adverse comment about the respondent or an affected person, they must provide the respondent or affected person as the case may be with a further opportunity to make a written submission in relation to the new adverse comment.
- 7.31 Where the respondent or an affected person fails to make a written submission in relation to the draft report within the period specified by the investigator, the investigator may proceed to prepare and issue their final report without receiving such submissions.
- 7.32 The investigator may accept written submissions in relation to the draft report received outside the period specified by the investigator at any time prior to issuing their final report.

Final investigation reports

- 7.33 Where an investigator issues a notice of investigation, they must prepare a final report in relation to the matter unless the investigation is discontinued under clause 7.23.
- 7.34 An investigator must not prepare a final report in relation to the matter at any time before they have finalised their consideration of the matter in accordance with the requirements of these procedures.
- 7.35 The investigator's final report must:
 - a) make findings of fact in relation to the matter investigated, and,
 - b) make a determination that the conduct investigated either,
 - i. constitutes a breach of the code of conduct, or
 - ii. does not constitute a breach of the code of conduct, and
 - c) provide reasons for the determination.
- 7.36 At a minimum, the investigator's final report must contain the following information:
 - a) a description of the allegations against the respondent
 - b) the relevant provisions of the code of conduct that apply to the alleged conduct investigated
 - c) a statement of reasons as to why the matter warranted investigation (having regard to the criteria specified in clause 6.23)
 - d) a statement of reasons as to why the matter was one that could not or should not be resolved by alternative means
 - e) a description of any attempts made to resolve the matter by use of alternative means
 - f) the steps taken to investigate the matter
 - a) the facts of the matter
 - h) the investigator's findings in relation to the facts of the matter and the reasons for those findings
 - i) the investigator's determination and the reasons for that determination
 - j) any recommendations.
- 7.37 Where the investigator determines that the conduct investigated constitutes a breach of the code of conduct, the investigator may recommend:
 - a) in the case of a breach by the general manager, that disciplinary action be taken under the general manager's contract of employment for the breach, or
 - b) in the case of a breach by a councillor, that the councillor be formally censured for the breach under section 440G of the LGA, or
 - c) in the case of a breach by a councillor, that the council resolves as follows:
 - i. that the councillor be formally censured for the breach under section 440G of the LGA, and
 - ii. that the matter be referred to the Office for further action under the misconduct provisions of the LGA.

- 7.38 Where the investigator proposes to make a recommendation under clause 7.37(c), the investigator must first consult with the Office on their proposed findings, determination and recommendation prior to finalising their report, and must take any comments by the Office into consideration when finalising their report.
- 7.39 Where the investigator has determined that there has been a breach of the code of conduct, the investigator may, in addition to making a recommendation under clause 7.37, recommend that the council revise any of its policies, practices or procedures.
- 7.40 Where the investigator determines that the conduct investigated does not constitute a breach of the code of conduct, the investigator may recommend:
 - a) that the council revise any of its policies, practices or procedures
 - b) that a person or persons undertake any training or other education.
- 7.41 The investigator must provide a copy of their report to the complaints coordinator and the respondent.
- 7.42 At the time the investigator provides a copy of their report to the complaints coordinator and the respondent, the investigator must provide the complainant with a written statement containing the following information:
 - a) the investigator's findings in relation to the facts of the matter and the reasons for those findings
 - b) the investigator's determination and the reasons for that determination
 - c) any recommendations, and
 - d) such other additional information that the investigator considers may be relevant.
- 7.43 Where the investigator has determined that there has not been a breach of the code of conduct, the complaints coordinator must provide a copy of the investigator's report to the general manager or, where the report relates to the general manager's conduct, to the mayor, and this will finalise consideration of the matter under these procedures.
- 7.44 Where the investigator has determined that there has been a breach of the code of conduct and makes a recommendation under clause 7.37, the complaints coordinator must, where practicable, arrange for the investigator's report to be reported to the next ordinary council meeting for the council's consideration, unless the meeting is to be held within the 4 weeks prior to an ordinary local government election, in which case the report must be reported to the first ordinary council meeting following the election.

7.45 Where it is apparent to the complaints coordinator that the council will not be able to form a quorum to consider the investigator's report, the complaints coordinator must refer the investigator's report to the Office for its consideration instead of reporting it to the council under clause 7.44.

Consideration of the final investigation report by council

- 7.46 The role of the council in relation to a final investigation report is to impose a sanction if the investigator has determined that there has been a breach of the code of conduct and has made a recommendation in their final report under clause 7.37.
- 7.47 The council is to close its meeting to the public to consider the final investigation report in cases where it is permitted to do so under section 10A of the LGA.
- 7.48 Where the complainant is a councillor, they must absent themselves from the meeting and take no part in any discussion or voting on the matter. The complainant councillor may absent themselves without making any disclosure of interest in relation to the matter unless otherwise required to do so under the code of conduct.
- 7.49 Prior to imposing a sanction, the council must provide the respondent with an opportunity to make a submission to the council. A submission may be made orally or in writing. The respondent is to confine their submission to addressing the investigator's recommendation.
- 7.50 Once the respondent has made their submission they must absent themselves from the meeting and, where they are a councillor, take no part in any discussion or voting on the matter.
- 7.51 The council must not invite submissions from other persons for the purpose of seeking to rehear evidence previously considered by the investigator.
- 7.52 Prior to imposing a sanction, the council may by resolution:
 - a) request that the investigator make additional enquiries and/or provide additional information to it in a supplementary report, or
 - b) seek an opinion from the Office in relation to the report.
- 7.53 The council may, by resolution, defer further consideration of the matter pending the receipt of a supplementary report from the investigator or an opinion from the Office.
- 7.54 The investigator may make additional enquiries for the purpose of preparing a supplementary report.
- 7.55 Where the investigator prepares a supplementary report, they must provide copies to the complaints coordinator who shall provide a copy each to the council and the respondent.

- 7.56 The investigator is not obliged to notify or consult with any person prior to submitting the supplementary report to the complaints coordinator.
- 7.57 The council is only required to provide the respondent a further opportunity to make an oral or written submission on a supplementary report if the supplementary report contains new information that is adverse to them.
- 7.58 A council may by resolution impose one of the following sanctions on a respondent:
 - a) in the case of a breach by the general manager, that disciplinary action be taken under the general manager's contract of employment for the breach, or
 - b) in the case of a breach by a councillor, that the councillor be formally censured for the breach under section 440G of the LGA, or
 - c) in the case of a breach by a councillor:
 - i. that the councillor be formally censured for the breach under section 440G of the LGA, and
 - ii. that the matter be referred to the Office for further action under the misconduct provisions of the LGA.
- 7.59 Where the council censures a councillor under section 440G of the LGA, the council must specify in the censure resolution the grounds on which it is satisfied that the councillor should be censured by disclosing in the resolution, the investigator's findings and determination and/or such other grounds that the council considers may be relevant or appropriate.
- 7.60 The council is not obliged to adopt the investigator's recommendation. Where the council proposes not to adopt the investigator's recommendation, the council must resolve not to adopt the recommendation and state in its resolution the reasons for its decision.
- 7.61 Where the council resolves not to adopt the investigator's recommendation, the complaints coordinator must notify the Office of the council's decision and the reasons for it.

PART 8 OVERSIGHT AND RIGHTS OF REVIEW

The Office's powers of review

- 8.1 The Office may, at any time, whether or not in response to a request, review the consideration of a matter under a council's code of conduct where it is concerned that a person has failed to comply with a requirement prescribed under these procedures or has misinterpreted or misapplied the standards of conduct prescribed under the code of conduct in their consideration of a matter.
- 8.2 The Office may direct any person, including the council, to defer taking further action in relation to a matter under consideration under the council's code of conduct pending the completion of its review. Any person the subject of a direction must comply with the direction.
- 8.3 Where the Office undertakes a review of a matter under clause 8.1, it will notify the complaints coordinator and any other affected persons, of the outcome of the review.

Complaints about conduct reviewers

- 8.4 The general manager or their delegate must refer code of conduct complaints about conduct reviewers to the Office for its consideration.
- 8.5 The general manager must notify the complainant of the referral of their complaint about the conduct reviewer in writing.
- 8.6 The general manager must implement any recommendation made by the Office as a result of its consideration of a complaint about a conduct reviewer.

<u>Practice rulings</u>

- 8.7 Where a respondent and an investigator are in dispute over a requirement under these procedures, either person may make a request in writing to the Office to make a ruling on a question of procedure (a practice ruling).
- 8.8 Where the Office receives a request in writing for a practice ruling, the Office may provide notice in writing of its ruling and the reasons for it to the person who requested it and to the investigator, where that person is different.
- 8.9 Where the Office makes a practice ruling, all parties must comply with it.
- 8.10 The Office may decline to make a practice ruling. Where the Office declines to make a practice ruling, it will provide notice in writing of its decision and the reasons for it to the person who requested it and to the investigator, where that person is different.

Review of decisions to impose sanctions

8.11 A person who is the subject of a sanction imposed under Part 7 of these procedures other than one imposed under clause 7.58, paragraph (c), may, within 28 days of the sanction being imposed, seek a review of the investigator's determination and recommendation by the Office.

- 8.12 A review under clause 8.11 may be sought on the following grounds:
 - a) that the investigator has failed to comply with a requirement under these procedures, or
 - b) that the investigator has misinterpreted or misapplied the standards of conduct prescribed under the code of conduct, or
 - c) that in imposing its sanction, the council has failed to comply with a requirement under these procedures.
- 8.13 A request for a review made under clause 8.11 must be made in writing and must specify the grounds upon which the person believes the investigator or the council has erred.
- 8.14 The Office may decline to conduct a review, in cases where the grounds upon which the review is sought are not sufficiently specified.
- 8.15 The Office may undertake a review of a matter without receiving a request under clause 8.11.
- 8.16 The Office will undertake a review of the matter on the papers. However, the Office may request that the complaints coordinator provide such further information that the Office considers reasonably necessary for it to review the matter. The complaints coordinator must, as far as is reasonably practicable, provide the information requested by the Office.
- 8.17 Where a person requests a review under clause 8.11, the Office may direct the council to defer any action to implement a sanction. The council must comply with a direction to defer action by the Office.
- 8.18 The Office must notify the person who requested the review and the complaints coordinator of the outcome of the Office's review in writing and the reasons for its decision. In doing so, the Office may comment on any other matters the Office considers to be relevant.
- 8.19 Where the Office considers that the investigator or the council has erred, the Office may recommend that a decision to impose a sanction under these procedures be reviewed. Where the Office recommends that the decision to impose a sanction be reviewed:
 - a) the complaints coordinator must, where practicable, arrange for the Office's determination to be tabled at the next ordinary council meeting unless the meeting is to be held within the 4 weeks prior to an ordinary local government election, in which case it must be tabled at the first ordinary council meeting following the election, and
 - b) the council must:
 - i. review its decision to impose the sanction, and
 - ii. consider the Office's recommendation in doing so, and
 - iii. resolve to either rescind or reaffirm its previous resolution in relation to the matter.
- 8.20 Where, having reviewed its previous decision in relation to a matter under clause 8.19(b), the council resolves to reaffirm its previous decision, the council must state in its resolution its reasons for doing so.

PART 9 PROCEDURAL IRREGULARITIES

- 9.1 A failure to comply with these procedures does not, on its own, constitute a breach of the code of conduct, except as may be otherwise specifically provided under the code of conduct.
- 9.2 A failure to comply with these procedures will not render a decision made in relation to a matter invalid where:
 - a) the non-compliance is isolated and/or minor in nature, or
 - b) reasonable steps are taken to correct the non-compliance, or
 - c) reasonable steps are taken to address the consequences of the non-compliance.

PART 10 PRACTICE DIRECTIONS

- 10.1 The Office may at any time issue a practice direction in relation to the application of these procedures.
- 10.2 The Office will issue practice directions in writing, by circular to all councils.
- 10.3 All persons performing a function prescribed under these procedures must consider the Office's practice directions when performing the function.

PART 11 REPORTING STATISTICS ON CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS ABOUT COUNCILLORS AND THE GENERAL MANAGER

- 11.1 The complaints coordinator must arrange for the following statistics to be reported to the council within 3 months of the end of September of each year:
 - a) the total number of code of conduct complaints made about councillors and the general manager under the code of conduct in the year to September (the reporting period)
 - b) the number of code of conduct complaints referred to a conduct reviewer during the reporting period
 - c) the number of code of conduct complaints finalised by a conduct reviewer at the preliminary assessment stage during the reporting period and the outcome of those complaints
 - d) the number of code of conduct complaints investigated by a conduct reviewer during the reporting period
 - e) without identifying particular matters, the outcome of investigations completed under these procedures during the reporting period
 - f) the number of matters reviewed by the Office during the reporting period and, without identifying particular matters, the outcome of the reviews, and
 - g) the total cost of dealing with code of conduct complaints made about councillors and the general manager during the reporting period, including staff costs.
- 11.2 The council is to provide the Office with a report containing the statistics referred to in clause 11.1 within 3 months of the end of September of each year.

PART 12 CONFIDENTIALITY

- 12.1 Information about code of conduct complaints and the management and investigation of code of conduct complaints is to be treated as confidential and is not to be publicly disclosed except as may be otherwise specifically required or permitted under these procedures.
- 12.2 Where a complainant publicly discloses information on one or more occasions about a code of conduct complaint they have made or purported to make, the general manager or their delegate may, with the consent of the Office, determine that the complainant is to receive no further information about their complaint and any future code of conduct complaint they make or purport to make.
- 12.3 Prior to seeking the Office's consent under clause 12.2, the general manager or their delegate must give the complainant written notice of their intention to seek the Office's consent, invite them to make a written submission within a period of not less than 14 days specified by the general manager or their delegate, and consider any submission made by them.
- 12.4 In giving its consent under clause 12.2, the Office must consider any submission made by the complainant to the general manager or their delegate.
- 12.5 The general manager or their delegate must give written notice of a determination made under clause 12.2 to:
 - a) the complainant
 - b) the complaints coordinator
 - c) the Office, and
 - d) any other person the general manager or their delegate considers should be notified of the determination.
- 12.6 Any requirement under these procedures that a complainant is to be provided with information about a code of conduct complaint that they have made or purported to make, will not apply to a complainant the subject of a determination made by the general manager or their delegate under clause 12.2.
- 12.7 Clause 12.6 does not override any entitlement a person may have to access to council information under the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 or to receive information under the Public Interest Disclosures Act 1994 2022 in relation to a complaint they have made.

Attachment No. 6



DRINKING WATER SUPPLY CARTERS POLICY



Introduction

Water carters provide a drinking water supply in areas where other water supplies are insufficient or temporarily unsuitable.

Policy Objective

To regulate water carting businesses that operate in the Narromine Local Government Area to ensure they comply with all relevant environmental, public health and financial requirements associated with drawing drinking water and selling this water to consumers.

This policy does not apply to those persons who transport drinking water for their own domestic use nor those who transport drinking water for the sale as non-potable water.

Policy Statement

1. Definition

Water Carter

For the purposes of this policy, a Water Carter is a person or business who receives water from a drinking water supply and transports and sells that water to consumers.

Drinking Water

Potable water complying with Australian Drinking Water Guideline standards

Non-Potable Water

Water that is not fit or suitable for drinking

Drinking Water supply

Narromine Shire Council (Council) supplies drinking water from two locations:-

- Narromine standpipe (Nymagee Street)
- Trangie Standpipe (Cnr Temoin and Harris Street).

The use of street standpipes/hydrants is strictly prohibited.

2. Water Carters

The following applies to drinking water carters:

- Must be registered with Narromine Shire Council.
- Must be registered with NSW Food Authority as a food business.
- Comply with the NSW Health/NSW Food Authority Guidelines for Water Carters.
- Must source their water from an approved standpipe location.
- Undergo an annual inspection and if required, water sampling by Narromine Shire Council.



- Keep a logbook and provide access and/or a copy whenever requested by an authorised officer
- Develop and adhere to a 'Quality Assurance Program' as required by the Public Health Act 2010 and the Public Health Regulation 2012, 2022
- Must at all times have a copy of current NSW Food Authority Registration certificate.

3. Tank and Vehicle

Ideally, the water tank should be used only for the transport of drinking water. If this is not possible, then at a minimum the tank must not be used for transport of effluent (treated or otherwise), petroleum products, or other potentially hazardous materials that may be harmful to health.

Where the tank has been used for transport of non-hazardous materials other than drinking water, the tank must be cleaned and disinfected prior to filling with drinking water in accordance with NSW Guidelines for Water Carters. Details of this shall be recorded in the log books. (Guidelines for) Water Carters – NSW Health.

All tanks constructed of mild steel should be coated or lined with a material that complies with AS/NZS 4020:2018 Testing of products for use in contact with drinking water.

The vehicle tank and apparatus should be submitted once every twelve months for inspection by Council's Environmental Health section.

4. Hoses and Fittings

Hoses must be made of food grade material. Hoses and fittings must be capped or stored in a dust proof container during transport and when not being used.

Where the tank has been used for transport of non-hazardous materials other than drinking water, the hoses, fittings and dust proof container must be;

- cleaned, flushed out and
- then disinfected by filling with water and chlorinated to at least 5.0 mg/L chlorine for a minimum of 30 minutes.

5. Log Books

A log book must be kept by the water carter in each vehicle and a copy provided whenever requested.

Details should include the following:

- The name of each supplier of drinking from whom the water carter receives water
- The place, date, and time at which water is supplied to the water carter
- The name and address of each person to whom the water carter supplies water



- The place, date and time at which the water is supplied to that person
- The volume of water supplied to that person,
- Details of any substances other than drinking water transported in the water tank used by the water carter
- The dates on which any water tank used by the water carter is cleaned.
- Identification detail for temporary mounted tanks. (e.g. serial number if applicable)
- Chlorine level at the time of filling or re-chlorination
- Additional chlorine added (if applicable)

6. Council Register

Narromine Shire Council must keep a record of all registered water carters (Key Holders), detailing;

- Name of business owner
- Name of business
- Contact details of the business owner.
- Details of water carting vehicles, make, model, registration, tank volume, tank type (e.g. temporary or mounted)
- Date and results of last inspection of each vehicle

7. Drinking Water Carting Approvals

Water Carters must obtain approval from Council. Approvals are valid for a maximum of 3 years, with inspections occurring annually.

Water carters permitted under this policy shall comply with all relevant Acts, Regulations and Council Policies and nothing herein shall be taken as the granting of consent under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979.

8. Water Sampling Analyses

Water samples should be tested at a laboratory accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) to ensure the highest level of accuracy.

Initial water sampling will occur within three (3) months of issue of approval. Random sampling will occur throughout the approval period, when necessary.

9. Public Liability

The proprietor must provide Council with a copy of their current Public Liability Insurance policy for not less than \$20 million dollars indemnifying Narromine Shire Council against any claims that arise from the operation of the water carter business.



10. Fees

The annual inspection fees payable are adopted by Council and published in Council's Fees & Charges.

Exceptions

None

Legislation

NSW Public Health Act 2010

NSW Public Health Regulation 2012 2022

NSW Local Government Act 1993

NSW Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 2021

NSW Food Act 2003

Related Documents

Guidelines for Water Carters – NSW Health/NSW Food Authority (2012) Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (2011)

Version No	Created By	First Adopted	Resolution No	Review Period
1.0	Corporate, Community & Regulatory Services	12 August 2015	2015/205	4 Years
2.0	General Manager's Department	May 2020	2020/073	4 Years
3.0	<u>Governance</u>			4 Years



Appendix A

Water Carter - Registration Application Use of **Drinking** Water Supply From Standpipe

Applicant's Details		
Business Name:		_
Address:		_
	Mob:	
111.	MOD	
Fax:		
Email:		
ABN:		
Emergency Contact (24hrs)		
Name:		
Ph:	Mob:	_
NSW Food Authority		
Registration No.		
Tanker Details		
Make:	Model:	-
Rego:	Type (Temp/Fixed):	_
Construction Plastic	Metal (Steel)	
Dimensions:	Volume:	Lts
Vehicle Insurance Details		
Insurer:		
Policy No:		
Сору а	ttached Y 🗌 N 📗	



Water Carter - Registration Application (cont'd)

Pre-Council inspection Check

- 1. Has the tank, container, hoses or fittings been used to cart hazardous material such as recycled water, petrochemicals or human or animal waste? Y/N If 'Yes', do not use the equipment for carting drinking water.
- 2. Has the tank, container, hoses or fittings been used to cart any non-hazardous substance other than drinking water, for example milk or wine? Y/N If 'Yes', clean and disinfect all equipment in accordance with the NSW Guidelines for Water Carters.

Public Liability Deta	alic				
Insurer:					
Policy No:					
Copy attached	Υ	Ν			
Standpipe Location Narromine	n		Trangie		
NSW Health Drinking Wo of Responsi water cartir I agree to o Street, Trans I will report I will secure I will not du	d my obligan/NSW Food ater Supply of bility laws of ang operation any draw won gie standping any damage the standping plicate the d that app	ations as a A Authority Carting Po Ind will util Ins Inster from Notes only. In at the st In at the st In at the st In at the st In at the st	drinking water Guidelines for I understandise a Safety Managee St, Natandpipe to Ceach use wide the key to	er supply cart or Water Cart nd my obligo Management arromine or C ouncil within	
Signature:					
Date:					



APPROVAL

Office Use	Received	Insurance Details Attached/Received	Inspection Result	Digital Key No.
Initial & Date				
Approval Date/No.			Re-inspection Date	



Appendix B

Water Carter Initial Pre-Use Inspection Checklist

Date:	lime:	
Location:		
Driver's Name:		
Ph:	Mob:	
Tanker Details		
Make:	Model:	
Rego:		
Construction Plastic	Metal (Steel)	
Est. Volume:	Lts	
NSW Food Authority Rego No :		_
as recycled water, petroche If 'Yes', do not use the equip 2. Has the tank, container hos substances other than drinkin If 'Yes', clean and disinfect a for Water Carters.	s or fittings been used to cart hazardou emicals or human or animal waste? Y/I ement for carting drinking water. ses or fittings been used to cart any in any water, for example milk or wine? Y/I all equipment in accordance with the hart to ensure that is clean and that the t	N non-hazardous N NSW Guidelines
and Narromine Shire Counc (POTABLE) WATER SUPPLY — W Authority Registration certific	alth/NSW Food Authority Guidelines for cil's s Drinking Water Supply Carters Po VATER CARTERS policy .Y/NSight copy	olicy DRINKING / NSW Food



Comments/Issue	es		
Satisfactory	Y/N		
Signature:		_	
Date:			